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ABSTRACT

This Kids Count report is the second to examine statewide trends in the well-being of Montana's children. The statistical portrait is based on 16 indicators of well-being: (1) low birthweight; (2) infant mortality; (3) child death; (4) teen violent death; (5) Medicaid participation; (6) school enrollment; (7) public school enrollment in Chapter 1 programs; (8) public school enrollment in special education; (9) children younger than 16 years in out-of-home placements; (10) child abuse and neglect; (11) child poverty; (12) public school enrollment in free/reduced meals; (13) child hunger; (14) births to single teens; (15) youths in alcohol/drug treatment; and (16) juvenile crime. The bulk of the data book presents the findings on the well-being indicators and notes trends when data are available; it also identifies factors associated with risk and resiliency. The data book concludes that Montana has relatively low rates of neonatal/infant mortality and a relatively high percentage of students graduating on time from high school. However, causes for concern include continued increases in the number of children living in poverty and births to single teens. The data book suggests quidelines for developing prevention and intervention programs and social policies. The final section of the data book provides county profiles, and contains data notes and acknowledgements. The county profile book presents statistical profiles for each county for the indicators, and also includes information on demographics, parental employment, single parent families, welfare program participation, school enrollment, and family risk. (KB)



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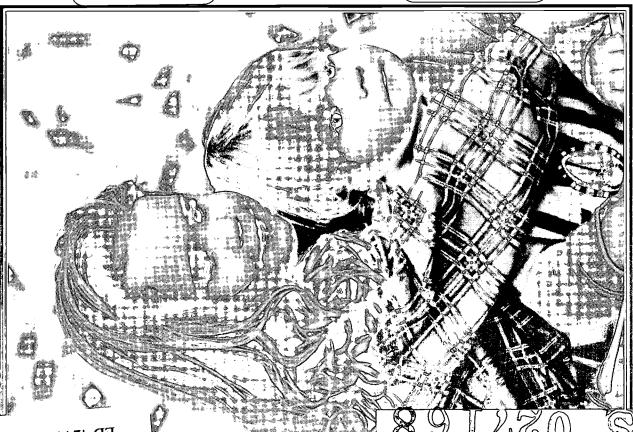
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Montana Kids Count Data Book 1995



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Introduction

Facts are essential for our state and communities to develop and implement programs to help our most vulnerable citizens—our children.

Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies—The Montana Coalition has been most fortunate to receive funding through the generosity of the Annie E. Casey Foundation to develop a comprehensive data report on the well-being of Montana's children. Montana KIDS COUNT is part of a nationwide effort by the Foundation to document the changes in the health and well-being of our children and advocate public policies to protect children and their future in every state.

The Montana KIDS COUNT Project is a public/private, collaborative effort bringing together organizations and individuals who care about children and want to guarantee that Montana continues to be a good place to raise children.

families can thrive, to reverse the

feminization of poverty, and to

child, to create an environment

where mothers, children and

maximize the potential of every

We must work together to

The purpose of the KIDS COUNT Project is to profile the condition of children in Montana through:

shelter, sustenance, and literacy

is a reality for every person.

— Donald E. Espelin, MD

placed one-quarter of children

under six in poverty, so that

reverse the trend which has

- Improving the collection and use of data on the condition of children on a county by county basis and issuing a Montana KIDS COUNT Data Report annually.
- Increasing the awareness of policy makers, care providers, and the general public about the status of Montana's children and creating a demand for action.

Developing a partnership with state and community leaders to activate Montana citizens to improve the health and well-being of Montana's

Last year's KIDS COUNT strategies included: expanding the KIDS COUNT collaborative effort; improving the data collection process and expanding the number of indicators; being actively involved in developing the 1995 Montana Children's Agenda; holding educational and community activation forums across the state; developing and airing two PBS Specials on the 1994 data and solutions to children's

There is still more to do! The Montana KIDS COUNT Project is committed to providing a comprehensive view of Montana's children in a "user-friendly" format. Pieces are still missing: there are systemic limits and constraints in the collection of data, areas in which data is not available at this time, and issues of small numbers and confidentiality. Our goal is to continue to work closely with state and community providers to continue to develop, expand and implement an accurate and comprehensive way of examining the status of children in Montana. For example, we need to know more about access to health care, mental health, readiness to learn and performance measures, and

County Youth Population

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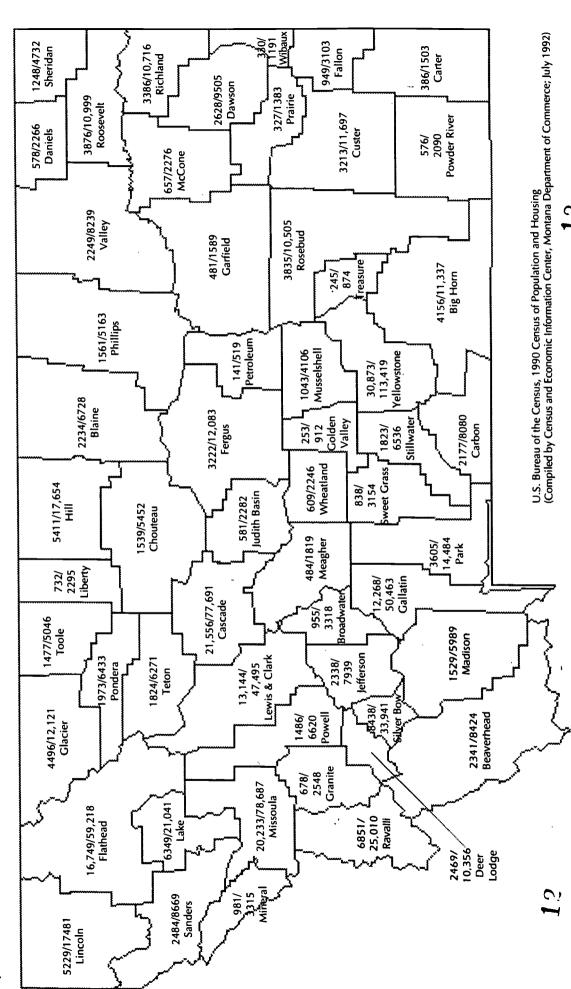
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Youths (0–17)/Total Population for Montana Counties, 1990

State total=222,104/799,065



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Montana's children live in widely varying settings. Some live on isolated ranches in Garfield County while others live in the urbanized neighborhoods of Billings, Great Falls, and Missoula. The Kids Count Data Book provides information about Montana's children regardless of their differing locations and circumstances. The Data Book is funded by the Annie E. Casey Foundation to provide a useful source of information upon which program managers and policy makers can depend.

This 1995 Kids Count Data Book contains all of the indicators included in the 1994 volume. Additional information sought by those who used the previous edition has been provided. We have tried to follow several guidelines in assembling these indicators.

The indicators are computed similarly to those of other surrounding states so the findings are comparable.

Trends over several years are included where possible so the reader can identify where Montana's children's situation is changing.

The indicators are those agreed on by policy makers as reflecting the welfare of our children.

The measures are sufficiently varied to provide a developing image of the state's children.

There are ways to intervene to prevent or to improve the condition reflected in the indicator.

The information in this Data Book was provided by the agencies identified in the Data Notes and Sources. After the agencies provided the information, summary statistics were computed, when necessary, and the data was returned to the agencies for verification and correction. While this book does not represent official reports of the agencies, the evidence has been examined and approved by an official of each relevant source. The reader will find much new information in the Data Book.

What's new for 1995? County data: Medical Assistance (Medicaid) for Children, and Home, Private, Public and Total School Enrollment. State data: Sexually Transmitted Diseases, Persons Not Covered by Health Insurance and Median Household Income for 1991–1993 and special sections; Risk and Resiliency, and Child Hunger.

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has hope; and he who has hope, has He who has health, everything.

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---Arabian Proverb

Childhood is a critical time for health, social, educational, and emotional development. During that time children should receive comprehensive, preventive, family-centered health care to determine if normal growth and development is occurring, to identify and treat health problems, and to ensure children reach their optimal state of health and well being.

Data about Montana's children in the area of health care sends mixed messages. Infant mortality, overall, is declining. Montana remains below the national average in the rate of infant death, yet our ranking among states fell from 6th in 1994 to 15th in 1995. Our low birthweight rate remains lower than the national average; again our ranking among states has fallen between 1994 and 1995.

Pregnant women are entering prenatal care earlier, a practice proven to increase the chances of a positive outcome for the baby. More children are receiving timely primary, preventive care, including well-child checkups and immunizations. Yet, four in ten Montana two year olds are not fully vaccinated against communicable diseases.

Too many pregnant women are smoking during pregnancy; in fact, some women seem to be "denying" their pregnancies so they can continue the abuse of substances which are harmful to the growing fetus and contribute to

low birthweight. Problems which contribute to poor pregnancy outcome, and which Montana had not seen previously, are becoming more prevalent in our communities. Reaching and educating these women is one of many challenges to producing healthy babies.

"Children are our future", the saying goes. For many Montana children there is no future or the future is bleak. As a caring society, we need to be aware of the issues facing our "future" and begin to take aggressive action to address them. Many children in our state do not survive to help shape solutions to problems; they become the "problems" — manifested in infant deaths due to SIDS (Sudden Infant Death Syndrome), childhood deaths due to accidents, and the loss of young adults due to suicide. Clearly, these three: SIDS, accidents, and suicides, are claiming more than their share of our "future". Montana's children between the ages of 1 and 19 die from accidents more frequently than from any other cause. Youth from ages 15 to 19 die from motor vehicle accidents at a rate over three times that of younger children. The lack of vehicle restraint use by older children results in deaths being twice as prevalent for children ages 5 to 14, as for children under 4 years.

We have made some gains, we have suffered some losses, we have a lot left to do. The information contained in this section will be helpful in shaping solutions to some of our problems. Use it well—our "future" depends on it.

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LOW BIRTHWEIGHT BIRTHS

Tom Key, MD

The prevalence of low birthweight births, defined as the percent of infants born with weights less than 2500 grams (5½ pounds), is accepted throughout the world as a measure of a nation's health and its health care delivery system. Although significant gains have been made in our ability to sustain and maintain infants who are small, low birthweight remains the number one cause of neonatal and infant mortality, as well as developmental disabilities in this country.

The factor which is most predictive of prematurity is inadequate or no prenatal care. Although the number of women accessing prenatal care during their first trimester of pregnancy is increasing, a continuing lack of appropriate, affordable and accessible prenatal care continues to play a role in low birthweight births. Limited numbers of appropriate health care providers and closure of some obstetric

services in rural hospitals place some mothers in situations where long

commutes are required to obtain care.

Prematurity and the medical resources needed to care for high-risk newborn infants continue to place significant burdens on shrinking health care resources. In 1993, 6% of all infants born in the state of Montana were low birthweight. Neonatal intensive care unit costs range upward from \$2,000



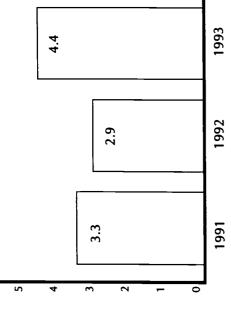
to \$4,000 a day for the first four days and are approximately \$1,000 per day thereafter. Considering the length of stays required for children who are born prematurely, it is not a surprise that more than 50% of all Medicaid disbursements for infant health care are used in caring for these special infants. Furthermore, among infants who survive, the prevalence of long-term handicaps including cerebral palsy, mental retardation and learning disabilities, blindness, chronic respiratory disease, hearing disabilities, and other disabling conditions is more common. The cost of long-term care, support,

and education for these infants and children cannot be measured.

Prematurity in large part is preventable. It is believed that comprehensive prenatal care with an emphasis on targeting patients at risk for preterm delivery can reduce as many as 80% of all preterm births. In contrast to neonatal intensive care, prenatal care is relatively inexpensive. Although the incidence of low birthweight appears to be decreasing in Montana, we continue to have areas within the state where improvements need to be achieved. The national Year 2000 Objectives include a low birthweight rate of less than 5%. With continued support, education and availability of programs in Montana, this goal is achievable.



Neonatal Mortality Rate for the State of Montana, deaths per 1000 live births, 1991–1993



The most important natural resource in any nation is its children. Being born healthy and well cared for through the first year of life demonstrates a nation's commitment to this precious resource.

CATHLEEN STEVENS, MD

INFANT MORTALITY

The test of a nation is in how it cares for children the in the dawn of life. In—National Commission He

to Prevent Infant Mortality

The United States has had a steady decline in infant mortality rate (death of an infant before the first birthday) over the past 80 years, and indeed, infant mortality is now the lowest ever. However, the U.S. still ranks twenty-second in the world for infant deaths, lagging behind most Western European and some Asian nations.

In 1993, the most recent year for which final statistics are available, Montana had the distinction of having one of the lowest NEONATAL (birth–28 days) mortality rates in the United States (4.4 per 1000 live births). The infant mortality rate for 1993, (birth–365 days) was 7.4 per 1000 live births. The infant mortality rate in Montana is still, however, below the national average for the USA (8.3 per 1000 live births).

Factors which are known to correlate with increased neonatal mortality include poor or insufficient prenatal care, single parent family, mother whose age is less than 18 years, and lack of high school completion by the mother. Factors which contribute to infant mortality and are not linked to events related to the pregnancy itself include Sudden Infant Death Syndrome (SIDS), accidents, most infections and non-accidental trauma.

One of the goals of good quality perinatal health care is to reduce the neonatal death rate to the rate of deaths caused by congenital anomalies. In Montana, in 1993, 25% of infant deaths occurred in children with birth anomalies or abnormal chromosomes. In the best of all worlds, the other 75% would be preventable with good medical care.

Sudden Infant Death Syndrome and adverse birth events are perhaps overrepresented in Montana, especially in the Native American population. Access to care remains a critical issue to be addressed in this state for rural and diverse populations.

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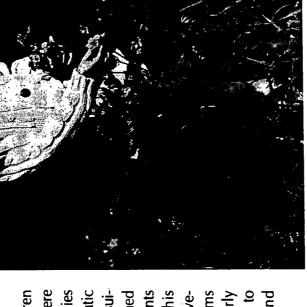
CHILD DEATH

Christina Litchfield, RN

died in Montana. The majority of infant deaths were Between 1989 and 1993, 1,102 infants and children and Sudden Infant Death Syndrome. Fatal traumatic related to perinatal conditions, congenital anomalies

on Children Every American child should have the -Final Report National Commission develop to his or her full potential. opportunity to

the lives of 41% of infants and children during this hicle accidents and firearms were responsible for nearly injuries, from accidents, suifive year period. Motor vea quarter of all deaths to children 19 years and cide and homicide, claimed



as ninety percent of these couples have serious marital problems within months of the death of an infant or child.

The number of children who die in Montana may of deaths in our state. However, the recognition that sufficiently safe environments for the nurture and appear to be a small percentage of the total number a majority of these deaths may have been prevented is compelling evidence that we have not created growth of our children. In order to significantly impact the rates of childhood deaths we must gain a clearer understanding of factors contributing to mortality. For example,

the world that positioning young infants on their sides or backs may decrease the rate of SIDS deaths by as much as 50%. In Montana our SIDS deaths have there is now overwhelming evidence from around remained fairly constant, often higher than the national average. Hopefully with consistent education, (as recommended by the American Academy of Pediatrics on "safe" sleep positioning for infants) we may see a decrease in

These numbers individually represent the tragic

/ounger

losses to over a thousand Montana families. The death of an infant or child may trigger an acute crisis, at times adversely affecting the health and the stability of a family. Surviving siblings may be seriously traumatized by Ilness. The stress of bereavement on marriages may be so great that as many the loss and therefore have difficulties with acceptance and adjustment that are reflected in maladaptive behaviors and increased incidence of

the numbers of deaths related to SIDS.



Components of the 66 Montana violent teen deaths in 1994

Homicides 4.5% Suicides 30.3% There were 43 violent teen deaths due to accidents, 20 from suicides and 3 homicides. Accidents 65.2%

TEEN VIOLENT DEATH

loe Mazurek, JD, Attorney General

Sixty-six teens died violent deaths in Montana in 1994. Forty-three deaths were due to accidents. Of these, 35 resulted from vehicle crashes; 20 were alcohol related. Of the remaining 23 deaths 20 were suicides. Three Montana teens were victims of homicides.

The solution of adult depends in large measure future than recognizing problems tomorrow upon the way our children grow up today. There is no greater insight into the when we save our children we save ourselves.

ize about underlying causes, the impacts of family violence, child abuse and the Each of these deaths affects the lives of many others— of parents, relatives, friends and classmates. While it is difficult to generalincreasing overall level of violence in our society need to be considered carefully.

violence in the fall of 1994. The following Superintendent of Public Instruction, Nancy Keenan and I conducted five community forums and school visits focusing on youth comments are based on our observations.

—Margaret Mead, Anthropologist

Students in this age group report having easy access to alcohol, marijuana and other drugs, and some complain of "nothing to do." For many young people, violence in some form is an accepted part of their surprisingly, a number of young people—though they may not feel personally culture. They see it in after-school fights, on movie and television screens and at the video arcade. An unfortunate few also experience it first hand in their homes. Weapons are readily available and at times brought to school. Not threatened-believe that nothing can be done to prevent violence in Montana from becoming worse. In response to this situation, parents, school personnel, law enforcement officers and other concerned community members call for greater accountcurbing violence among our young people is a responsibility shared by the ability on the part of both youth and their parents. They also recognize that entire community. Unfortunately, no easy or magical solution can be dispensed. Solutions to the complex issues surrounding violent teen deaths must come from all sections of the state and from all sectors within a community. And they must involve parents and their children.

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The teen years can be particularly difficult ones, especially for young people struggling to fit in, dealing with the experience of being stereotyped on the basis of income level or race, and being pressured to use alcohol and other drugs.

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MEDICAID

Jacqueline J. Jandt

Medicaid is the primary source of payment for health care for Montana's most vulnerable citizens: aged, blind and disabled individuals, and those with low income. Determining eligibility for the Medicaid program is a complex process which considers family income, family resources, family composition, and type or severity of a person's disability.

Montana children who receive Medicaid benefits have an average coverage of 41, months in a given year. This statistic is somewhat misleading because

children may be determined eligible at different times during a year. This means, for example, a child could be eligible for four months, be ineligible for a couple of months, and then be considered eligible again for another four months, all in the same year.

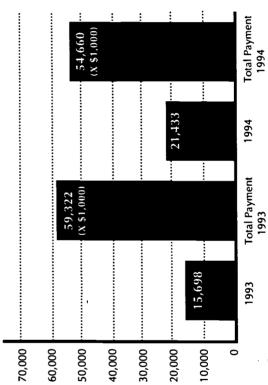
Medicaid eligibility is only an approximate measure of childhood poverty in Montana. Although imperfect as a measure of the need for medical and other services, it allows agencies to plan for caseloads, budgets, and future needs of children in Montana.

Variations in benefits received, as measured across time and between counties, cause one to question whether the differences represent the economic well-being of children and their families or different administrative practices and program participation. Further research is needed.

The data presented show the average number of children eligible for services and the amount of money spent on medical services for Montana children throughout a year. Only slightly over 50% of all children in Montana who are eligible for Medicaid services

Monthly average of the number of children receiving medical assisstance, and the total yearly expenditures for medical assistance to children in thousands

actually access those services.



The good news is that the proportion of Medicaid eligible children receiving preventive health care is increasing. In 1992, only 13.2.% of Medicaid eligible children received preventive health care through the Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment (EPSDT) Program. In 1993, this number increased to 35.9%.

investments in

Are the

our children

-- William S. Woodside

Corporate CEO

Compared to

what?

expensive?

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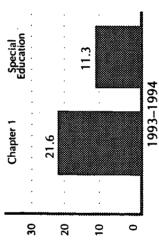
The opportunity to obtain an education in a technological society is a tion, the probability of becoming a contributing and welcomed member of society will be extremely low. Many children face a variety of obstacles to necessary component of a child's well-being. Without an adequate educaobtaining an education

Increasingly, children who come to school have serious emotional problems, are hungry, poor, alienated, impacted by drugs and alcohol, move often, or have difficulty getting to school. Many of those children face serious obstacles to learning, and may have difficulty benefiting from their educational experiences. In order for teachers to maximize each child's potential, schools must work to minimize the impact of the educational obstacles that children face

viding special education services, remedial academic assistance, free and reduced meals, transportation to schools, migrant and bilingual services, and Several programs attempt to reduce obstacles, by pro-

Students must be prepared to learn, but schools must also be prepared to receive all children who come to their doors, not just those who are easy to teach. And more children are coming to their doors. Enrollment in Montana's public schools has increased by 9% since 1990, to over 164,000 students, a more students with increasing needs is severely impacted by generally increasing evel not reported since the mid-1970's. The schools' ability to be prepared for enrollment and reduced state and federal revenue.

of Montana children & youths Overview of special services



creased by over 7% to 8,587, and enrollment in More children are enrolling in non-public schools, too. Since 1990 enrollment in private schools inhome schools increased by over 75% to 2,910. Schools can't overcome obstacles to learning without the support and assistance of parents, community, and other agencies. The concern for the well-being of children is a concern to us all.

> Percentage of Montana's children enrolled in Chapter One and Special Education during the 1993–1994 academic year.



There is always one moment in childhood when the door opens and lets the future in.

-Graham Greene, Author

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT

Dori Nielson, EdD

Enrollment in Montana public schools has increased steadily in the last five years, from 151,149 in school year 1989-90 to 164,341 in 1994-95. During that time the overall enrollment increased by 9%, high school by 15%, and elementary by 6%. The enrollment per grade is highest in grades 6 through 9. Three years from now, those students will be in high school, and the high school enrollment classes in the lower grades indicate that elementary enrollment will probably will have increased an additional 11% to nearly 53,000 students. Smaller decline somewhat over the next three years

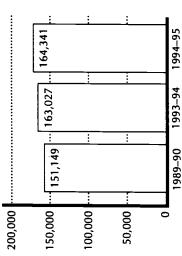
enrolled 11,497 students in 1994-1995, reflecting a growth of 18% over the past five years. The private school enrollment increased by 8% during that time period, about the same as public schools, while home Non-public schools, both private and home schools, school enrollment increased a decisive 75%.

female students. Male students make up nearly 52% of Enrollment is not divided evenly between male and total enrollment and females 48%. American Indian students are the largest minority group, 9.6% of the

total. The second largest minority group is Hispanic, at 1.4% of the total. In the spring of 1994, 9,061 students graduated from public schools in Montana, and 5.9% were American Indian.

sized cities in Montana are Billings and Great Falls, and 21% of Montana's The communities classified as large towns, Butte and Missoula, enroll 9% of the students in their schools. An overwhelming 70% of Montana elementary Based on the U.S. Census classification by community size, the only midstudents attend those schools or ones located on the fringes of those cities. and secondary students attend schools in small towns or rural areas.

Growth in public school enrollment



The certified staff in Montana schools do not reflect the same composition as the students. While students are mostly rural, male, and 88% white, the certified staff are mostly rural, female, and 97% white. Female teachers, librarians, guidance counselors, and other specialists outnumber males by about 2 to 1, but all categories of Although 9.6% of the students are American Indian, only administrators or supervisors are predominantly male. 2% of the certified staff are American Indian.

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CHAPTER 1

B.J. Granbery

The Chapter I program has been reauthorized by Congress and renamed Title I Helping Disadvantaged Children Meet High standards. The new Title I has one overriding goal: to improve the teaching and learning of children in high poverty schools to enable them to meet challenging academic content and performance standards. To accomplish this goal, Title I supports new roles for schools, districts, states, and the federal government. Schools will decide for themselves how to spend their Title I resources and, in far greater numbers, be able to combine all of their resources to support comprehensive reform through more schoolwide programs. School districts will play a new, critical role through providing consultation, coordination, and high quality professional development.

Four overall principles provide the groundwork for these new roles:

- High academic standards with components of education aligned so that everything is working together to help children reach those standards.
- ▼ A focus on teaching and learning.
- Flexibility to stimulate local initiatives coupled with responsibility for student performance.

Links among schools, parents, and communities.

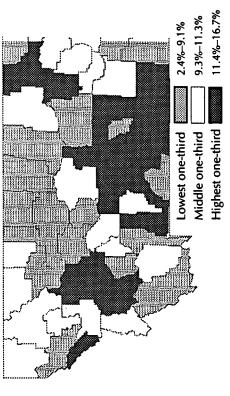
Title I funds are intended to help close the achievement gap between high and low-poverty schools by targeting additional resources to school districts based on their numbers of poor school-age children. The new statute passed by Congress eliminates Title I funding to the wealthiest school districts by setting a minimum eligibility requirement for school districts.

An additional component of Title I is Even Start, a family-focused program providing participating families with an integrated program of early childhood education, parenting education, and adult literacy and basic skills instruction. All projects include some home-based instruction and provide for the joint participation of parents and children.

The new legislation puts a greater emphasis on the family focus of program goals and activities, both in its purpose and through the inclusion of additional family members in appropriate family literacy activities.



Percent of special education enrollment in public school, 1993-94



SPECIAL EDUCATION

Ilv Evans

Two major trends are surfacing in special education in Montana: 1) a trend toward increased inclusion of disabled students in the regular classroom and 2) an increase in the number of students with emotional and behavioral problems in our schools.

Increasingly, children in Montana schools who are in need of specialized services receive those services in a regular education setting. The concept of normalizing all children's educational experiences is referred to as "inclusion". It is generally agreed that inclusion involves a commitment to educate each student with a disability in the same school, and when appropriate, the same classroom the child would be attending if he/she did not have a disability. The guiding principle is to bring the services to the classroom rather than the student to the services. Much of the research results show consistent achievement and increased social skills for disabled students served in an inclusive setting.

Responding to these positive results, the Office of Public Instruction is sponsoring numerous training opportunities (such as the Montana Training for Inclusive Education Project) across the state to help school personnel build their skills to provide inclusionary programming.

A second trend has been the shifting focus to community-based services for children with emotional and behavioral problems. This has resulted in many communities and schools facing serious challenges with regard to serving these students. It has become apparent that teachers, administrators, and community professionals need to be increasingly ready to build their knowledge and skills to meet the individual emotional and behavioral needs of these students. In Montana, over the past six years, we have had a 55% increase in the number of students identified as emotionally disturbed in our schools. The Montana Behavioral Initiative is one school/community partnership designed to improve the capacity of our schools and communities to meet the complex social, emotional and behavior needs of our students.

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It has been said that "children who are born into happy families grow up speaking love as their native language". But, sadly a growing number of children in Montana do not have the warmth, support, and security of a healthy home environment.

neglect. While this is encouraging, we must continue to be vigilant in our efforts to reduce the incidence of violence against children. Children raised in an abusive home situation learn that violence is an acceptable way of coping with stress or problem solving, and often behave similarly as adolescents and adults. Child victims of abuse and neglect are more likely to be

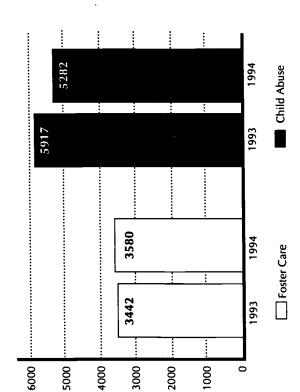
arrested for juvenile delinquency and violent

crime than children who were not abused.

During the past ten years Montana has experienced a 50% increase in out-of-home-placements. Children are placed into such care for a variety of reasons: for safety; for specialized care or treatment; or because of their behavioral problems.

Not only did the number of out-of-home placements increase again in 1994, but a significant number of these children have been in foster care for at least two years. Foster care was never intended to be a long-term solution, so Montana is working to integrate permanency planning throughout all aspects of the child welfare system. In 1994, there was a slight decrease in

Out-of-home placements (foster care) and substantiated instances of child abuse; Montana, 1993 and 1994



Abused children often become abusive parents, perpetuating a cycle of violence. A high proportion of teen and development mothers were sexually of children.

—Jack Shonkoff, MD

abused as children.

As we work to reduce the incidence of child abuse and neglect we will see a reduction in these and other longterm effects of family violence.

substantiated instances of child abuse and





OUT-OF-HOME PLACEMENTS

Allyn Ann Cummins, ACSW

Today in Montana, over 620 of the approximately 1,600 children removed from their families have been in foster care for at least two years. Forty-two percent (42%) of those children are Native American. While the number of children may not seem large, Montana has experienced a 50% increase in out-of-home placement in the past 10 years.

Of all broad-based strategies proposed to reform the child welfare system, only one—aggressive permanency planning—would significantly reduce the number of children who need permanent families. Permanency planning is based on the idea that children do best in family settings, specifically in a permanent family with a constant parental figure. There is good news, an initiative which addresses aggressive permanency planning has been introduced. This initiative is called the Families for Kids Project.

The intent of the Families For Kids initiative is to change the adoption system to look at issues from the child's point of view. There are two major components to the Families For Kids initiative: one part focuses on finding permanent homes

for children in foster care and the second part focuses on keeping children who enter the foster care system from becoming "system children". This initiative enhances the role of parents in planning and delivering services to their children, provides a voice for children, and strengthens the community's capacity to develop effective local solutions. The Families For Kids initiative stresses that services provided to Montana's children be culturally appropriate.

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Out-of-home placement is no longer a temporary living arrangement for many children in Montana. Montana needs to develop and implement a communication strategy to integrate permanency planning throughout all aspects of the child welfare system. This includes educating the public regarding a child's need for permanency in their home and social lives and providing training for state agency staff, court personnel, service providers, and families on topics ranging from basic philosophy to technical knowledge and skills. In developing and educating people to the needs of children, hopefully all children in Montana will have a permanent place to call home.

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Components of confirmed child abuse and neglect, 1993-94

Physical & emotional abuse 33%

abuse 11%

CHILD ABUSE & NEGLECT

Patti Coats

Amidst some of the most breathtaking landscape in the nation there exists a problem as disturbing as the scenery of Montana is beautiful—that of the abuse and neglect of children.

As defined both by Montana and Federal laws, child abuse is the non-accidental injury or pattern of injuries to a child under the age of eighteen. It includes physical injury, sexual molestation, neglect, and emotional abuse. In the past year, thousands of Montana children were victims of these types of maltreatment.

From July of 1993 through June of 1994, child protection workers from the Department of Family Services offices around Montana investigated 17,151 incidents of suspected child abuse. Nearly one-third of these incidents were confirmed. Of those reports confirmed, 56% were for neglect, 33% for physical and emotional abuse, and 11% were for sexual abuse.

These staggering, distressing numbers and statistics take on even greater significance when one considers what the actual incidence of abuse might be. Experts maintain that reported incidents reflected possibly only one fifth of the actual occurrence of child abuse.

The consequences of child abuse are far reaching, not only for its victims but also for society. Almost every major social problem plaguing society today can be traced to some form of child abuse.

The hopeful aspect of this is that, by preventing child abuse, we can effectively impact such problems as criminal and violent behaviors, juvenile delinquency, teen pregnancy, and alcohol and drug abuse.

Child abuse is preventable! Research has shown we can succeed in preventing child abuse and neglect through programs that strengthen families: home visitor programs, parenting education, parent support groups, and schoolbased services.

These prevention approaches are being implemented in a.number of communities around Montana. Several departments in state government have initiated programs which recognize the importance of collaborative partnerships. There are also university based and community initiated collaborative efforts. All these efforts are bringing many players and resources together around the common goal of protecting children, strengthening state and local systems to reduce child abuse and neglect in Montana.

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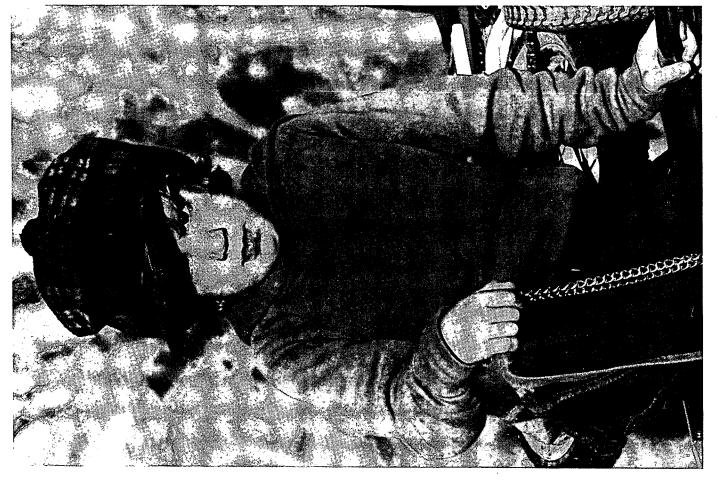
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Effectively addressing the needs of America's children and families will require a significant commitment of time, leadership, and financial resources by individuals, the private sector, and government at all levels.

— Final Report

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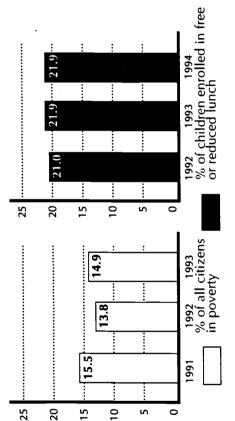
National Commission on Children

A child's economic security is intertwined with the ability of his or her parents to provide the necessities of life. Many children grow up in families where children live in families where there are few resources available to provide food, shelter, health care, and clothing are readily provided. Yet, other even the bare essentials. Everyone is well

inner-city children. Hidden from this media campaign lies the poor children in aware, through the media, of the poor rural America—especially rural Montana. Montana has a diverse population with 52 Approximately one quarter (24 percent) of The economic well-being of a child is the leading indicator of his or her potential life outcomes in health, education, and future economic security. It is suggested the percent of all children living in rural areas. Montana's rural children live in poverty. poorer a child is, the more likely he or she

will be in poor health and at risk of developmental delays, behavioral problems, or learning disabilities. Programs such as the Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), Free

Trends in percentage of citizens in poverty and percent of enrolled students receiving free or reduced meal programs in Montana



and Reduced Price Meals (FRPM), and ing, Diagnosis, and Treatment Program EPSDT) are available to many of our Montana children. We can only hope programs such as these are able to alleviate some of the many effects of poor economic well-being of children and fami-Medicaid's Early and Periodic Screenies in Montana. 1 Vasiloff, Jennifer A., Executive Director, Coalition on Human Needs (August 16,1994). Testimony before the Subcommittee on Human Resources, Committee on Ways and Means, U.S. House of RepresenA project of Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies – The Montana Coalition. Funded through a grant from the Annie E. Casey Foundation 125



POVERTY

Paul Miller, PhD

The child poverty rate continues to increase in Montana. About 22% of all Montana children the rate of 20 percent reported in the 1990 under 18 live below the poverty line—up from Census.

An increase in low-wage jobs in Montana's major changes in child-welfare programs are young children are presently most at risk to decreasing in the jobs they fill in the State's estructuring economy and the possibility of children in poverty. Montana families with two factors that may worsen the plight of our end up in poverty because average wages are

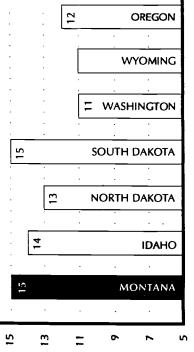
Poverty is the greatest risk factor in the life of a young child.

—Jack Shonkoff, MD

more service-oriented economy. Researchers anticipate that this increase in the new "working poor" will lead to more children. Also, Montana's anticipated welfare reform persistent, longer lasting poverty in families with initiatives may reduce benefit levels and subsequently increase the child poverty rate

Three year averages of persons in poverty for Montana and surrounding states 1991-1993

About 52% of all children in Montana live in rural areas. The rate of child poverty in Montana's rural counties is presently estimated to be about 24%—a rate higher than the 20% estimated

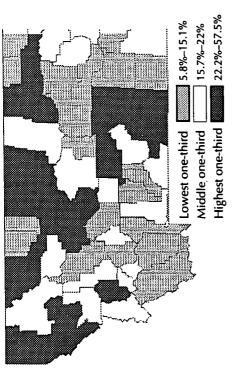


employment, training, childcare, and public difficulties in escaping poverty. Rural areas are are within commuting distances of areas with job growth. Previous research has shown that Montana families with children must continually cope with the problem of distance—distance from for children in urban counties. Below poverty families with children in rural areas face more not expected to grow economically unless they

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program opportunities. Welfare reform initiatives presently being considered focus on training and community service work, both of which will be hard to acquire in rural areas. There is no simple cure for child poverty in Montana because there is no one cause. Regarding the causes of child poverty, Montanans will have to balance arguments that point to parents' behavior with arguments that point to a estructuring economy.



FREE AND REDUCED MEALS PROGRAM

Linda Crisp, RD

The Free and Reduced Price Meal Program is funded by the Federal Child Nutrition Act. Both school breakfast and lunch meals are funded through this program. Applications for participation in this program are available from schools, food banks, offices of Aid to Families With Dependent Children (AFDC) and the Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC). The determining factors for approval of application are based on family income and household size. Applications must be completed and returned to the school for approval. Schools are required to keep this information confidential. Approval of applications are sent to families in a timely manner, and if children have been approved in the prior school year, meals will continue at the start of the new school year while the application is being processed.

Schools must ensure the privacy of students and families. This means children receiving free and reduced price meals must not be identified in any obvious way. Schools must not have a check-off at the lunch line, special colored tickets, or separate lunch lines for free and reduced meal participants.

Students who participate in the Free and Reduced Price Meal Program must take a complete meal. Schools have two options for meal service. One is to provide a

meal that consists of each of the five meal components of milk, meat or meat alternate, fruit, vegetable and bread.

Schools that participate in the "Offer versus Serve" program may offer all of the meal components and students can select three of the five meal components and it will be considered a "meal". Schools are required to carefully document all "reimbursable" meals. Any departure from the required documentation will put the reimbursement funds to the school in jeopardy.

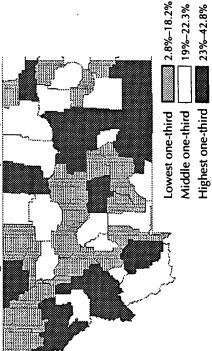
The number of Montana school children eligible for Free and Reduced Price Meals increased about 2% over 1992–93 to 35,768 in School Year 1993–94. The largest increases were in the following counties:

			Silver Bow	
Judith Basin	Lake	Lewis & Clar	Lincoln	McCone
Blaine	Carter	Fergus	Glacier	ΞΞΞ

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HUNGER

Paul Miller, PhD

More than one-half (51%) of a random sample of 2,535 Montana public school third graders said they often feel hungry after school starts in the

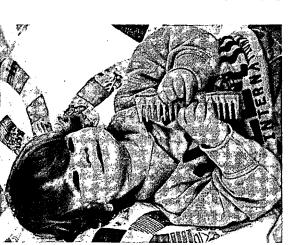
morning. Most of these children (87%) had eaten something for breakfast. However, slightly less than 4 out of 10 children had their breakfasts prepared by a grown-up. Children who were hungry in school in the morning also indicated a much higher likelihood of feeling tired and sleepy in school.

Teachers and principals of these third graders agreed hunger is a problem they recognize and take into account. It is also agreed that hungry children are less energetic, less able to stay on task, more likely to complain of stomach aches, and more likely to engage in disruptive behavior. Teachers' estimates of how many of their students indicated they were hungry were close to the sample mark for small classes, but were lower than the sample mark for larger classes. Thus, hungry students in arge classes are less likely to be identified.

Teachers and school principals perceived major causes of hunger in their students to be neglectful parents, family poverty, and inappropriate use of time. However, both recognized difficulties working parents are facing when

raising children.

To reduce the problem of hunger among young school children, teachers and principals agreed on the following: 1) schools should serve meals; 2) schools should provide snacks; and 3) parents should be educated about nutrition.



(Prepared by Paul Miller, Department of Sociology, University of Montana and The Montana Hunger Coalition. Data are from a forthcoming study to be titled "Hunger in the Morning: A Study of Montana's Public School Third-Graders and Their Teachers and Principals." Data were gathered in the spring of 1994. Funds to defray some of the costs of the study were provided by Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies' Kids Count Project.)

neglects its children and robs them of —Frailberg external enemy. can extinguish itself without an A society that their potential

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The cause and cure of disruptive and anti-social behavior have been and continue to be the source of serious, often acrimonious, debate. In one form or another we have been arguing whether the cause for anti-social behavior can be found in nature, either of the individual or of humanity, or nurture in our institutions and cultural beliefs. The importance of this debate cannot be understated. If who we are as individuals and as members of society is somehow rigidly fixed in our natures, if we have a disposition, an inclination, toward anti-social and disruptive behavior, then there is little that can be done. On the other hand, if we are somehow more malleable, if we respond to nurture, then a whole range of options are suggested.

Of course, most people who think seriously about these issues see an interplay between nature and nurture. Still, the question remains, what do we do as a society to promote and support a range of acceptable social behavior?

This is the subject of intense political and policy discussion. It is difficult to characterize these discussions without being accused of misrepresenting one-

position or another, and the positions seem to be both multiplying and hardening with each election.

Among those involved in the field of prevention, there is an emerging consensus that many of the social outcomes which we wish to avoid, including teen pregnancy, adolescent substance abuse, and juvenile delinquency have common causes. To indicate the range of issues which must be addressed, consider these points:

Why is it that alcohol and other drug abuse is increasing among the elderly, even among many who have lived apparently responsible and productive lives? Does the answer to that question relate to the reason so many adolescents and young adults abuse alcohol and other drugs?

What is the alternative to prevention programs? If we do nothing, what is the likely result? These are serious questions. Programs like Midnight Basketball have a record of proven success, and widespread support in the communities where they take place.

Is prevention a problem of information and rational choice? Or, is it a problem of raising competent and self-confident adults who can make rational choices, and can live with their irrational ones?

How far can punishment go in creating a responsible and resourceful child?

How far can punishment go in sustaining a responsible and resourceful adult?

Can we build enough prisons to hold everyone who gets into trouble?

The psychologist/philosopher James Hillman is especially adamant—in a thoughtful and mediative way—that we focus too much on accomplishing our goals and too little on the sweetness of life, too much on preventing behavior and too little on brewing the rich food needed by the soul. What would we serve at a Prevention Soul Food

Why does it "take a village to raise a child"? What does the village have to do as it raises its children? Is there a more important role for the village than raising its children? What happens when the village

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BIRTHS TO TEENS

Joye B. Kohl, EdD

general. In Montana, it is estimated that one in twenty 15-17 year-old girls and one in six 18-19 year-olds become pregnant each year. With higher numbers of pregnant Montana teens choosing to give birth and keep their babies, both Teenage pregnancy in Montana continues to have serious health, social and economic consequences for teens, the babies they bear, and society in they and their babies face an uncertain future.

one-half of youth cent women end in birth, slightly over a third in veals a higher proportion resulting in live births abortion, and the rest (approximately 15%) in Approximately Nationally about one-half of pregnancies to adolesmiscarriage. The picture in Montana for 1993 re-(61%), a lower percentage in abortion (25%), and an approximate equal percentage in miscarriages (15%). never engaged in sexual of age report they have between 13-18 years

intercourse.

concern in at least two areas: 1) among sexually active Montana school-age have never engaged in sexual intercourse. The other half cause genuine Teen births represent 12% of all live births in Montana, however, more than bacco during pregnancy are all factors which place babies born to teen Approximately one-half of youth between 13 and 18 years of age report they one-fourth of "high cost" infants are born to teens. Delaying prenatal care, entering pregnancy with inadequate nutrition, and using alcohol and tomothers at increased risk

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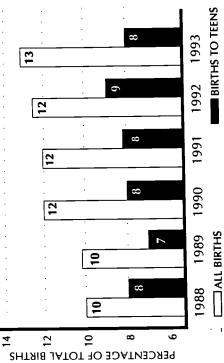
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Although surveys indicate an increase in condom use, approximately one out of six or more partners; and 2) one-third of sexually active teens report drinking youth, nearly 50% report three or more partners and more than 20% report alcohol or using drugs before sexual intercourse.

three sexually active Montana teens report no attempt being made to protect themselves or their partners from pregnancy, AIDS, or other sexually transmitted diseases

> births per year from 1987-1991. After a decrease in the number of births and aborof teenager has varied over recent years with decreases among older teens and Live births and abortions among 18 to 19 1993 [463 (1992) and 499 (1993)] from 400 tions to girls 14 or younger in 1990 and 1991, The pregnancy pattern in Montana by age increases among those 17 and younger. rear-olds declined nearly 10% in 1993 compared to 1990. Births among 15-17 vear-old girls increased 24% in 1992 and the numbers have risen in 1992 and 1993

Births to Teens as percent of total of all births



Community-wide, comprehensive, health and family life initiatives are needed if Montana is to see a decrease in the sexually risky behavior of grade school health education is needed which nancy and sexually transmitted diseases, and (3) REDUCING the negative consequences of teen teens. Comprehensive Kindergarten through 12th emphasizes (1) DELAYING premature sexual involvement; (2) AVOIDING "too early" pregpregnancy and "too early" parenting.

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ALCOHOL & DRUG TREATMENT

Kathleen Ann Long, PhD, RNCS, FAAN

Drug and alcohol abuse are major problems that affect children and teenagers. Many people believe there is not much use of drugs or alcohol by youth under age 12 or by those who live in rural areas. However, numerous national and

state-level studies show this simply is not true. Rates of alcohol abuse have been found to be as high or higher for youth living in rural areas, when com-

As a moral and caring people, we can no longer tolerate preventable damage that wastes the lives and potential of so many of our children and families.

National Commission of Children and Families

Recent surveys of sixth and seventh grade children in Montana

pared with those in urban areas.

found that over half of these children say they drink alcoholic beverages occasionally. Almost 4% of the children in sixth and seventh grades were identified as serious alcohol abusers.

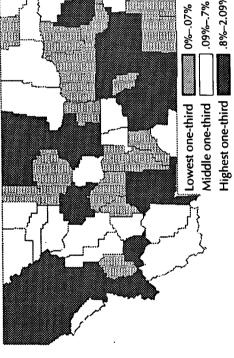
Children and teenagers use alcohol and drugs for a variety of reasons. Many see use or abuse of these substances as a way of fitting in with friends, or of seeming older, tough or smart. Many youth turn to substance abuse as a way of trying to deal with feelings of sadness, loneliness or rejection. The use of

alcohol or drugs, however, does not help with problems and very often leads to additional problems, such as school failure or serious accidental injury. For some youth even the occasional or experimental use of alcohol or drugs eventually results in serious life-threatening addiction.

A number of things have been found to help in preventing the use of drugs and alcohol among young people. Having friends who don't use alcohol or drugs is an important factor. Activities, clubs, sports teams and church groups can be helpful. Teenagers especially need adults they like and can talk to about their problems and feelings. Often the school setting can provide this kind of support, especially for teens who don't feel comfortable talking with their parents. Activities aimed at preventing alcohol and drug use need to begin early in elementary school years. Research is showing that children who feel positively about themselves and about their school experiences are less likely to use alcohol or drugs. Thus, there needs to be a commitment by many groups—parents, teachers, health care providers, and law enforcement officials—to invest in and care about children before they develop problems with alcohol or drugs.

Social Behavior

Juvenile Crime as percent of total arrests among youths under 18, 1993



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JUVENILE CRIME

Candy Wimmer

Montana still ranks low in statistics of juvenile crime as compared with other states, however, system reform is overdue. The Governor's Youth Justice Council of the Montana Board of Crime Control studied the level of satisfaction with the Youth Court Act and found the system needed significant change to make it more efficient and better coordinated. A review of the Youth Court Act was deemed critical to determine if the current codes (now 20 years old and amended some 60 times) still support a philosophy and system of juvenile justice which represents Montana's citizens. Recommendations will be presented to the 1997 Legislature as a comprehensive rewrite of the Youth Court Act.

The reporting base for juvenile crime activity increased over the past two years due to a change from voluntary reporting by individual judicial districts to a mandatory system of reporting. In 1993, 7,145 youth (10,414 total referrals) had an encounter with juvenile probation. Seventy-five percent of youth had one referral during 1993; 15% had two referrals; while 10% of the total, 715 youth, accounted for more than two referrals. The number of youth having multiple referrals to juvenile authorities seems to be increasing, although one encounter with juvenile authorities seems to be enough for most Montana youth.

The most common door to the juvenile justice system is through a law enforcement agency (94%) with other referrals coming from schools, other courts, and parents. The youth probation officer conducts a preliminary inquiry, resulting in almost 25% of the cases being dismissed due to lack of evidence or because the probation officer believes the family is able to deal with the problem.

Most active cases (90%) are handled informally, meaning youth may never see a youth court judge, but be placed on probation. The remaining cases are referred to the County Attorney to file a petition alleging the youth to be delinquent or in need of supervision. Youth court cases are adjudicated on the basis of these two categories, rather than finding a youth guilty of criminal offenses. A plan is developed to treat or rehabilitate the youth, while protecting the community, and may include community service and restitution.

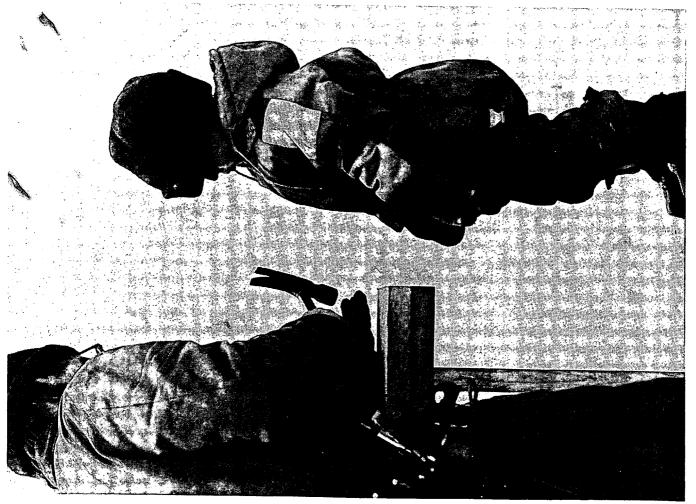
Factors considered in determining high risk juvenile criminal activity include: age at first contact with the system, seriousness of offense, prior criminal history and frequency of illegal behavior.

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Rish and Resiliency

Children have more need of models than of critics.

-Joseph Houbert, French Moralist







THE RISK AND RESILIENCY APPROACH TO PREVENTION

Kirk A. Astroth, MA Kenneth C. Taylor, MA

Had Abraham Lincoln been born today, he would have been labeled an "at risk" youth.

Lincoln's father could not read. His mother signed her name with an X. The Lincoln family was low income.

Lincoln's health was poor. He suffered from congenital depression and a baffling melancholia.

Lincoln's mother died when he was a child. He was raised in a single-parent

Lincoln had less than one year of formal education.

How did this "at risk" youth become President of the United States? Lincoln's life was filled with a number of resiliency factors which helped him overcome the risk factors. Most prevention practitioners are coming to recognize that successful prevention efforts focus both on personal liabilities and on enhancing personal strengths, assets, and environmental conditions which promote resiliency. Purely risk-focused approaches fail to recognize important protective factors at work in a child's environment.

"Prevention" of high risk behaviors is not enough to prepare youth for responsibilities and challenges of adulthood. Our efforts must begin to focus on the resiliency factors which tell us how <u>survivors</u> of an "epidemic" differ from those who succumb. Those who survive and thrive, as did Lincoln, may have something to tell us. Our goal should be to support the development of competent, committed and assured youth, abandoning the goal of producing "problem free" youth

Since 1925, numerous researchers have studied risk and resiliency factors associated with positive and negative outcomes among young people. This research has shed light on factors which place youth "at risk". Further, it has revealed resiliency factors which promote adaptation, well-being, and competence.

The core of risk and resiliency focused prevention is quite simple. It follows a two-pronged approach.

- ▼ Identify conditions which increase risk
- ▼ Identify conditions which promote resiliency

The message is clear, human development is not the result of one factor, but of a whole mosaic of factors. Children do not grow up in isolation—they grow up in environments. Who they grow up to be is not decided at birth. Parents, families, and communities provide the challenges, options and opportunities which shape young, pliable personalities. It is environments which harbor the causes of poverty, drug abuse, low self-esteem, hopelessness, and boredom. Nature and nurture constantly interact.

Research has examined the following clusters:

- ▼ Individual factors
 ▼ Family factors
 ▼ School factors
- ▼ Peer group factors ▼ Community factors

When considering alcohol, tobacco and other drug abuse, the factors are discussed in the following terms:

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INDIVIDUAL FACTORS:

Risk Factors: Inadequate life skills; lack of self-control, assertiveness, and peer refusal skills; low self-esteem and self-confidence; emotional and psychological problems; favorable attitudes toward alcohol and other drug use; rejection of commonly held values and religion; school failure; lack of school bonding; early antisocial behavior, such as lying, stealing, and aggression, particularly in boys, often combined with shyness and hyperactivity.

Resiliency Factors: Well developed problem-solving skills and intellectual abilities; a sense of self-esteem, self efficacy, and personal responsibility; well developed social and interpersonal skills; religious commitment.

FAMILY FACTORS:

Risk Factors: Family conflict and domestic violence; family disorganization; lack of family cohesion; social isolation of family; heightened family stress; attitudes favorable to drug use; ambiguous, lax or inconsistent rules and sanctions; poor child supervision and discipline practices; unrealistic developmental expectations.

Resiliency Factors: Clear norms and standards for behavior; close relationship with at least one person; parent as social resources; parent communication.

SCHOOL BASED FACTORS:

Risk Factors: Ambiguous, lax or inconsistent rules and sanctions; favorable staff and student attitudes toward drug use; poor student management practices; availability of tobacco, alcohol and other drugs on the school premises; lack of school bonding.

Resiliency Factors: Positive school climate; school performance; involvement in extracurricular activities; achievement motivation; educational aspirations; homework.

PEER BASED FACTORS:

Risk Factors: Association with delinquent, drug-using peers; peers who have a favorable attitude toward drug use; susceptibility to peer pressure.

Resiliency Factors: A close personal friend; positive peer influences.

COMMUNITY BASED FACTORS:

Risk Factors: Community disorganization; lack of community bonding; lack of cultural pride; lack of bicultural competence; community attitudes favorable to drug use; ready availability of alcohol and other drugs; inadequate youth services and opportunities for pro-social involvement.

Resiliency Factors: Belonging to a supportive community; strong bonds to family, school, and other social institutions; other adult resources and communication; involvement in community organizations.

The above list indicates the importance of families in developing resiliency. However, we all know that individual families may not be able to do the job alone. We all know there are many stresses placed on nuclear families. Consider the old saying, "it takes a village to raise a child". These are some of the duties each village owes to its future.

Overall, the information about children reported in this Data Book shows that Montana has several strengths. For instance, when compared to national trends and many states, Montana shows lower rates of neonatal and infant mortality and a relatively high percentage of students graduating on time from high school. These positive findings continue the trends noted in the previous Data Book.

The data also show several areas which are cause for concern. Consistent with the trend noted in last year's Data Book, the percentage of children living in poverty continues to increase. Montana is not alone in this increase. Nationally, the number of children living below the poverty line has increased over the past decade. As noted in the section by Paul Miller, poverty is highest among young families. Thus, poverty is most likely to affect children when they are young, when the impact on their development is greatest.

The number of births to single teens aged 17 and younger also continues to increase. Along with the high rate of divorce, births to single teens add to a growing number of single parent families. Single parenthood and poverty often go together, but especially teen parenthood and poverty. For instance, the majority of Aid to Families With Dependent Children (AFDC) payments go to families in which the mother had given birth as a teenager. Youth violence is growing, and citizens are becoming increasingly concerned.



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There are no simple, quick-fix ways of addressing all the factors that influence a Montana child's well-being. The following ideas may help as we design prevention and intervention programs and social policies.

the community in which they live. Just as child development has no single Adopt an systemic view of children's well-being. The clear message from esearch is that a child's development is not influenced by one factor alone, but by a whole array of factors. Children are influenced first and foremost by their family, but also by their peers, their school and work setting, and cause, fixing problems facing children can't be done with single factor

Prevention is the proactive process of creating and sustaining conditions that address risks -Montana Joint Oversite Committee and promote the safety, personal responsibility, and well-being of people.

on Children and Families

vention efforts attempt to siliency factors in the Target risk and resiliency factors at different levels. eliminate or reduce risk factors and promote re-The most successful pre-

various social environments where children live (for instance, at the individual, family, peer group, church and community levels). Thus, those who work to address the concerns noted in this Data Book should ask themselves: What isk factors and resiliency factors will our efforts influence?

For example, the plight of poor families in Montana can be attributed to a limited economic base, and a single sector economy. In this case, the Factors at the individual and household level include lower education, lack of skills and abilities, and a lack of a positive view of the future. Risk factors combination of risk factors at individual, household, and community levels. at the community services level include lack of employment opportunities, affordable housing and child care options. Community characteristics placing families at risk for poverty include low median and per capita incomes, resiliency factors would be just the opposite of the risk factors. Efforts to lift children (and their families) out of poverty are most likely to be resiliency factors, and operate at more than one level. For instance, fostering effective when they are designed to overcome the risk factors above, foster the strengths of job skills (individual level) and enhanced employment opportunities (community service level) would need to be done concurrently if a Jobs Program is to make a real difference for families.

rative partnerships among these groups is necessary for success. The African Work together. Reducing risks and fostering resiliency in Montana's children demands more than any one person or group of people can accomplish on their own. While children are influenced first and foremost by their family, parents are in need of help from churches, schools, government agencies, businesses, and youth-serving agencies, to perform their job well. Collaboproverb, "It takes a whole village to raise a child," is an appropriate view for all of us to take as we do our best to nurture Montana's children.

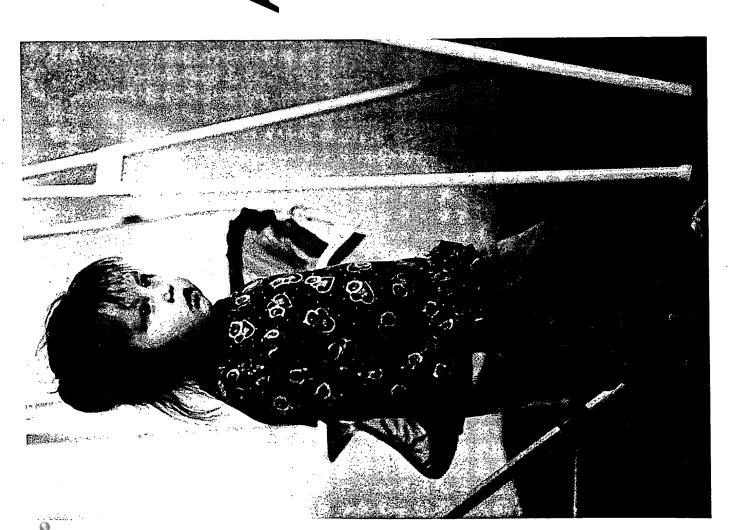
Data and Achrowledgements

Knowing is not enough; we must apply. Willing is not enough; we must do.
—Goethe,

German poet and philospher

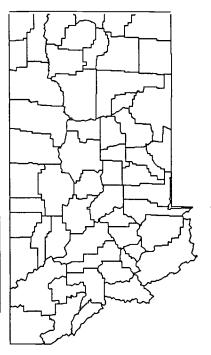


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MONTANA

ERIC Full Task Provided by ERIC



Key Facts

1 Index	11,362 100%	1,419 12.5%	1,067	ation less than grade 12 808 7.1%		(()	1991 1992 1993	26,264 27,319 26,398	15.5% 13.8% 14.9%	12 00/ 0 40/ 15 30/			n/a 905 725
1993 High Risk Family Formation Index	% Resident Live Births*	Births to mothers under age 20	Births to mothers under age 20 & not married	Births to mothers under age 20 & education less than grade 12*	%	% Other Kow Facts At A Glaber		% Median Income of Households*		% Percent of persons not covered		Se	% among children & youth (0–19yrs) [▲]
	799,065 100.%	\$30,928	\$19,821	\$12,446	222,104 27.8%	26,660 12.0%	40,740 58.4%			14,177 6.4%	30,165 17.6%	44,134 25.8%	2,279 28.9%
1990 Census Datat	Total Population 799	of families–married couple*		Median Income of families–female only*	Population under age 18	Minority population under age 18	Children under age 6 with both or only parent in labor force 40	0.1	Children in single parent families 43	ot living with a parent	Women in labor force with youngest child under age 6		Children age 16–19 not in school and not in the labor force

Sea	 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana Montana Health Care Authority 	
Sources:	22,223 * Ce 36,389	
1994 Income Support Participation	Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps Children under age 18 who received Medicaid Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month	

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Health

Education

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	% Low Birthweight	Infant Mortality Rate (# per 1000)	# Child Death	# Teen Violent Death	Avg. # Cases Child Medicaid	# Private School Enrollment	# Home School Enrollment	# Public School Enrollment	# Total School Enrollment	% Chapter 1 Remedial Ed.	% Special Education
	£6, 06,	66, 06,	66, 06	£6, 06	+6, 06 <i>,</i>	76,-26, 06,-68,	\$6~£6, 06,~68,	189-190 91-74	189-190 193-94	¥6,-£6, 06,-6 8 ,	89-790 793-94
Montana	5.8 6	9.0 7.4	49 104	99 95	9529 21,433	n/a 8170	n/a 2334	151,105 163,027	n/a 173,531	9.0 21.6	9.9 11.3
COUNTY					000000000000000000000000000000000000000						
Beaverhead	7.6 5.6	0.8.0	1 2	0 2	126 199	n/a 22	n/a 29		n/a 1825		*** '
Big Horn	5.4 4.1	7.0 4.1	0 4	2 4	133 284	n/a 435	n/a 18	2308 2515	n/a 2968	9	- :
Blaine	5.1 4.2	0 16.7	1 2	1 1	96 164	n/a 122	n/a 12	•	n/a 1778		
Broadwater	8.2 2.5	0 0	0 0	0 0	28 86	n/a 0	n/a 9	693 764	n/a 773		_
Carbon	4.9 12.9	12.0 23.5	0 1	1 0	68 203	n/a 0	n/a 35	1652 1711	n/a 1746	_	
Carter	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	7 13	n/a 0	n/a 21	205 228	n/a 249	9.9 2.0	
Cascade	6.4 5.5	9.0 54.7	7 10	2 7	1034 1812	ru/a 723	n/a 133	14,134 15,121	n/a 15,977		
Chouteau	3.2 4.8	0 0	0 0	0 0	23 56	n/a 0	n/a 17	1244 1114	n/a 1131	10.9 21.4	- 8
Custer	8.6 7.4	6.0 11.4	1 0	. 0	135 338	n/a 69	n/a 30	7	n/a 2450	•	*** '
Daniels	7.7 4.3	0 0	0 1	0 1	4 11	n/a 0	n/a 0	499 474	n/a 474	9 12	8
Dawson	3.7 3.0	0 10	0 1	2 0	88 220	n/a 0	n/a 42	1925 1820	n/a 1862		∭ '
Deer Lodge	5.8 5.1	17.0 0	0 0	1 0	205 380	n/a 0	n/a 4	1641 1722	n/a 1726	12.6 32.5	7
Fallon	2.4 0	0 0	0 1	1 0	19 28	nya 0	n/a 10	728 743	n/a 753		·
Fergus	6.6 2.0	12.0 0	-	- 1	77 222	n/a 36	n/a 43	2232 2437	n/a 2516	9000	
Flathead	5.1 5.4	11.0 4.6	5 9	4 5	640 1820	n/a 933	n/a 288	•	n/a 14,394		
Gallatin	7.1 7.6	2.0 5.9	2 8	2 3	310 914	n/a 720	n/a 131	7607 8823	n/a 9674		00000
Garfield	4.3 5.9	0 58.8	0 1	0 0	7 7	n/a 0	n/a 6	348 316	n/a 322	8.7 15.2	5.3 9.5

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Security

Economic Well-being

Social Behavior

# Out-of-Home Placements	fome nts	# Child Abuse & Neglect (confirmed)	buse & onfirmed)	# Children in Poverty		# Free & Reduced Meals	r weals	o Single Teens	Teens	# Alconol & Drug Treatment	atment	% Juvenile Crime	y = 4:
06,	.94	06,	.94	06,	,64	06,-68,	.9394	06,	.93	06,	.93	06,	*65*
3456 3	3580	11,029	5282	20.1	n/a	29,473	35,768	8	9.4	218	729	0.46	100
46	40	102	54	22	u/a	233	262	9.2	6.4	4	0	0.5	6.0
43	74	162	39	42.8	п/а	1125	1457	15.2	16.7	13	20	0	- :
52	72	103	70	34.5	n/a	625	763	12.8	15.8	10	15	99'0	1.2
1	17	n/a	72	19.3	n/a	131	143	4.1	7.5	-	-	0	0
36	28	160	48	20.4	n/a	294	314	2.4	4,6	2	3	0	0.3
4	-	n/a	10	37.2	п/а	37	55	8.3	0	0	2	0	0
466	435	1340	451	17.3	n/a	2704	3419	7.8	9.2	17	87	0	14.8
5	7	36	24	21.1	n/a	203	255	3.2	4.8	-	3	0.46	0.1
35	43	350	135	19	n/a	224	335	9.1	10.2	8	7	1.59	2.4
3	0	n/a	0	17.2	n/a	48	51	7.7	0	-	2	0	0
21	26	113	143	20.6	n/a	243	295	5.5	11	3	12	0.45	1.1
94	73	242	85	24.5	n/a	213	298	9.9	9.1	2	13	1.24	1.3
9	3	64	26	11.2	n/a	77	100	9.8	3.2		9	0	0.2
65	84	137	104	17.3	n/a	368	485	7.8	6.5	2	26	0.3	1.5
170	188	823	211	18.1	n/a	1904	2285	8.1	6.8	10	42	0.92	11,9
98	100	443	125	17.5	n/a	1291	1161	3.5	4.5	-	15	0	4.3
0	-	n/a	2	23.6	n/a	27	27	0	5.9	0	0	0.61	0



- % of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)
- See Data Notes and sources, page 48



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	"LowBirthweight	Infant Mortality Rate (# per 1000)	# Child Death	# Teen Violent Death	Avg. # Cases Child Medicaid	# Private School Enrollment	# Home School Enrollment	# Public School Enrollment	# Total School Enrollment	% Chapter 1 Remedial Ed.	% Special Education
	£6. 06,	£6, 06,	6, 06,	£6, 06,	,90	P6E6, 06,-68,	96,-66 , 06,-6 9 ,	8990 9394	P6,-E6, 06,-68	96-26 , 0668	189-190 '93- - 94
Montana	5.8 6	9.0 7.4	49 104	99 95	9529 21,433	n/a 8170	n/a 2334	151,105 163,027	n/a 173,531	9.0 21.6	9.9 11.3
COUNTY											
Glacier	3.9 7.3	4.0 8.1	0 3	3	101 222	n/a 0	n/a 66	2933 3184	n/a 3250	146 56.1	11.1 10.7
Golden Valley	8.3	0 0	0 0	0 0	3 10	n/a 0	n/a 3	151 194	n/a 197	7.4 15	10.1 15
Granite	6.1 5.3	0 0	0 0	0 0	28 32	n/a 0	n/a 24	519 538	n/a 562	12.2 20.8	10.9 12.8
ΞΞ	8.1 8.1	25.0 10.6	2 1	4	335 900	n/a 210	n/a 22	3421 3698	n/a 3930	10.6 14.2	8.4 9.8
Jefferson	6.7 3.4	0 0	0 0	2 0	43 117	n/a 0	n/a 53	1607 1847	n/a 1900	6.3 9.4	2.6 8.6
Judith Basin	3 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	7 36	n/a 0	n/a 7	420 470	n/a 477	8 22.8	6.5 8.3
Lake	46 56	15.0 9.8	1 3	3 2	441 1111	n/a 239	n/a 91	4241 4697	n/a 5027	11.1 26.3	8.1 10.5
Lewis and Clark	k 6.3 6.2	3.0 12.2	3 8	3 4	638 1436	n/a 156	n/a 137	9249 10,148	n/a 10,441	5 12.6	12.1 12.4
Liberty	9.5 3.9	0 0	0 0	0 0	3 9	n/a 0	n/a 15	523 558	n/a 573	4 18.5	7.2 7.7
Lincoln	6 5	9.0 9.1	1 3	1 3	218 466	n/a 16	n/a 152	3913 3981	n/a 4149	11.1 39.1	11.4 10
McCone	11.1 4	0 40	0 0	0 0	28 14	n/a 0	n/a 3	440 361	rya 364	8.6 30.8	9.4 15.2
Madison	2.6 9.4	0 15.6	0 1	0 1	99 6	n/a 0	n/a 29	1010 1083	n/a 1112	7.3 19.3	9.6 10
Meagher	4 4	0 0	0 1	1 0	15 28	n/a 24	n/a 18	297 317	rı/a 359	11.3 20.8	6 10.1
Mineral	0 2.5	0 0	1 0	0 0	45 106	n/a 39	n/a 14	867 916	n/a 969	8.8 28.9	11.3 12.6
Missoula	7.4 6.3	13.0 7.2	1 8	2 3	1123 2527	n/a 1078	n/a 107	13,191 14,513	n/a 15,698	6,3 18,9	11.1 11.7
Musselshell	2.4 7.3	24.0 0	0 3	0 2	33 88	n/a 4	n/a 20	834 878	n/a 902	12.7 30.4	12.5 12.6
Park	8.5 5.3	23.0 5.3	3 1	3 1	135 248	n/a 240	n/a 108	2173 2476	n/a 2824	8.3 19.9	11.1 13.1
Petroleum	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	1 3	n/a 0	n/a 0	100 98	n/a 98	14.7 15.3	8.9 12.2
Phillips	6.2 2.9	0 0	1 0	1 0	37 65	r/a 55	n/a 11	1076 1065	n/a 1131	13 29.4	7.9 8.9
-	<u>3</u> 5		*						00		

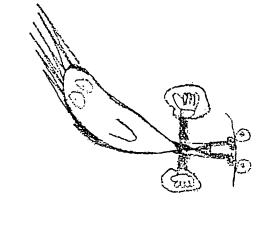




Security	Economic Well-being	Social Be

Behavior
Social

nile re	, 9 3*	100	0.5	0.2	0	5.6	6.0	0.2	4.4	-	0	m	0	0.2	0.1	0.5	10.1	0.2	2.3	0	0.3
% Juvenile Crime	8,	0.46	0	0	0	1.5	0.21	0	0.58	0	0	0.91	0.3	0.13	0	0.11	29'0	0.39	1.02	0	0.7
# Alcohol & rug Treatment	£6,	729	39	-	0	21	£	0	22	57	0	29	0	0	-	2	57	4	=	0	22
# Alcohol & Drug Treatment	06,	218	8	0	0	8	0	0	91	13	0	-	0	0	0	0	24	7	0	0	-
% Births to Single Teens	.93	9.4	20.6	0	10.5	15.9	12.5	0	11.8	9.3	3.8	9.5	8	6.3	4	9.8	7.3	12.2	5.3	0	2.9
% B to Singl	06,	80	20.2	0	0	5.3	3.8	0	11.7	9.4	2.4	8.8	3.7	7.9	4	8.8	5,7	2.4	6.2	0	6.6
	_	~		_		10			•	~		-		~		_		_	_	_	
# Free & Reduced Meals	¥6,-£6,	35,768	1594	4	125	1255	111	115	1832	1482	53	1054	35	168	25	224	3046	228	530	14	214
# F Reduc	06.~68.	29,473	1410	49	9/	974	108	89	1461	1234	68	334	133	4	75	162	2461	191	382	15	234
E 2-	76,	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	e/u	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	е/и	n/a	п/а	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
# Children in Poverty	.06,	20.1	4.14	26.4	32	22.3	7.8	16.2	27.4	15.5	16.4	17.3	22.2	25.1	19.6	25.9	19.3	2.8	20.7	28.4	20
buse &	,94	5282	119	0	23	130	48	5	185	. 217	-	107	2	36	5	115	535	14	126	3	28
# Child Abuse & Neglect (confirmed	06,	11,029	244	n/a	n/a	332	n/a	n/a	371	827	98	291	n/a	n/a	e/u	87	807	40	41	n/a	44
	.94	3580 1	159	5	8	104	28	-	173	222	6	95	3	21	6	23	361	22	20	-	14
# Out-of-Home Placements), 06,	3456 35	180 1	0	4	72 1	39	9	90 1	299 2	2	71	_	7	3	=	363 3	16	46	4	5
#	.	34	•			00000				7											



- % of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)
- See Data Notes and sources, page 48



Health

Education

	% Low Birthweight	Infant Mortality Rate (# per 1000)	# Child Death	# Teen Violent Death	Avg. # Cases Child Medicaid	# Private School Enrollment	# Home School Enrollment	# Public School Enrollment	# Total School Enrollment	% Chapter 1 Remedial Ed.	% Special Education
	66. 06.	£6, 06,	£6, 06;	£6, 06,	6, 06,	\$6~£6, 06~68.	189-190 193-194	189-190 93-94	.8990 .9394	P6,-16, 06,-68,	.8990° (9394
Montana	5.8 6	9.0 7.4	49 104	99 95	9529 21,433	n/a 8170	n/a 2334	151,105 163,027	n/a 173,531	9.0 21.6	9.9 11.3
COUNTY										·	
Pondera	5.4 5.8	9.0 0	0 0	1 0	47 112	n/a 52	n/a 25	1453 1537	n/a 1614	11 26.2	9.5 9.1
Powder River	*	45.0 0	0 0	0 0	4 12	n/a 0	n/a 4	408 389	n/a 393	6 42.7	8.3 15.7
Powell	5.1 1.4	0 13.7	2 0	0 0	61 89	n/a 0	n/a 32	1088 1159	n/a 1191	7.5 27.7	11.8 14.4
Prairie	10 7.7	0 0	0 0	0 0	4 10	n/a 0	n/a 2	275 246	n/a 248	3.9 18.3	8.5 11
Ravalli	4.2 7	6 6.1	3 5	1 3	283 720	n/a 315	n/a 62	4880 5861	n/a 6238	12.7 26	10.2 11.4
Richland	3.9 9.5	16.0 25.9	1	0 1	114 179	n/a 26	n/a 0	2443 2309	n/a 2335	7.1 10.7	7.8 10.4
Roosevelt	3.4 4.9	15.0 12.1	1 0	1 0	224 477	0 0	n/a 18	2683 2883	n/a 2901	12.4 46	6.4 14.3
Rosebud	22		3 3	1	79 125	n/a 410	п/а 38	2643 2698	n/a 3148	10.9 39.3	9 12.3
Sanders	7.2 6.8	36.0 22.7	0 0	2 0	105 188	n/a 0	n/a 42	1744 1999	n/a 2041	11.3 29.8	6.6 8.3
Sheridan	000	0 0	0 0	0 0	22 26	n/a 0	n/a 1	1002 925	n/a 926	10.8 28.3	8.1 8.8
Silver Bow			3 3	3 3	650 1356	n/a 635	n/a 48	5584 5836	n/a 6519	5.9 22	14.6 13.9
Stillwater	*	0 0	0 0	1 0	47 111	n/a 0	n/a 22	1424 1537	n/a 1559	8 16.1	13.3 14.1
Sweet Grass		0 0	0 0	0 0	15 50	n/a 10	n/a 5	589 602	n/a 617	9.3 5.3	8.9 10.6
Teton	6.3 7.6	16.0 12.7	1 0	0 0	20 79	n/a 11	n/a 18	1266 1406	n/a 1435	7.2 12.5	8.4 9.8
Toole		0 13.3	0 0	1 0	41 82	n/a 8	n/a 15	1042 1151	n/a 1174	17.1 22.9	11.1 10.8
Treasure	888	0 0	0 0	0 0	4 8	n/a 0	n/a 9	181 187	n/a 196	4.9 10.2	11 9.6
Vallev	0.9 2.6	28.0 0	0 0	0 0	89 176	n/a 42	n/a 21	1697 1631	n/a 1694	10.5 24.3	5.5 10.2
, Wheatland	3.6 6.1	0 0	1 0	1 0	14 43	n/a 43	n/a 0	435 459	n/a 502	10.4 29	8 13.1
Wibaux	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	10 11	n/a 0	n/a 1	247 226	n/a 227	12.4 16.4	11.8 11.1
Yellowstone	5.6 6.7	9.0 7.1	4 18	7 10	1408 3234	n/a 1497	n/a 263	20,482 22,234	n/a 23,994	7.8 16.7	11.7 13.1
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		.93*	100	0.4	0.1	6.8	0	3.9	0.5	6.9	1.3	7	0.3	6.3	0	0	0.5	Ŋ	-	6	-	٥	5
	% Juvenile Crime	6, 06,	0.46 10	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0.7	0.35 0	0 0		28	0 0		0	0	0 0.	7 0.5	0 0.1	6.0 6	0 0.1	0	0.6 14.5
avior	%	٠,	7.0					·	0		0.37	0.28		0.91				0.07		0.49			0
Behi	# Alcohol & Drug Treatment	66,	729	7	2	4	0	9	80	91	15	6	2	39	m		-	٣	0	6	4	-	81
Social Behavior	# Alco Drug Tr	06,	218	-	0	0	-	4	5	14	7	7	0	7	2	0	-	-	0	0	0	0	26
. ت	ths Teens	-63	9.4	5.8	15.2	12.3	7.7	8.5	10.3	19.4	13.1	6.8	5.4	1.5	8.1	8.3	1.3	9.3	28.6	12.2	6.1	0	8.6
	% Births to Single Teens	06,	æ	5.4	4.5	12.7	0	5.1	6.3	18.1	11.5	6	0	10.8	4	6.3	4.7	4.3	27.3	9.3	3.6	8.3	7.6
	e & I Meals	93-,64	35,768	473	34	200	35	946	397	1600	916	639	125	1267	194	37	242	165	52	388	72	47	4085
nic 2iTig	# Free & Reduced Meals	06,-68,	29,473	432	40	991	29	807	342	1202	701	458	143	1187	142	26	152	173	35	356	83	53	3679
Economic Well-being																							
E. Lle	lren erty	-94	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	e/u	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	# Children in Poverty	06,	20.1	18.2	25	27.6	13.7	23.5	16.7	35.7	25.4	23.9	22.1	1.6.1	11.9	11.7	19.4	17.7	20.5	22.1	23	19.4	15
	use & ifirmed)	94	5282	48	4	115	0	116	115	199	40	53	. 20	270	72	29	70	24	-	23	43	19	723
<u> </u>	# Child Abuse & Neglect (confirmed)	06,	11,029	21	n/a	147	n/a	240	164	71	1	138	89	736	09	57	69	n/a	n/a	93	37	n/a	1815
Security	* ž		= -																				_
S	Out-of-Home Placements	794	3580	77	ю	49	0	19	20	117	20	45	12	146	25	13	33	22	0	78	13	-	517
	Out-of-Hom Placements	8	56	=	2	43	0	72	20	66	26	30	7	49	20	9	24	6	0	61	9	_	53



- % of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)
- See Data Notes and sources, page 48



CORE INDICATORS

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<u>School Enrollment</u> is the total school enrollment for a given year including students receiving home instruction and attending private school. Source: Office of Public Instruction for school year 1993–94. (1989–90 data unavailable)

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Percent of Children in Poverty is the percentage of related children under age 18 who live in families with incomes below the U.S. poverty threshold, as defined by the Bureau of the Census. Related children includes the family head's children by birth, marriage, or adoption, as well as other persons under age 18 who are related to the family head. In 1989, the poverty threshold for a family of four persons was \$12,675. Source: Census and Economic Information Center, Montana Department of Commerce, Helena, MT. 1990 Standard File Tape 3.

<u>Special Education</u> is the percent of children enrolled in public primary and secondary schools as of October 1 of a given year who have written individual educational plans and are receiving services from a special education program. Source: Office of Public Instruction for school years 1989–90 and 1993–94.

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Teen Violent Death, Ages 15–19 is the number of deaths to resident teens, ages 15–19, due to accidents, homicide or suicide. The data are reported by county of residence. Source: 1990 and 1993 Vital Statistics of the Bureau of Vital Records and Statistics, Department of Health and Environmental Science, Holong MT

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COUNTY PROFILES

Children Under Age 6 with Both or Only Parent in the Labor Force is the number of children under age 6 living with one or both parents whose parent(s) is/are in the labor force. A parent can be by birth, marriage, or adoption. Source: Census and Economic Information Center, Montana Department of Commerce, Helena, MT. 1990 Standard File Tape 3, Tables 21 and 23.

Children Under Age 18 with Both or Only Parent in the Labor Force is the number of children under age 18 living with one or both parents whose parent(s) is/are in the labor force. A parent can be by birth, marriage, or adoption. Source: Census and Economic Information Center, Montana Department of Commerce, Helena, MT. 1990 Standard Tape File 3, Tables 21 and 23.

Children Under 18 who are not Living with a Parent is the number of children who do not live in the same household with at least one of their parents, regardless of whether the parent(s) heads (head) the household. A parent can be by birth, marriage, or adoption. Source: Census and Economic Information Center, Montana Department of Commerce, Helena, MT. 1990 Standard Tape File 3, Tables P-23, P-26, and P-41.

Children who are not in School and not in the <u>Labor Force</u>, Ages 16-19 is the number of children ages 16 through 19 who are not enrolled in public school and not in the paid labor force. Source: Census and Economic Information Center, Montana Department of Commerce. Helena, MT. 1990 Standard Tape File 3.

Head Start is the number of children under age 5 enrolled in a Head Start Program on November 1 of the program year. Data are reported by county of residence of child being served. Some counties do not have a Head Start Program available. Source: Head Start Expansion, 1993 Summary of County Data, Administration for Children and Families, Department of Health and Human Services, Denver, CO.

<u>Median Income</u> divides the income distribution into two equal parts, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below. Source: Census and Economic Information Center, Montana Department of Commerce, Helena, MT.

Median Income of Households is the median income of households during the years 1991, 1992, and 1993. Source: Press Briefing on 1993 Income and Poverty Estimates, U.S. Bureau of the Census,

Percent of Children in Single Parent Families is the percentage of related children under age 18 who live in families headed by a person without a spouse present in the home. Related children include the family head's children by birth, marriage, or adoption, as well as other persons under age 18 who are related to the family head. Source: Census and Economic Information Center, Montana Department of Commerce, Helena, MT. 1990 Standard Tape 3.

Percent of Persons In Poverty is the percent of persons in Montana (not just children) who are in poverty according to the Federal definition during the years of 1991, 1992 and 1993. Source: Press Briefing on 1993 Income and Poverty Estimates, U.S. Bureau of the Census, October 6, 1994.

Percent of Persons Not Covered by Health Insurance is the percent of persons in Montana (not just children) who are not covered by health insurance during the years 1991, 1992 and 1993. Source: Press Briefing on 1993 Income and Poverty Estimates, U.S. Bureau of the Census, October 6, 1994.

<u>Sexually Transmitted Diseases</u> is the number of cases of sexually transmitted diseases among children and youths, ages 19 and younger, as reported by county health departments. Source: STD Program, Preventive Health Services Bureau, Department of Health and Environmental Sciences, Helena, MT.

Women in the <u>Labor Force with Youngest Child Age 6-17</u> is the number of women ages 16 and over (regardless of marital status) whose youngest child is between ages 6 and 17 and who are in the paid labor force. Source: Census and Economic Information Center, Montana Department of Commerce, Helena, MT. 1990 Standard Tape File 3.

Women in the <u>Labor Force with Youngest Child Under Age 6</u> is the number of women ages 16 and over (regardless of marital status) whose youngest child is under age 6 and who are in the paid labor force. Source: Census and Economic Information Center, Montana Department of Commerce, Helena, MT. 1990 Standard Tape File 3.

HIGH-RISK FAMILY INDEX

High-risk family index is the percentage of all live births that are to women under age 20 who have one or more risk factors at the time of the birth. The risk factors are: having less than a high school education, being unmarried, or being under age 20. The index shows the number of first births to women with one risk factor-being less than 20 years of age; with two risk factors-being less than 20 years of age and unmarried; with two risk factors-being less than 20 years of age and having less than 12 years of education. Source: 1990 and 1992 Vital Statistics of the Bureau of Vital Records and Statistics, Department of Health and Environmental Sciences, Helena, MT.

 $\underline{A \ Family}$ is two or more persons related by blood, marriage or adoption. Source: Census and Economics Information Center, Montana Department of Commerce, Helena, MT.

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MAPS, GRAPHS AND TABLES

DISPLAY		SOURCE	PAGE	DISPLAY	SOURCE
State Map of 1990 Population (youths/total)		U.S. Census Bureau	7 7	Composite of Irends in Economic Well-Being (1991-1993)	1995 National Rids Count Data Book (Annie E. Casey Foundation)
Comparison 1991-1993 Neonatal Infant Morality Rate	٠	Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana	27	State Map of Free and Reduced Meals (1993-94)*	Office of Public Instruction, State of Montana
Components of 1994 Montana Violent Teen Deaths		Department of Justice, State of Montana	29	State Map of Children in Poverty (1990)*	U. S. Census Bureau
State Comparison of Medical Assistance (Medicaid) 1993-1994	,	Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana	32	Comparison of Births to Teens (1988-1993)	Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana
Composite of Special Education Services of Montana Children and Youths (1993-94)		Office of Public Instruction, State of Montana	34	State Map of Juvenile Crime (1993)*	Department of Justice, Board of Crime Control, State of Montana
l Enrollment 4)	0%	Office of Public Instruction, State of Montana	14	Montana Key Facts	* Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana
State Map of Special Education Of Enrollment (1993-94)*	£ Q	Office of Public Instruction, State of Montana			APUC, rood stamp, Medicald (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services,
Comparison of Foster Care (1993 and 1994) and Child Abuse (1993 and 1994)	దే చే	Department of Family Services, State of Montana			 State of Montana ▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana
Components of Confirmed Child D Abuse and Neglect (1993-1994) St	ದ ೫	Department of Family Services, State of Montana			 Montana Health Care Authority, Helena, Montana
Composite of Economic Well-Being U (1991-1994) St	⊃0 <i>\$</i> i	U. S. Census Bureau Office of Public Instruction, State of Montana	★ Maps interm	 Maps used in this book are divided into approximately equal thirds, producing lowest third, intermediate third, highest third to graphically represent the occurance in the county relative to the rest of the counties. 	ely equal thirds, producing lowest third, sent the occurance in the county relative to

^{50 ▼} A project of Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies – The Montana Coalition. Funded through a grant from the Annie E. Casey Foundation



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A special thanks to The Annie E. Casey Foundation for their vision, support and funds.

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Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies

Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies-The Montana Coalition's mission is to improve the health of mothers and children in

Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies Vision:

Every child in Montana is entitled to the opportunity to be raised in a healthy emotional, physical, and spiritual

resources to enhance the ability of each child's family to To do this, communities must coordinate efforts and fulfill its responsibility to children.

children and their families through collaborative commu-HMHB is a catalyst for the health and well-being of nity partnerships based on an atmosphere of mutual integrity, honesty, fairness, and respect.

Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies Strategic Directives are: HMHB is committed to maximizing the potential of HMHB is committed to reducing infant mortality. every child.

HMHB commits to improving access to health care for HMHB commits to promoting primary prevention.

Montana's families with young children.

HMHB is a catalyst for developing a family perspective in community, school and health-care services.

HMHB is committed to provide public education to promote healthy choices for families.

HMHB is committed to educating policy makers at the local, state and federal levels regarding maternal and child health needs.

HMHB is committed to the collection, analysis and dissemination of child and family data

wise, RISK more than others think Excellence can be attained if you is safe, DREAM more than others think is practical, EXPECT more CARE more than others think is than others think is possible.

--Anonymous





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CORE INDICATORS

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Private School Enrollment is the number of students attending a private school during a given year. Source: Office of Public Instruction for school year 1993–94. (1989–90 data unavailable)

<u>Public School Enrollment</u> is the number of students attending a public school during a given school year. Source: Office of Public Instruction for school years 1989–90 and 1993–94.

<u>School Enrollment</u> is the total school enrollment for a given year including students receiving home instruction and attending private school. Source: Office of Public Instruction for school year 1993–94. (1989–90 data unavailable)

<u>Percent of Children in Poverty</u> is the percentage of related children under age 18 who live in families with incomes below the U.S. poverty threshold, as defined by the Bureau of the Census. Related children includes the family head's children by birth, marriage, or adoption, as well as other persons under age 18 who are related to the family head. In 1989, the poverty threshold for a family of four persons was \$12,675. Source: Census and Economic Information Center, Montana Department of Commerce, Helena, MT. 1990 Standard File Tape 3.

<u>Special Education</u> is the percent of children enrolled in public primary and secondary schools as of a October 1 of a given year who have written individual educational plans and are receiving services from a special education program. Source: Office of Public Instruction for school years 1989–90 and 1993–94.

Teen Violent Death, Ages 15–19 is the number of deaths to resident teens, ages 15–19, due to accidents, homicide or suicide. The data are reported by county of residence. Source: 1990 and 1993 Vital Statistics of the Bureau of Vital Records and Statistics, Department of Health and Environmental

althy Mathers. Healthy Babies - The Montana Coalition. Funded through a grant from the Annie E. Casey Foundation



COUNTY PROFILES

marriage, or adoption. Source: Census and Economic Information Center, Montana Department of Children Under Age 6 with Both or Only Parent in the Labor Force is the number of children under age 6 living with one or both parents whose parent(s) is/are in the labor force. A parent can be by birth, Commerce, Helena, MT. 1990 Standard File Tape 3, Tables 21 and 23.

age 18 living with one or both parents whose parent(s) is/are in the labor force. A parent can be by Children Under Age 18 with Both or Only Parent in the Labor Force is the number of children under birth, marriage, or adoption. Source: Census and Economic Information Center, Montana Department of Commerce, Helena, MT. 1990 Standard Tape File 3, Tables 21 and 23.

Children Under 18 who are not Living with a Parent is the number of children who do not live in the same household with at least one of their parents, regardless of whether the parent(s) heads (head) the household. A parent can be by birth, marriage, or adoption. Source: Census and Economic Information Center, Montana Department of Commerce, Helena, MT. 1990 Standard Tape File 3, Tables P-23, P-26, and P-41.

Children who are not in School and not in the Labor Force, Ages 16-19 is the number of children ages 16 through 19 who are not enrolled in public school and not in the paid labor force. Source: Census and Economic Information Center, Montana Department of Commerce. Helena, MT. 1990 Standard rape File 3. <u>Head Start</u> is the number of children under age 5 enrolled in a Head Start Program on November 1 of the program year. Data are reported by county of residence of child being served. Some counties do not have a Head Start Program available. Source: Head Start Expansion, 1993 Summary of County Data, Administration for Children and Families, Department of Health and Human Services, Denver, CO.

Median Income divides the income distribution into two equal parts, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below. Source: Census and Economic Information Center, Montana Department of Commerce, Helena, MT.

<u>Median Income of Households</u> is the median income of households during the years 1991, 1992, and 1993. Source: Press Briefing on 1993 Income and Poverty Estimates, U.S. Bureau of the Census, October 6, 1994.

Percent of Children in Single Parent Families is the percentage of related children under age 18 who live in families headed by a person without a spouse present in the home. Related children include the family head's children by birth, marriage, or adoption, as well as other persons under age 18 who are related to the family head. Source: Census and Economic Information Center, Montana Department of Commerce, Helena, MT. 1990 Standard Tape 3.

Percent of Persons In Poverty is the percent of persons in Montana (not just children) who are in poverty according to the Federal definition during the years of 1991, 1992 and 1993. Source: Press Briefing on 1993 Income and Poverty Estimates, U.S. Bureau of the Census, October 6, 1994.

children) who are not covered by health insurance during the years 1991, 1992 and 1993. Source: ; Percent of Persons Not Covered by Health Insurance is the percent of persons in Montana (not just Press Briefing on 1993 Income and Poverty Estimates, U.S. Bureau of the Census, October 6, 1994.

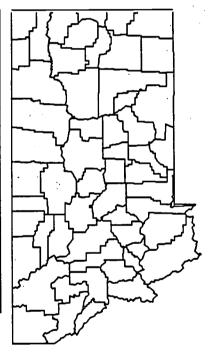
<u>Sexually Transmitted Diseases</u> is the number of cases of sexually transmitted diseases among children and youths, ages 19 and younger, as reported by county health departments. Source: STD Program, Preventive Health Services Bureau, Department of Health and Environmental Sciences, Helena, MT.

(regardless of marital status) whose youngest child is between ages 6 and 17 and who are in the paid Women in the Labor Force with Youngest Child Age 6-17 is the number of women ages 16 and over labor force. Source: Census and Economic Information Center, Montana Department of Commerce, Helena, MT. 1990 Standard Tape File 3. Women in the <u>Labor Force with Youngest Child Under Age 6</u> is the number of women ages 16 and over (regardless of marital status) whose youngest child is under age 6 and who are in the paid labor force. Source: Census and Economic Information Center, Montana Department of Commerce, Helena, MT. 1990 Standard Tape File 3.

HIGH-RISK FAMILY INDEX

education, being unmarried, or being under age 20. The index shows the number of first births to women with one risk factor-being less than 20 years of age; with two risk factors-being less than 20 years of age and unmarried; with two risk factors-being less than 20 years of age and having less than High-risk family index is the percentage of all live births that are to women under age 20 who have one or more risk factors at the time of the birth. The risk factors are: having less than a high school 12 years of education. Source: 1990 and 1992 Vital Statistics of the Bureau of Vital Records and Statistics, Department of Health and Environmental Sciences, Helena, MT. A Family is two or more persons related by blood, marriage or adoption. Source: Census and Economics Information Center, Montana Department of Commerce, Helena, MT.

MONTANA



Key Facts

1990 Census Datat			1993 High Risk Family Formation Index	Tudex		
	700 065	100 %	Resident Live Births	•	11,362	100%
Total Population	£30.938	2.50	Births to mothers under age 20		1,419	12.5%
Median Income of families-married couple	430,320 €10,831		Births to mothers under age 20 & not married	ırried⁴	1,067	9.5%
Median income of families-male only Median Income of families-female only*	\$12,446		Births to mothers under age 20 & education less than grade 12	ion less than gra		7.1%
Population under age 18	222,104	27.8%				
Minority population under age 18	26,660	12.0%	Other Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
Children under age 6 with both or only parent in labor force		58.4%	Median Income of Households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
Children under age 18 with both or only parent in labor force	_	00.2% 10.4%	Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families Children under age 18 who are not living with a parent	43,003	6.4% 17.6%	Percent of persons not covered by health Insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
Women in labor force with youngest child under age $^{\circ}$ 1 2 8 Women in labor force with youngest child ages 6–17 $^{\circ}$ 1 children are 16–19 not in school and not in the labor force		25.8% 28.9%	Sexually Transmitted Disease cases among children & youth (0–19yrs)*	n/a	905	725
						57

Sources:	■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana	 Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana Montana Health Care Authority 	
	22,223 36,389	39,131	00,01
1994 Income Support Participation	Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC	Children under age 18 who received Medicaid	Average number of children under age 5 who received with per month

STATE

STATE

COUNTY [Current Year]		7.4	104	99	21,433		8,170	2,334	163,027	173,531	21.6	11.3		3,580	5,282		"n/a"	35,768		9.4	729	100	
INDICATOR	Health	Telcell Low bij nive Brit Dance (1777) 2000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	Number, Of Child Deaths (Age 1: 14)[193]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93]	Avg. Number Of Cases For Child Medicald [194]	Education	Number Private School Enrollment ['93, 94]	Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Number Public School Enrollment [1937:194]	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Percent Chapter I Remedial Education [193-94]	Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security	Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194]	Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being	Number Of Children In Poverty, [194]	Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior	Percent Births To Single Teens [193]	No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] *	Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10 17) [1931	
COUNTY 1990	Standard Constants in the Standard Constants in the	0.0 % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % %	49.56	56	9,529		n/a	n/a	151,105	n/a	6	6.6		3,456	11,029		20.1	29,473		8	218	0.46	

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

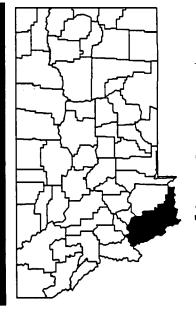
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[Current Year]	6 6 7.4 7.4 104 66 66 66	2,334 2,334 163,027 173,531 11.3	5,282	35,768	9.4 729 100
1990	5.8 9 49 56 56	n/a n/a 151 105 n/a 9.9	3,456 11,029	29,473	218 218

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Beaverhead



Key Facts

1990 Census Data	County 1990	1990	Montana 1990	1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993	Monta	Montana 1993
	8.424		799.065	100.%	Resident live births	42 100%	11,362	100%
of families married couple* (1	431 658		\$30,928		Births to mothers under age 20*	8 19.0%	1,419	12.5%
	\$46,250		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	7 16.7%	1,067	9.5%
•	\$6,936		\$12,446		not married*			1
	2,341	27.8%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	7 16.7%	808	7.1%
Minority population under age 18	112	4.8%	26,660	12.0%	education less than grade 12			
Children under age 6 with both or only	432	29%	40,740	58.4%	Court Nov. Earth At A Change	1001	1002	1003
parent in labor force				,	Omer state hey racts At A dialice	1221	1336	1333
Children under age 18 with both or only	1,561	%8.99	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
parent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families	373	15.9%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of percent and covered			
Children under age 18 who are not living	92	3.9%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent		1		41 (0)	Sexually transmitted disease cases			
Women in labor force with youngest child	967	%/:/1	30,105	0/0./1	among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a	902	725
under age b	427	75 3%	44 134	75.8%	-		-	
Women in labor lorce with youngest clinic	77	. 27.57						13
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	80	18.2%	2,279	28.9%		(1
in the labor force					<u> </u>)		
407								
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:		•	
Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC	•	144	2	22,223	 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana 	Sarment of Comme		E
Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps	stamps	280	Ē.	36,389	■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social &	tment of Social &		
Children under age 18 who received Medicaid		337	m	39,131	Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana			Kids
Apprison of with a section and the section of the s	ما•	162	_	16 687	▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana	nces, State of Monta		



- Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana
 - AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana

39,131 16,687

144 280 337 163

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

- ▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana
- ♦ Montana Health Care Authority



133

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STATE [Current Year]

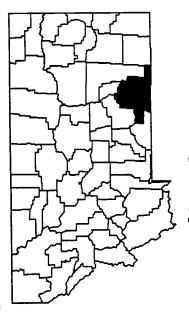
STATE 1990

COUNTY [Current Year]	5.6	2	199	22 22	1025	21.7 8.3	54	"n/a" 262	0	6.0
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1.14) [93]	Avg. Number Of Cases For Child Medicaid [94]	Education Number Private School Enrollment 1933-194	— F	Total School Enrollment ('93 - '94) Percent Chapter I. Remedial Education ('93 - 94) Percent Special Education ('93 - '94)	Security Number Gut-Of-Home Placements [194] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being Number Of Children In Poverty [94] Number Free And Reduced Meals [94]	Social Behavior Percent Births To. Single Teens [193] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions [193] *	Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10, 17) [93]*
COUNTY 1990	7.6		126	n/a	n/a	n/a 12.7	46	22	9.2	0.5

	e (2000) Anne (2000) Anne (2000) Anne (2000) Anne (2000) Anne (2000) Anne (2000)			Monton
7.4 7.4 104 E S	2,334 2,334 163027 173,531 11.3	5,282	35,768	9.4 729 100
5.8 9 249 56 56	n/a 151,105 n/a 9.9	3,456 11,029	29,473	218 0.46



Big Horn



Key Facts

	County 1000	1000	Montana 1990	1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993		Montana 1993
1990 Census Data	Coulity	200			Designation higher	84 100%	11.362	100%
Total Population	11,337		299,065	100.%	Kesident live births		1.419	12.5%
Attachment families married couple*	\$23,454		\$30,928		Births to momers under age 20		100	/65
Median income of families—manice codes	\$19,135		\$19.821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	30 35.7%	\90' -	9.5%
Median income of families—frage of ing	46 340		¢12 446		not married			1
Median income of families-female only*	0100	701	044,214	21	Rirths to mothers under age 20 &	19 22.6%	808 808	7.1%
Population under age 18	4,156	35.7%	222,104	%9.77	Aducation less than grade 12			
Attaches and attaches age 18	2,899	%8.69	26,660	12.0%				
Minority population united ago 19	699	46.5%	40.740	58.4%		,	(0
Children under age 6 With both of Only					Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
parent in labor force	2,071	52.9%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
Children under age 16 Willi bolli of Olliy						15 50	12 8%	14 9%
parent in labor torce	1116	%0 %C	42 OOE	19.4%	Percent of persons in povery	0/00	20.0	2
Children in single parent families	01/	0/ 6:07	45,005	0/+/0	Percent of persons not covered		•	,
Children under age 18 who are not living	869	16.8%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
Compared to the compared to th					Sevinally transmitted dispase cases			
will a pareill Women in labor force with youngest child	526	25.4%	30,165	17.6%	among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a	902	725
under age 6							•	
Women in labor force with youngest child	531	25.6%	44,134	25.8%		(C	-	*
J Dapes 6-17					7	9		Ť
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	83	58.5%	2,279	28.9%		2n		
in the lahor force					_	_		
						7		
Constant Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:			
Income Support I at the parties				27.77	 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, 	vartment of Comme		
Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC	ָר. בַּבַּרָרָ	731	•	52,223	State of Montana	•	_	
Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps	od stamps	1,277	•, •	36,389	■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social &	tment of Social &		
Children under age 18 who received Medicaid		948	•	39,131	Kenabilitation Services, State of Montaria	A		KIDN
Phonicon of the second of the	◆ bouton	153		16.687	▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana	nces, state of Morice		

▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana ◆ Montana Health Care Authority

16,687

948 153

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month



137

A project of Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies - The Montana Coalition. Funded through a grant from the Annie E. Casey Foundation

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STATE

COUNTY Current Year	4 1	4	284	435 18	2,515	49.4	39	"n/a" 1,457	16.7 20 111
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1:14) [93]	Avg Number Of Cases For Child Medicaid (194) Education	Number Private School Enrollment ['93 '94] Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Number Public School Enfollment [193: 194] Total School Enrollment [193 - 194]	Percent Chapter 1 Remedial Education [93-94] Percent Special Education ['93-'94]	Security Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) [194]	Economic Well-Being Number Of Children In Poverty [194] Number Free And Reduced Meals [194]	Social Behavior Percent Births To Single Teens [93] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions [93] * Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10 - 17) [93] *
COUNTY 1990	5.4	0	2	n/an/n/an/n/a	2 <mark>.308.</mark> n/a	14.4	43 162	.42.8 1,125	15.2

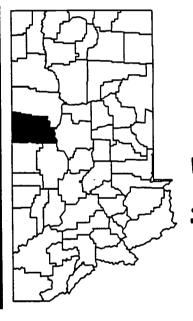
* Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)
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Shading! 8,170 3,580 21,433 104 n/a Current Year) 9 9.4 21.6 163,027 . 100 173,531 35,768 2,334 5,282 11.3 729 99 . n/a. _= 151,105 3,456 20.1 8 49 9,529 0.46 5.8 11,029 29,473 6 STATE 218 1990 n/a n/a 56 9.9

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Blaine



Key Facts

Aontana 1993

100% 12.5%

,419

1,362

9.5%

/90′

7.1%

808

1990 Census Data	County	, 1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index County 1993	County 1	993	Mon
Total Benefation	6.7.38		799.065	100.%	Resident live births	38 10	100%	11,362
lotal Population	£25,25		\$30,928		Births to mothers under age 20	19 50.	50.0%	1,419
Median income of familiar male only*	413 750		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	16 42.	42.1%	1,067
Median income of families—male only	40 501		\$12 446		not married [▲]			
Median income of Tamilies-Temale Only	100'64	6	7777	71 00/	Births to mothers under age 20 &	13 34.2%	2%	808
Population under age 18	2,234	33.2%	777,104	0/.0./7	ediretion less than grade 12	•		
Minority population under age 18	1,191	53.3%	76,660	12.0%	1. 22.0			
Children under age 6 with both or only	406	57.1%	40,740	58.4%		,	,	9
narent in labor force					Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991		1992
Children under age 18 with both or only	1,371	63.6%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,	27,319
parent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.	13.8%
Children in single parent families	899	29.9%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered			
Children under age 18 who are not living	222	6.6%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	6	9.4%
with a parent		6	30100	17 60/	Sexually transmitted disease cases			
Women in labor force with youngest child	765	70.5%	30,165	0/.0./	among children & youth (0-19yrs)	r∕a	•	905
under age 6		;						-
Women in labor force with youngest child	349	27.1%	44,134	72.8%				-
ages 6-17				30		Ę		
Children age 16-19 not in school and not	15	37.5%	6/7'7	78.9%		<u></u>		
in the labor force								

26,398 14.9%

1993

15.3%

725



Sources:

Montana 1994 22,223 36,389 39,131 16,687

County 1992

478 544

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Income Support Participation

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana

■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana

▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana

◆ Montana Health Care Authority



A project of Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies - The Montana Coalition. Funded through a grant from the Annie E. Casey Foundation

COUNTY [Current Year]	4.2	1	164	122 12	1,644	9.3	72.	763	15.8 15
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [1931] Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) [193]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1:14) [93] Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) [93]	Avg. Number Of cases For Child Medicaid [194] Education	Number Private School Enrollment [193-194] Number Home School Enrollment [193-194]	Number Public School Enrollment [1931-194] Total School Enrollment [193 - 194]	Percent Chapter 1 Remedial Education ['93:-94]	Security Number Out Of Home Placements [94] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being Number Of Children in Poverty [94] Number Free And Reduced Meals [94]	Social Behavior Percent Births To Single Teens [93] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions [93] Percent [uvenile Crime (Age 10 - 17) [93]*
COUNTY 1990	0		96	n/a	1.485 n/a	104	52	34.5 625	12.8

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

Sales Sales 163,027 8,170 9.4 104 21.6 [Current Year] 9. 3,580 35,768 173,531 STATE 2,334 5,282 11.3 7298 : n/a ; 151,105 3,456 20.1 49 9,529 5.8 6 11,029 29,473 STATE n/a 218 1990 n/a 9.9

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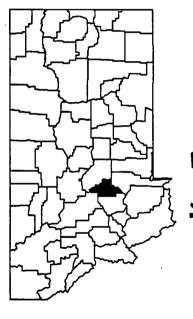




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Broadwater



Key Facts

1990 Census Data	County 1990	1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index County 1993 Montana 1993	County 1993	Montar	1993
Total Population	3,318		799,065	100.%	Resident live births	17 100%	11,362	100%
Modian income of families_married counter	\$31,034		\$30,928		Births to mothers under age 20	2 11.8%	1,419	12.5%
Median income of familiar male only*	\$25,625		£19 871		Births to mothers under age 20 &	2 11.8%	1,067	9.5%
Median income of families formule only	\$6,021		\$12,446		not married [*]			
Median income of families—refinale only	120,04) 0 0	7777	71 00/	Riths to mothers under age 20 &	2 11.8%	808	7.1%
Population under age 18	955	78.8%	777,104	%9.77	oducation loss than grade 12	1)	<u>:</u>
Minority population under age 18	36	3.8%	26,660	12.0%	education less tilan glade 12			
Children under age 6 with both or only	162	%2'09	40,740	58.4%				
parent in labor force			•		Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
Children under age 18 with both or only	627	68.8%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
parent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families	162	17.0%	43,005	19.4%	Porcent of persons not covered			
Children under age 18 who are not living	22	%0.9	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent	1	;	1	;	Sexually transmitted disease cases			
Women in labor force with youngest child	66	15.5%	30,165	17.6%	among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a	905	725
under age o Women in Jahor force with voungest child	205	32.0%	44,134	25.8%		K.		
ages 6–17						Z.X.		
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	2	6.1%	2,279	28.9%		· P		
in the labor force					لل			
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:			

- Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana
 - AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana

36,389

39,131

153 172 68

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps

Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Average number of children under age 5 who received \(\frac{1}{4} \) WIC per month

22,223

16,687

- ▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana
- ◆ Montana Health Care Authority



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COUNTY [Current Year]	255		98	6	764 773	10.7	72	143	1
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age.) 114) [93]	Number Of Leen Violent Deaths (Age 13 - 19) [33] Avg. Number Of Cases For Child Medicaid [94]	Education Number Private School Enrollment [93: 194] Number Home School Enrollment [193 - 194]	Number Public School Enrollment [193 * 194] Total School Enrollment [193 - 194]	Percent Chapter 1. Remedial Education [1933-194] Percent Special Education [193 - 194]	Security Number Out Of Home Placements [194] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being Number Of Children In Roverty [194] Number Free And Reduced Meals [194]	Social Behavior Percent Births To Single Teens [93] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] * Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10 - 17) [193] *
COUNTY 1990	8.2	0 300	0 28	n/a	693	21	n/a"	1933	1

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

では、 8,170 3,580 n/a 9 Current Year 21.6 21,433 104 9.4 35,768 163,027 173,531 2,334 STATE 5,282 11.3 729 3,456 8 151,105 n/a 49 5.8 6 20.1 9,529 11,029 29,473 STATE 218 n/a n/a 1990

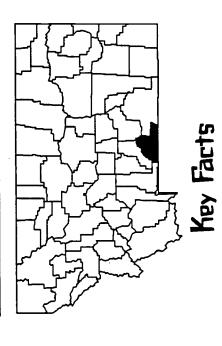
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1990 Census Data	County 1990	, 1990	Montana 1990	а 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993		Montana 1993
Total Domination	8.080		799.065	100.%	Resident live births	33 100%	11,362	100%
aluca parried comple	\$27.215		\$30,928		Births to mothers under age 20	8 24.2%	1,419	12.5%
	\$11,667		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	8 24.2%	1,067	9.5%
· ·	\$11,591		\$12,446		not married		Ġ	į
	2,177	26.9%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	5 15.2%	80 80 80	7.1%
Minority population under age 18	29	3.1%	26,660	12.0%	education less than grade 12			
Children under age 6 with both or only	327	58.7%	40,740	58.4%		1		
parent in labor force					Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
Children under age 18 with both or only	1,428	%2'.29	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
parent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families	332	15.3%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of percent not covered			
Children under age 18 who are not living	109	2%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent	1	,	•	Š	Sexually transmitted disease cases			
Women in labor force with youngest child	254	16.6%	30,165	1/.6%	among children & youth (0-19yrs)▲	n/a	902	725
under age 6				,			-	
Women in labor force with youngest child	469	30.6%	44,134	25.8%	9/10		-	
ages 6–17			i	1		6		
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	0	%0	2,279	28.9%		<u></u>		
in the labor force								
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:			Social
Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC	_)(119	2	22,223	 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana 	Darimeni of Commer	_	
Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps	d stamps	217	e.	36,389	■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social &	tment of Social &	₹,	
Children under age 18 who received Medicaid		186	3	39,131	Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana			SOL
Average number of children under age 5 who received	eived▲	41	_	16,687	▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana	nces, State of Monta		

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◆ Montana Health Care Authority

Children under age 18 who received Medicaid Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month



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COUNTY [Current Year]	objective of the state of the s	12.9	23.5		-	203		0	35		1,746	18.3	2.6		28	48	A public	In/a"	314		9.4	3	0.3	
INDICATOR	Health	Percent Low Birthweight, Babies ([93] : ***	Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1:14)[93]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93]	Avg. Number Of Cases For Child Medicald [194]	Education	Number Private School Enrollment ['93-'94]	Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Number Public School Enrollment [93: 94]	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Percent Chapter 1. Remedial Education 193-94	Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security	Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194]	Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being	Number Of Children In Boverty ['94]	Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior	Percent Births To Single Teens [193]	No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] *	0 Percent Juvenile Grime (Age 10 - 17) [193]	10001 of operations (not comparable to 1990)
COUNTY 1990		4.9	12	0.3	0	89		10 n/a		1,652	3	7.7	8.6		36	160		20.4	294		2.4	2	0	The second secon

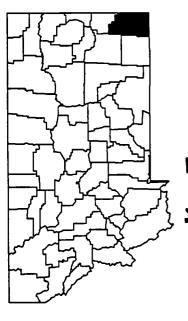
* Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990) Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources

		(20) 			Moniana
[Current Year]	6 7.4 104 66 66 21,433	8,170 2,334 163:027 173,531 11.3	5,282	n/a 35,768	9:4 729 100
1990	5.8 9 49 56 56	n/a n/a 151105 n/a 9.9	3,456 11,029	20.1	8 2 218 0 46

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Key Facts

1000 Course Data	County 1990	1990	Mon	Montana 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993	93 Monta	Montana 1993
1990 Celisus Data	1 503		700 065	100%	Resident live births	6 100%	% 11,362	100%
Total Population	202,		420.028		Righs to mothers under age 20	0	0% 1,419	12.5%
Median income of families-married couple.	005,814		430,97	9 =	Riths to mothers under age 20 &	0	•	9.5%
Median income of families-male only:	2		\$19,021	. <u>ч</u>	not married	ı		
Median income of families-temale only*	\$1/'0\$	i c	4,214		Births to mothers under age 20 &	0	808 %0	7.1%
Population under age 18	386	72.7%	222,104		education less than grade 12			
Minority population under age 18	6	2.3%	76,660					
Children under age 6 with both or only	105	77.8%	40,740	10 58.4%			1002	1003
narent in labor force	•				Other State Rey Facts At A Glance	1331	1226	223
Children under age 18 with both or only	319	83.5%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
parent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families	28	7.3%	43,005)5 19.4%	Porcent of persons not covered	! !		
Children under age 18 who are not living	&	2.1%	14,177	7 6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent	í	6	5		Sexually transmitted disease cases			1
Women in labor force with youngest child	22	70.7%	30,165	%0./۱ در	among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a	905	725
under age 6	5	/07 66		75 80/		(-	
Women in Jabor force with youngest child	-	0/.4.77	44,134			Q.	-	
ages 6–1/	u	703 67	7 779	%6 86 67				
Children age 16-19 not in school and not	n	0,000			/L	7		
in the labor force						7		
		,		1004				
Income Support Participation		County 1992	ì	Montana 1994	SOUICES: • Consus & Francomic Information Center Department of Commerce.	position of Com-		nontana
Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC	_ .DC	6		22,223	State of Montana			
Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps	od stamps	14		36,389	■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social &	intment of Social		
Children under see 18 who received Medicaid		. 18		39,131	Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana	•		KIOS
	◆ bossion			16.687	▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana	ences, State of Mo		

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39,131 16,687

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana ♦ Montana Health Care Authority

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VTY Year]					8	2	(
COUNTY [Current Year	0	0		0 21	228 249	6.6 9.2	10	",","/a	0 2 2
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1:14) [193] Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) [193]	Ave Number Of Cases For Child Medicald [194] Education	Number Private School Enrollment [1937-194] Number Home School Enrollment [193 - 194]	Number Public School Enrollment [93::94] Total School Enrollment [93 - 94]	Percent Chapter-1. Remedial Education [193-194] Percent Special Education [193-194]	Security Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) [194]	Economic Well-Being Number Of Children in Poverty [194] Number Free And Reduced Meals [194]	Social Behavior Percent Births To Single Teens [193] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions [193] Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10, 17) [193]*
COUNTY 1990	0.1	0	7	n/a	205	0.7	4 "n/a"	37.2	833 (S

^{*} Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990) Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources

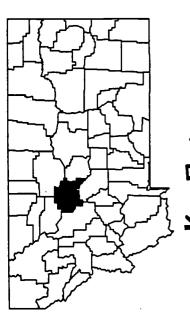
		ر بده فاجمت کندستر کندس			i i
[Current Year]	6 7.4 104 66 66	8,170 2,334 163,027 173,531 21.6 11.3	3/580 5,282	10/a 35,768	9.4 729 100
1990	5.8 9 49 56 56	n/a n/a n/a 9.9	3/456 11,029	20:1 29,473	218 0.46

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Facts
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1000 Ceneric Data	County 1990	, 1990	Montana 1990	1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993 Montana 1993	3 Monta	na 1993
Tat Bendation	77 691		799.065	100.%	Resident live births	535 100%	11,362	100%
Notice income of families married comple*	\$31.674		\$30.928		Births to mothers under age 20	142 26.5%	1,419	12.5%
Median income of families—male only*	\$17,949		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	103 19.3%	1,067	9.5%
Median income of families—female only*	\$9,857		\$12,446		not married			1
Population under age 18	21,556	27.7%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	71 13.3%	808	7.1%
Minority population under age 18	2,389	11.1%	76,660	12.0%	education less than grade 12			
Children under see 6 with both or only	4,377	59.3%	40,740	58.4%	,			
narent in lahor force					Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
Children under age 18 with both or only	13,776	%8.99	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
parent in labor force		3	1	•	Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families	4338	20.1%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered			
Children under age 18 who are not living	1,170	5.4%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent	3 26	10.4%	20 165	17.6%	Sexually transmitted disease cases			į
Women in labor force with youngest child	2,203	0/+.6	20,102	9/0-/1	among children & youth (0–19yrs)*	n/a	902	725
under age 6	A 273	76.0%	44 134	25 RW	-		-	
Women in Jabor torce with youngest child	4,3/3	0/0.07	44,134	0/0.67				
ages 6–17	187	21 1%	2 270	28 Q%				
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	701	0/ 1.12	6 /7'7	0/ (107		<u></u>		
in the labor force								
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:			
Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC	FDC	2,028		22,223	 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana 	Sarment of Comme	_	E
Schildren under age 18 whose family received food stamps	od stamps	2,958	m (36,389	■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicald (1994), Department of Social &	tment of Social &		
Children under age 18 who received Medicaid	•	3,200	~	39,131	Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana	Chapter of Mant		
Average number of children under age 5 who received	ceived	1,472	_	16,687	 Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana Manage of Montana 	nces, state of Mont		count

Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana ♦ Montana Health Care Authority

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

COUNTY [Current Year]	515	54.7	10	7	1,812		723	133	15121	15,977	10.6	9.6		435	451		""Lu"	3,419		9.2	87	14.8
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193]	Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1:14) [193]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93]	Avg. Nümber Of Cases For Child Medicaid [194]	Education	Number Private School Enrollment 193 1941	Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Number Public School Enrollment [93 - 94]	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Percent Chapter 1 Remedial Education [193 - 194]	Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security	Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194]	Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being	Numberi Of Children In Poverty ['94]	Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior	Percent Births To Single Teens [193] 👾	No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] *	Describe [1] (See 18 Crime (Age 10 17) [193]*
COUNTY 1990	6.4	6	2 2 2	2	1,034		· n/a	n/a	14,134	n/a	.10.3	9.3		466	1,340		17.3	2,704		7.8	17	

^{*} Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990) Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources

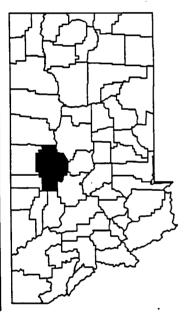
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STATE (Current Year)	7.4 7.4 104 66 66	8,170 2,334 163.027 173,531 11.3	5,282		9.4 729 100
STATE 1990	5.8 9 49 56 9,529	n/a n/a 151105 n/a 9.9	3456 11,029	29,473	218 0.46

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Key Facts

1990 Census Dafa	Count	County 1990	Montana 1990	а 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index County 1993 Mo	County	1993	ĭ
Total Population	5,452		290'662	100.%	Resident live births	25 1	100%	=,
Modian income of families—married couple*	\$25,243		\$30,928		Births to mothers under age 20	4	16.0%	4,
Median income of families-male only*	\$12,500		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	7	8.0%	-
Modian income of familie—female only*	\$11,250		\$12,446		not married	•	è	
Domistion under age 18	1,539	28.2%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	-	4.0%	~
Minority nonulation under age 18		5.8%	26,660	12.0%	education less than grade 12			
Children under age 6 with both or only	300	63.6%	40,740	58.4%		7007		Š
parent in labor force					Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991		1992
Children under age 18 with both or only	1,059	%8.69	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27	27,319
parent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%		13.8%
Children in single parent families	203	13.2%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of percons not covered			
Children under age 18 who are not living	44	2.9%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%		9.4%
with a parent	225	23.9%	30,165	17.6%	Sexually transmitted disease cases	e/u		905
under age 6								
Women in labor force with youngest child	278	29.5%	44,134	25.8%		(E		
ages 6–17			•	6	9	9		
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	14	34.1%	2,279	78.9%		P.		
in the labor force					Û			
						1		
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:	, y		
				11 111	 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, 	ATMEN OF C	אווווווווווווווווווווווווווווווווווווו	

High Risk Family Formation Index	Coun	ty 1993	County 1993 Montana 1993	na 1993
Resident live births	25	100%	11,362	100%
Births to mothers under age 20	4	16.0%	1,419	12.5%
Births to mothers under age 20 & not married	7	8.0%	1,067	9.5%
Births to mothers under age 20 & education less than grade 12.	-	4.0%	808	7.1%
Other State Key Facts At A Glance	19	1991	1992	1993
Median income of households*	26,264	264	27,319	26,398
Percent of persons in poverty*	15.	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Percent of persons not covered by health insurance*	12.	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
Sexually transmitted disease cases among children & youth (0-19yrs)		n/a	905	725
			-	
	Į			

22,223 36,389 39,131 16,687

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Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps

Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

◆ Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana

■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana

▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana

◆ Montana Health Care Authority



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COUNTY [Current Year]		4.8	0	0	0	26		0.	17	1114	1,131	21.43	7.7		24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 2		a la	255		4.8	Section of the sectio	0.1	
INDICATOR	Health	Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193]	Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1-14) [93]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93]	Avg. Number Of Cases For Child Medicald [194]	Education	Number Private School Enfollment (193-194)	Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Number Public School Enrollment [193-194]	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Percent Chapter 1 Remedia Education [193: 194]	Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security Nimber Off Home Placements (1941)	Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being	Number: Of Children In Poverty [194]	Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior	Percent Births To Single Teens [93]	No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] *	Percent Juvenile Grime (Age 10 - 17) [193]:	1000) of older comparable to 1000)
COUNTY 1990		3.2	0	0	0	23		// n/a	n/a	1,244	n/a	10.9	6.6		36		211	203		3.2	-	0.46	

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

Paris and a series of the seri 9.0 21,433 163,027 8,170 3,580 21.6 n/a [Current Year] 9.4 104 35,768 2,334 173,531 5,282 7.4 99 5.8 49 9,529 8n/a 151,105 20.1 3,456 6 11,029 29,473 1990 n/a n/a 9.6 26 6

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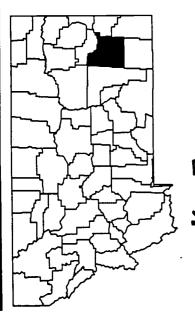
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1966 - A Research Communication of Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies, The Montana Coalition. Funded through a grant from the Annie E. Casey Foundation

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Key Facts

Montana 1993

100%

9.5%

7.1%

26,398

1993

14.9%

15.3%

725

	County 1990	, 1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index County 1993 Montan	County 1993	Montan
1990 Celisus Data	11 607		799 065	100 %	Resident live births	69 100%	11,362
Total Population	11,03/		£20,003	200	Births to mothers under age 20 [♣]	29 42.0%	1,419
Median income of families-married couple.	352,177		430,320		Births to mothers under 30p 20 &	17 24.6%	1,067
Median income of families-male only*	\$17,083		178'61\$		not married		
Median income of families-female only*	\$10,644		\$12,446		not married and the second of	10 14 5%	808
Population under age 18	3,213	27.5%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 \text{ \text{\text{G}}}	200	8
Minority population under age 18	171	5.3%	26,660	12.0%	concatoli less triali grade 12		
Children under age 6 with both or only	640	72.1%	40,740	58.4%		7007	60
parent in labor force	٠				Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992
Children under age 18 with both or only	2,379	75.7%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319
narent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%
Children in single narent families	640	19.9%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered		
Children under age 18 who are not living	269	8.4%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%
with a parent					Sexually transmitted disease cases		
Women in labor force with youngest child	478	18.2%	30,165	17.6%	among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a	905
under age 6	:			č			~
Women in labor force with youngest child	663	25.3%	44,134	25.8%	4/10		
ages 6-17				,		(\$	
Children age 16-19 not in school and not	33	29.5%	2,279	28.9%		<u></u>	
in the labor force						•	
					V(1): 1\		
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:		
					 ♣ Consult & Fronomic Information Center. Department of Commerce, 	Dartment of Comme	

 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana

■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana

22,223 36,389 39,131

16,687

213 491 297 467

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Lildren under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

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▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana

♦ Montana Health Care Authority



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INDICATOR	COUNTY [Current Year]	STATE 1990	STATE Current Year]
Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [[93]	12	2.8	9
Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93] Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1:14) ['93]	11.4	9	7.4
Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93] Ave Nijmher Of Cases For Child Medicaid ['94]	1 338	56 9,529	66 21/433
Education			0.1
Number Private School Enrollment [93, 94] Number Home School Enrollment [93 - 94]	30	n/a n/a	2,334
Number Rublic School Enrollment (93, 94)	2,351	151105	163,027
Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94] Percent Chapter 1 Remedial Education ['93 - '94] Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	2,450 13.4 10.1	n/a 9.9	21.6
Security Number Out Of Home Placements [194]	43	3,456	3,580 5.282
Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Collimined) [37] Economic Well-Being Number Of Children In Poverty [94] Number Free And Reduced Meals [94]		2011 29,473	35,768
Social Behavior Percent Births To Single Teens [193] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions [193] Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10: 17) [193]*	10.2 7 2.4	218 0.46	9.4 729 100

8.8

10.5

2,180

n/a

350

8.6

COUNTY 1990

135

n/a %

19

224

0.1

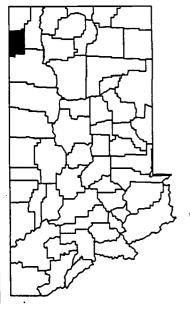
1:59 Percent Juvenile Crim

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Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

Daniels



Key Facts

1990 Census Data	County 1990	1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993 Montana 1993	3 Monta	na 1993
Total Population	2,266		290'662	100.%	Resident live births	9 100%	11,362	100% 12 5%
Median income of families-married couple*	\$26,029		\$ 30,928		Births to mothers under age 20 &	%0 0		9.5%
Median income of families-male only*	\$13,000		\$12,446		not married			5
Median income of families comy	578	25.5%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	%0 0	808	%I./
Minority population under age 18	18	3.1%	26,660	12.0%	education less man grade 12			
Children under age 6 with both or only	66	76.2%	40,740	58.4%	Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
parent in labor torce	456	78.6%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
parent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families	63	10.9%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered			
Children under age 18 who are not living	70	3.5%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent Women in labor force with youngest child	64	14.1%	30,165	17.6%	Sexually transmitted disease cases among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a	905	725
under age 6	160	35.2%	44,134	25.8%		(C)	~	
ages 6–17						ا المنت		
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	€	33.3%	2,279	28.9%	<i>o</i> t	h		
in the labor force				٠		•		16
Income Support Participation		County 199	12	Montana 1994	Sources:			2 Applicate
Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps	FDC ood stamps	2 12		22,223 36,389	 Lensus & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & 	tment of Social &	_	E

■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana

▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana ♦ Montana Health Care Authority

16,687 39,131

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

169

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montana	kids	count	
100			

COUNTY [Current Year]		4.3	0			TO THE		0	0	474	474	12	13.1		0	0		"n/a"	51		0	2	0
INDICATOR	Health	Percent Low Birthweight Babies (1931)	Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1-14) [93]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93]	Avg. Number Of Gases For Child Medicaid [194]	Education	Number Private School Enrollment [1937-194]:	Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Number-Public School Enrollment [93 94]	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Percent Chapter Remedial Education 193 - 194	Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security	Number Out-Of-Home Placements ['94]	Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being	Number Of Children In Poverty ['94]	Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior	Percent Births To Single Teens [193]	No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] *	Percent luvenile Grime (Age 10 : 17) [193] : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
COUNTY 1990		22.2	0	0.	0	T		n/a	n/a	499	n/a	6	10.7			"n/a"		17.2	48		7.7	1	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1

21.6

6

9.9

n/a

163,027

151,105

n/a

173,531

8,170

n/a >

2,334

104

49

26

9,529

7.4

5.8

Current Year

STATE

STATE

1990

n/a

20.1

3,580 5,282

3,456

11,029

35,768

29,473

9.4

8

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729

218

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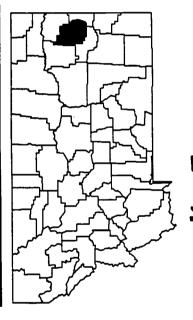
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Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

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Key Facts

1000 Consist Data	County 1990	1990	Montana 1990	1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993 Montana 1993	Montar	ia 1993
	7 20 6		700 065	100 %	Resident five hirths	39 100%	11,362	100%
	505,6		500,867	£00.%	Pist A make manage 204		1 410	17 5%
Median income of families-married couple* \$3.	\$32,807		\$30,928		Birrins to mothers under age 20		770	0.5:3
	\$18,438		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	10 23.67)00'I	9.2%
•	\$14,812		\$12,446		not married	4 10 3%	000	7 10%
	2,628	27.6%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &		000	% I. /
Minority population under age 18	64	2.4%	76,660	12.0%	בחתכשוותוו וביא חושוו לנימתב וד			
Children under age 6 with both or only	468	58.5%	40,740	58.4%		7007		1003
narent in labor force	-				Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
	1,7,68	68.1%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
narent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families	354	13.5%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered			
Children under age 18 who are not living	79	3.0%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent	6			1	Sexually transmitted disease cases			
Women in labor force with youngest child	300	15.3%	30,165	17.5%	among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a	905	725
under age 6	,		•	č				
Women in labor force with youngest child	266	28.8%	44,134	%8.67			-	
ages 6-17						6		
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	0	· %0	2,279	28.9%		<u></u>		
in the labor force								
Income Connect Darticination		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:			
Income Support Falticipation					 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, 	partment of Commer		ontana
Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC		151	7	22,223	State of Montana			
Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps	stamps	251	Ř	36,389	 AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & 	tment of Social &	-	
Children under see 18 who received Medicaid		251	Ř	39,131	Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana			5012
Amuser under age to wise received management	*Po^	132	=	16.687	▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana	nces, State of Monta		

▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana ♦ Montana Health Care Authority

16,687

251 132

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

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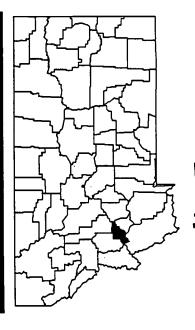
COUNTY [Current Year]		•	10		0	220		0.0	42	1,820	1,862	12	10.1	26 Company of the com		295			12		
INDICATOR	Health	Percent Low Birthweight Babies ['93]	Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1-14) [93]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93]	Avg. Number, Of Cases For Child Medicaid [194]	Education	Number Private School Enrollment ['935'94]	Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Number Public School Enrollment [93-194]	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Percent Chapter 1 Remedial Education [193 - 194]	Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) [194]	Economic Well-Being	Number Of Children In Boverty [194] Number Free And Reduced Meals 1941	Social Behavior	Percent Births To Single Teens [193]	No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93]*	Percent Juvenile Grime (Age 10 - 17) [193]:	1990]
COUNTY 1990		3.7	0	0	2	88		n/a	n/a	1,925	n/a	5.5	10.2	21 % (2) 113		20.6	C+7	5.5	3	0.45	11.7

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

		· •		
[Current Year]	6 7.4 104 66 66	8,170 2,334 163,027 173,531	11.3 3.580 - 12.5 5,282	35,768 34.
1990	5.8 9 49 56 56	n/a n/a 151,105 n/a 9	9.9 3.456 11,029	20.1 29,473 8



Deer lodge



Key Facts

Montana 1993

11,362 1,419

100% 12.5% 9.5%

1,067

7.1%

808

1990 Census Data	County	, 1990	Montana 1990	1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993	Mont
Total Description	10 278		799.065	100.%	Resident live births	36 100%	11,362
lotai Population	0,2,01		00000	2	Birthe to mothers under 389 204	10 27 8%	1.419
Median income of families-married couple*	\$31,516		\$20,928		Diffus to intolliers under age 20		
Median income of families-male only*	\$14,063		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	%7.77 8	90'-
Modian income of families_female only*	\$4,999		\$12,446		not married		
Medial Income of Idining Termine of the	2 301	73 3%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	5 13.9%	808
Population under age 10	130	2007	26,660	12.0%	education less than grade 12		
Minority population under age 18	60	0.07	20,000	2,014			
Children under age 6 with both or only	435	60.4%	40,740	58.4%	Charles Charles Variety At A Classes	1001	1007
parent in labor force					Other State Rey racts At A Glance	1561	7261
Children under age 18 with both or only	1,423	65.3%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319
parent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%
Children in single parent families	486	20.3%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered		
Children under age 18 who are not living	225	9.4%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%
with a narent					County transmitted disease cases		
Women in labor force with youngest child	356	19.8%	30,165	17.6%	sexually italismined disease cases	r/a	902
under age 6					(c. (c. c) mag/ supplies 9 main	•	
Women in labor force with youngest child	481	26.8%	44,134	25.8%	Con	ኆ	-
ages 6–17					ラ	0	
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	8	54.4%	2,279	28.9%	%	0	
in the labor force							
Income Compart Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:		1
income support I at the parion		2221			* Consus & Economic Information Center Department of Commerce.	artment of Commer	و
Ochildren under age 18 whose family received AFDC	FDC	360	7	22,223	State of Montana		
Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps	od stamps		m	36,389	■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social &	ment of Social &	
Children under age 18 who received Medicaid	_	518	m	39,131	Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana		
Average number of children under age 5 who received	eceived.	194	–	16,687	▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana	ices, State of Monta	E.

26,398

1993

14.9%

15.3%

725

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

♦ Montana Health Care Authority

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COUNTY [Current Year]		5.1	0	0	0	380		0	4	1,722	1,726	32.5	12.9		23 Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z	85		"n/a"	298		1.6	13		
INDICATOR	Health	Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193]	Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1: 14) [93]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93]	Ayg Number Of Gases For Child Medicaid [194]	Education	Number Private School Enrollment [193-194]	Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Number Public School Enrollment [93 94]	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Percent Chapter 1 Remedial Education [193 - 194]	Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security	Number Out-Of-Home Placements [94]	Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being	Number Of Children In Poverty [194]	Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior	Percent Births To Single-Teens [[93]	No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93]*	Percent Juvenile Crime (Age,10 17) [193]	10001
COUNTY 1990		5.8	17	0.30	-	205		n/a	n/a	1,641	n/a	12.6	14.3		94	242		24.5	213		9.9	5	1.24	

* Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990) Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources

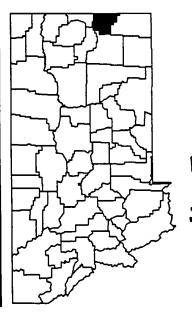
		el col menso l'an menso l'an menso l'an al menso l'an menso l'an menso l'an			in the second
STATE (Current Year)	6 7.4 104 66 66	8170 2,334 163,027 173,531 21.6	5,282	n/a 35,768	7.4
STATE 1990	5.8 9 49 56 56	n/a n/a 151,105 n/a 9.9	3,456 11,029	29,473	8

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Fallon



Key Facts

1990 Census Data	County 1990	, 1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index
Total Domilation	3.103		799,065	100.%	Resident live births
Total Topulation	¢29,805		\$30.928		Births to mothers under age 20.
Median income of families—manicu coupie	000,74		£10 011		Riths to mothers under age 20 &
Median income of families-male only	\$25,000		170'614		not married.
Median income of families-female only*	\$11,042		\$12,446		not married
Population under age 18	949	30.6%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &
Minority population under age 18	10	1.1%	26,660	12.0%	education less than grade 12
Children under sae 6 with both or only	167	53.5%	40,740	58.4%	
parent in labor force			•		Other State Key Facts At A Glance
Children under age 18 with both or only	581	63.9%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*
parent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*
Children in single parent families	74	7.8%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of percons not covered
Children under age 18 who are not living	41	4.3%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance
		;		3	Sexually transmitted disease cases
Women in labor force with youngest child	131	22.4%	30,165	17.6%	among children & youth (0-19yrs)
under age 6			•		
Women in labor force with youngest child	170	29.1%	44,134	25.8%	-10
ages 6–17				;	
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	5	38.5%	2,279	28.9%	
in the labor force					
		•			
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:
				000	 Census & Economic Information Center, Depa

High Risk Family Formation Index	Coun	ty 1993	County 1993 Montana 1993	na 1993
Resident live births*	=	100%	11,362	100%
Births to mothers under age 20 ^a	7	18.2%	1,419	12.5%
Births to mothers under age 20 & not married	-	9.1%	1,067	9.5%
Births to mothers under age 20 & education less than grade 12*	0	%0	808	7.1%
Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	91	1992	1993
Median income of households*	26,264		27,319	26,398
Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Percent of persons not covered by health insurance	12.8%	3%	9.4%	15.3%
Sexually transmitted disease cases among children & youth (0-19yrs)		n/a	905	725
	6 0		••.	

- Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana
 - AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana

36,389 22,223

39,131 16,687

22 67 62 41

¹Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps

Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

- ▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana
 - ♦ Montana Health Care Authority



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Fallon

COUNTY Current Year	0	28	0 10 743	753 15.6	3.26	100	3 <u>12</u> 6 0 <u>2</u>
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193] Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) [193] Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1, 14) [193]	Number Of Teen Violent Deams (Age 13 - 19) [33] Avg. Number Of Gases For Child Medicaid ([94] - Education	Number Private School Enrollment ['93 - '94] Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94] Number Public School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94] Percent Chapter 1 Remedial Education ['93 - '94] Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security Number Out Of Home Placements ['94] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being Number Of Children in Poverty [194] Number Free And Reduced Meals [194]	Social Behavior Percent Births To Single Teens [[93] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] * Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10, 17) [[93]*
COUNTY 1990	2.4 0 0	0	n/a n/a 728		64	11.2 77	9.8

163,027

151105

2,334

173,531 21.6

11.3

9.9

9

n/a

8,170

n/a

n/a

104

49

6

9,529

26

7.4

5.8

[Current Year]

STATE

STATE

1990

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

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35,768

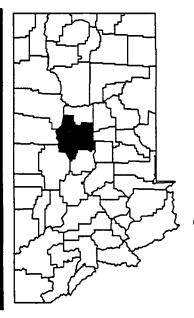
29,473

3,580

3,456

5,282

11,029



Key Facts

1990 Census Data	County 1990	, 1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993	-	Montana 1993
Total Domilation	12.083		799.065	100.%	Resident live births	49 100%	11,362	100%
Noted repulation	470 355		\$30,928		Births to mothers under age 20*	14 28.6%	1,419	12.5%
	\$7.245		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	8 16.3%		9.5%
Median income of families–female only*	\$8,591		\$12,446		not married			į
Population under age 18	3,222	26.7%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	5 10.2%	808	7.1%
Minority population under age 18	. 67	2.1%	26,660	12.0%	education less titali grade 12			
Children under age 6 with both or only	.651	%99	40,740	58.4%		7007	5	7
parent in labor force					Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
Children under age 18 with both or only	2,249	71.2%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
parent in labor force			ı	;	Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families	392	12.2%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered			
Children under age 18 who are not living	199	6.2%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent		300		11 (0)	Sexually transmitted disease cases			
Women in labor force with youngest child	428	18.2%	30,165	N.0./I	among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a	905	725
under age 6			•				-	
Women in labor force with youngest child	634	27.0%	44,134	25.8%		(E	-	
ages 6-17			i	,	J	9		
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	28	29.5%	2,279	28.9%	21	9/		
in the labor force						• •		
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:		-	
Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC	1 00	123	2	22,223	 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana 	artment of Comme		
AChildren under age 18 whose family received food stamps	d stamps	236	en	36,389	■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social &	tment of Social &		
Children under age 18 who received Medicaid		332	ec.	39,131	Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana	•		Spix
Average number of children under age 5 who received	eived▲	235	_	16,687	▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana	nces, State of Monta		Comme



♦ Montana Health Care Authority

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Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month



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COUNTY [Current Year]		0			222		36	43	2,437	2,516	21.4	12	8.4				"n/a"	485		(6.5	26	1.5	
INDICATOR	Health	Percent Low Birthweight Babies [[93]]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1: 14) [193]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93]	Avg. Number Of Gases For Child Medicaid [94]	Education	Number Private School Enfollment [93:: 94]	Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Number Public School Enrollment [93-94]	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Percent Chapter-1: Remedial Education [193-194]	Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security	Number Cut-Ot-Home, Racements (1941) 2015 1981	Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being	Number Of Children in Poyerty. [94]	Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior	Percent Births To Single Teens [193]	No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] *	Percent Juyenile Crime (Age 10-17) [193]************************************	1000]
COUNTY 1990		6.6	1	and decrease fifty with the order blanks and a second of	77		"h/a	n/a	2,232	n/a	8.9	12.5		92.00	137		17.3	368		2.8	2	0.3	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CANADA

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)





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35,768

29,473

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151,105

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2,334

173,531

8,170

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6

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104

49,

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9,529

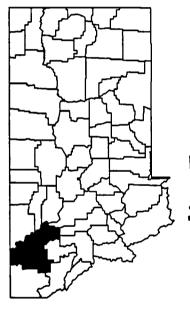
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Current Year

STATE 1990

STATE

Flathead



Key Facts

Montana 1993

100% 12.5% 9.5%

1,419 11,362

1,067

7.1%

808

26,398 14.9%

1993

1992 27,319 13.8% 15.3%

9.4%

725

905

1990 Census Dafa	County 1990	, 1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	Count	County 1993 N	<
Total Domitation	59 218		799.065	100.%	Resident live births	353	100%	-
Note: Topulation Machine income of familias married counts	437 789		\$30.928		Births to mothers under age 20 [♣]	102	28.9%	
Median income of families—male only*	\$19,904		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	72	20.4%	•
Median income of families—female only*	\$8,082		\$12,446		not married			
Population under age 18	16,749	28.3%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	43	12.2%	
Minority population under age 18	654	3.9%	26,660	12.0%	education less than grade 1.2			
Children under age 6 with both or only	2,784	55.5%	40,740	58.4%		•		
parent in labor force					Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991		199
Children under age 18 with both or only	10,380	63.5%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264		27,31
parent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%		13.8
Children in single parent families	3,037	18.1%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of percons not covered	!		
Children under age 18 who are not living	841	2%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%		9.4
with a parent		9	10100	17 (0)	Sexually transmitted disease cases			
Women in labor force with youngest child	2,118	N.U.%	30,165	0/.0//	among children & youth (0-19yrs)*		n/a	8
Winder age o	3,351	%6'96	44.134	25.8%	-			
ages 6–17			-			6		
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	146	23.8%	2,279	28.9%				
in the labor force						l		
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:			
Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC	-DC	1,392	2	22,223	 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana 	variment of	Commerce	
Ochildren under age 18 whose family received food stamps	od stamps	2,361	m	36,389	■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social &	tment of S	ocial &	
Children under age 18 who received Medicaid	_	2,265	m	39,131	Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana			
Abouton od 7 car ark at 11.1	Appring	746		16 687	▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana	nces. State	of Montana	_

16,687 39,131

2,265

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana ◆ Montana Health Care Authority



A project of Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies - The Montana Coalition. Funded through a grant from the Annie E. Casey Foundation





COUNTY [Current Year]		27	4.6	6	5	1,820		633	288	521,123	14,394	26.9	11.4		188	211		"n/a"	2,285		8.9	42	11.9
INDICATOR	Health	Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193]	Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1: 14) [93]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93]	Avg. Number Of Gases For Child Medicaid (1941)	Education	Number Private School Enrollment [1933-194]	Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Number Public School Enrollment [93, -194]	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Percent Chapter Remedial Education [193 - 194]	Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security	Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194]	Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being	Number Of Children In Poverty, ['94]	Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior	Percent Births To Single Teens [193]	No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] *	Percent lüvenle Crime (Age 1017) [193]:
COUNTY 1990		<u>5.17.17.</u>	=	2.2	4	640		n/a	n/a	11,989	n/a	10.9	10.6		170	823		18.1	1,904		8.1	10	0.92

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

Profession of 104 8,170 21.6 3,580 n/a [Current Year] 9.4 163,027 173,531 35,768 STATE 2,334 5,282 11.3 7.4 99 49 .8 151/105 3,456 5.8 n/a: 6 13 20.1 11,029 29,473 STATE 1990 n/a n/a 9.9 56

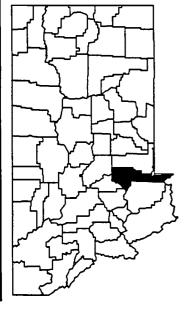
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Key Facts

Montana 1993

100% 12.5% 9.5%

11,362 1,419 7.1%

808

1,067

1990 Census Data	Count	County 1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993
Total Population	50,463		290'662	100.%	Resident live births	287 100%
Modina income of families-married comple*	\$32,869		\$30,928		Births to mothers under age 20	36 12.5%
Median income of families—male only*	\$25,167		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	26 9.1%
Median income of families-female only*	\$10,595		\$12,446		not married	
Population under age 18	12,268	24.3%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	14 4.9%
Minority population under age 18	541	4.4%	26,660	12.0%	education less than grade 12	
Children under age 6 with both or only	2,378	57.2%	40,740	58.4%		,
parent in labor force	<u>.</u>		•		Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991
Children under age 18 with both or only	8,034	%6.99	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264
parent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%
Children in single parent families	1,990	16.2%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered	
Children under age 18 who are not living	422	3.4%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%
with a parent Women in labor force with youngest child	1,782	14.9%	30,165	17.6%	Sexually transmitted disease cases among children & youth (0-19yrs)*	n/a
under age b Women in labor force with youngest child	2,604	21.7%	44,134	25.8%		R.
ages 0-17 Children age 16-19 not in school and not	06	26.2%	2,279	28.9%	721	7 %
in the labor force						

26,398

27,319 1992

1993

14.9%

13.8%

15.3%

9.4%

725

905

Sources:

Montana 1994 22,223 36,389 39,131 16,687

County 1992

1,066 1,061

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps

Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Income Support Participation

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana

■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana

▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana

♦ Montana Health Care Authority



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173,531	11.3	3.580 5,282	n/a 35,768	9.4 729 100
n/a 9	6.6	3,456 11,029	29,473	8 218 .0.46

	Health	
12	Percent Low Birthweight Babies ['93]	7.6
2	Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93]	5.9
(2)	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1: 14) [193]	8
2	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93]	3
310	Avg. Nümber Of Gases For Child Medicaid [194]	914
	Education	
n/a	Number Private School Enfollment [193-194]	720
n/a	Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	131
7,607	Number Public School Enrollment [193 194]	8,823
n/a	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	9,674
7.6	Percent Chapter 1: Remedial Education [193-194]	19.6
10.6	Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	8.6
	Security	
98	Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194]	100
443	Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	125
	Economic Well-Being	** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **
17.5	Number Of Children In Poverty [194]	"n/a"
1,291	Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	1,161
	Social Behavior	
3.5	Percent Births To Single Teens [93]	4.5
	No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93]*	15
0.	Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10, 17) [193]:	4.3
The second secon	10001 of alderenmon tent of the 10001	

163,027

151,105

n/a

2,334

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[Current Year] STATE

STATE

1990

Current Year

INDICATOR

COUNTY 1990

COUNTY

21,433

9,529

26

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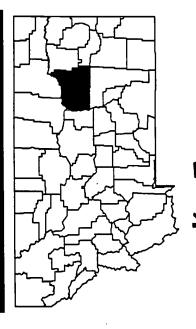
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Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

Garfield

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Key Facts

1990 Census Data	Count	County 1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation
Total Population	1,589		799,065	100.%	Resident live births [▲]
Median income of families-married couple*	\$20,764		\$30,928		Births to mothers under age 20 ^a
Median income of families-male only*	\$12,500		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20
Median income of families-female only*	\$17,083		\$12,446		not married"
Population under age 18	481	30.3%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20
Minority population under age 18	æ	%9 :0	76,660	12.0%	euucauoii iess uiaii graue 12
Children under age 6 with both or only	61	48.8%	40,740	58.4%	4
parent in labor force	•				Other State Key Facts At A
Children under age 18 with both or only	339	70.3%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*
parent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*
Children in single parent families	43	8.9%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered
Children under age 18 who are not living	21	4.4%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance
with a parent	;	,000	30.165	17.69/	Sexually transmitted disease case
Women in labor force with youngest child	4 4	14.2%	30,103	0/.0./	among children & youth (0-19
Women in labor force with youngest child	66	31.9%	44,134	25.8%	
ages 6-17 Children age 16-19 not in school and not	C	%0	2,279	28.9%	
in the labor force	•	!			-

High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993 Montana 1993	993	Montai	na 1993
Resident live births	9 10	100%	11,362	100%
Births to mothers under age 20 ⁴	4 44.	44.4%	1,419	12.5%
Births to mothers under age 20 & not married [♠]	<u>-</u>	11.1%	1,067	9.5%
Births to mothers under age 20 & education less than grade 12*	0	%0	808	7.1%
Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991		1992	1993
Median income of households*	26,264		27,319	26,398
Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%		13.8%	14.9%
Percent of persons not covered by health insurance	12.8%		9.4%	15.3%
Sexually transmitted disease cases among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a		902	725
**	ĺ		-	

Sources:

Montana 1994

County 1992

22,223 36,389 39,131 16,687

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Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Income Support Participation

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

- Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana
 - AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana
- ▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana
 - ◆ Montana Health Care Authority



A project of Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies - The Montana Coalition. Funded through a grant from the Annie E. Casey Foundation



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COUNTY [Current Year]	to the region to be a professional parage of their parage. The real base of the region of the real base of the real base of the region of the real base of the real base of the region of the real base of the region of the regio	2.9	58.8		0	7.2		0	9	316	322	15.2	9.5			2		"n/a"	27		5.9	0	0	
INDICATOR	Health	Percent Low Birthweight Babies ['93]	Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1: 14) [93]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93]	Avg. Number Of Cases For Child Medicaid [194]	Education	Number Private School Enrollment [193-194]	Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Number Public School Enrollment [93 94]	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Percent Chapter (1 Remedial Education [93-:94]	Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security	Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194]	Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being	Number Of Children In Poverty ['94]	Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior	Percent Births To Single Teens [193]	No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] *	Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10:-17) [193]*	* Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)
COUNTY 1990	1. China sulgan della periodica della lanca di sensi la periodica della mini-	4.3	0	0	0	7		n of the second	n/a	348	n/a	8.7	5.3		0	"n/a"		23.6	27		0	0	0.61	* Percent of all oc

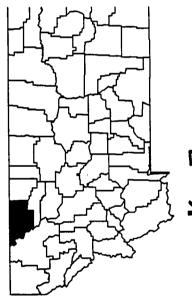
		ور د ان های در در به در ام در ام د ام د ام د ام د ام د ام د ام د ام د			C
[Current Year]	6 7.4 104 66 66	8,170 2,334 163,027 173,531 21.6	3,580 5,282	n/a 35,768	9.4
1990	5.8 9 49 56 56	n/a n/a 1511105 n/a 9.9	3,456 11,029	20.1 29,473	8

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Glacier



Key Facts

1990 Census Data	County 1990	1990	Montana 1990	1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	9	Montan	a 1993
Total Population	12,121		290'662	100.%	Resident live births	%001 67	11,362	, 100,
Modian income of families—married couple*	\$27,067		\$30,928		Births to mothers under age 20	40 50.6%	V 14.1	%C.71
Median income of families—male only*	\$9,043		\$19,821	-	Births to mothers under age 20 &	38 48.1%	/90′1	9.5%
Median income of families female only*	\$6.097		\$12,446		not married		000	7 10
Median income of lamines remain comp	4,496	37.1%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	%9.77 77	one one	0.1.7
Adjustic population under age 18	2,965	65.9%	26,660	12.0%	education less man grade 12			
Children under age 6 with both or only	821	55.8%	40,740	58.4%				100
parent in labor force					Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
Children under see 18 with both or only	2,604	64.0%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264 2	27,319	26,398
parent in Jahor force	•				Percent of percent in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in circle parent families	1,304	29.0%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons and covered			
Children in single parein ranning	750	16.7%	14,177	6.4%	hy health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
Children under age 10 wild are incoming	1				County transmitted disease cases			
Willing parein. Women in labor force with youngest child	551	23.7%	30,165	17.6%	among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a	905	725
under age 6		;	•			1	~	
Women in Jabor force with youngest child	614	26.4%	44,134	25.8%				
ages 6-17				;	ン (9		
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	78	41.5%	2,279	28.9%	Z/	20		
in the labor force								
					^	7		
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:	or anomatic		
		100	,	27 772	 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Confinience, 	arment of Commerc		

22,223 36,389 39,131 16,687

> 1,479 1,208

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

- Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana
 - AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana
- Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana
 - Montana Health Care Authority



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Current Year

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COUNTY [Current Year]		23.	8.1		3	222		0	99	3,184	3,250	56.1	10.7		159	119		"n/a"	1,594		20.6	39	0.5	
INDICATOR	Health	Percent Low Birthweight Babies (193)	Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1-14) [93]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93]	Aye, Number Of Cases For Child Medicaid [94]	Education	Number Private School Enrollment (1933-194)	Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Number Public School Enrollment [193-194]	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Percent Chapter Remedial Education [193_194]	Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security	Number Out-Of-Home: Placements [194]	Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being	Number Of Children In Poverty (194)	Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior	Percent Births To Single Teens [193]	No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] *	Percent Juvenile Grime (Age 10 : 17) ['93]:	securrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)
COUNTY 1990		3.9	4	A Liver to Contract of the Con	3	101		n/a	n/a	2,933	n/a	14.6	1.11		180	244		41.4	1,410		20.2	8	0	=

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

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151,105

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2,334

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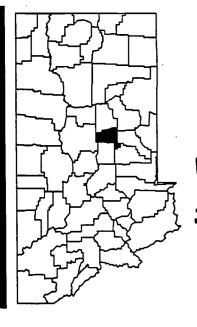
8,170

n/a



Golden Valley

ERIC ACUITAGE BY ERIC



Key Facts

ontana 1993

100%

9.5%

7.1%

1990 Census Data	County 1990	, 1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993 Montan	1993	Montan
Too Cellodo Dava	912		799.065	100.%	Resident live births*	4	100%	11,362
lotal Population	£10 703		£30,928		Births to mothers under age 20 ^a	0	%0	1,419
Median income of families—married couple	76 / 614		£10,920		Riths to mothers under age 20 &	0	%0	1,067
Median income of families-male only?	2		170'616		not married)		•
Median income of families-female only*	\$25,625		\$12,446		HOU HAINED	c	%	000
Population under age 18	253	27.7%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	>	° 0	000
Minority nonulation under age 18	=	4.3%	26,660	12.0%	education less tildir grade 12			
Children under age 6 with both or only	44	77.2%	40.740	58.4%				
Cililateir under age 9 with 20th 51 cm.)	• ,	! ! !			Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991		1992
Children under age 18 with both or only	156	76.8%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27	27,319
parent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%		13.8%
Children in single parent families	17	%2'9	43,005	19.4%	Percent of percent and covered			
Children under age 18 who are not living	53	20.9%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%		9.4%
with a parent	,	700	100	11 (0)	Sexually transmitted disease cases			
Women in labor force with youngest child	47	%7.77	30,165	17.5%	among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a		902
under age 6		•	•					
Women in labor force with youngest child	44	23.3%	44,134	25.8%	9/1-			
ages 6–17						(
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	0	%0	2,279	28.9%		(i)		
in the labor force								

26,398

1993

14.9%

15.3%

725



Sources:

Montana 1994 22,223 36,389

County 1992

 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana

■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana

▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana ♦ Montana Health Care Authority

16,687 39,131

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Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Income Support Participation

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

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Golden Valley

STATE

COUNTY [Current Year]		28.6	0	0	0	10		0	3	194	197	15	15			0	A COLUMN TO THE PARTY OF THE PA	"h/a"	44		0		0.2	
INDICATOR	Health	Percent Low Birthweight Babies. [193]	Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1:14) [93]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 · 19) ['93]	Avg Number Of Cases For Child Medicaid [94]	Education	Number Private School Enrollment [193-194]	Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Number Public School Enrollment [93 : 94]	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Percent Chapter 1 Remedial Education [93: 94]	Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security	Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194]	Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being	Number Of Children In Poverty [94]	Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior	Percent Births To Single Teens [193]	No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] *	Percent Juvenile Grime (Age 10: 17), ['93]:	commences in the state (not comparable to 1990)
COUNTY 1990		8.3	0	0	0	3.5		n/a	n/a	151	n/a	7.4	10.1		0	"n/a"		26.4	49		0.	0	0	الا بات المالية

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

THE STATE OF THE S 3,580 n/a 104 21.6 9 21,433 8,170 [Current Year] 9.4 163,027 35,768 173,531 2,334 5,282 729 7.4 99 151,105 n/a 3,456 20.1 8 5.8 49 6 11,029 29,473 STATE n/a n/a 218 1990 26 6

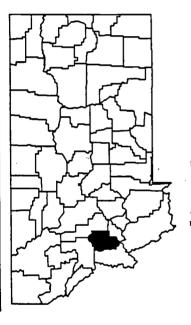
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Key Facts

1000 Committee Data	County 1990	1990	Montana 1990	1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993 Montana 1993	Montar	a 1993
1930 Cellsus Data	2 5.48		799.065	100.%	Resident live births	7 100%	11,362	100%
lotal Population	010,00		¢30,023		Births to mothers under age 20 [♣]	4 57.1%	1,419	12.5%
Median income of families-married couple:	\$77,903		070,004		9 Of the art are the second of	7 28.6%	1.067	% 5 6
Median income of families-male only*	\$15,417		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 oc	70.07) •	2
Median income of families-female only*	\$7,500		\$12,446		not married	4 14 30/	000	7 10%
Domistics under age 18	678	26.6%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	14.570	000	ø. I. /
Misority population under age 18	6	1.3%	26,660	12.0%	education less man grade 12			
Children under age 6 with both or only	117	52.0%	40,740	58.4%			600	600
narent in labor force	٠				Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
Children under age 18 with both or only	372	29.0%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
narent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*		13.8%	14.9%
Children in single narent families	108	15.9%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered			
Children under age 18 who are not living	34	2%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent				,	Sexually transmitted disease cases			
Women in labor force with youngest child	97	21.9%	30,165	17.6%	among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a	902	725
under age 6			•					
Women in labor force with youngest child	110	24.8%	44,134	25.8%			_	
ages 6-17					,			
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	25	26.8%	2,279	28.9%	<i>O</i> (P.		
in the labor force						_		
					~	1		
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:			
		8	•	22 223	 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, 	Dartment of Commerc		

- ♠ Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana
 - AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana

36,389 39,131

56 55 32

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

16,687

22,223

▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana ◆ Montana Health Care Authority



A project of Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies – The Montana Coalition. Funded through a grant from the Annie E. Casey Foundation

こうこうこう 発展の関係を受ける 教育のなけっしょう しょうじゅうしんりんしょ

STATE 1990 [0	5.8	56 9,529	n/a n/a [51,105	9.9	3,456	29,473	218
COUNTY [Current Year]	5.3	0 32	0 24 538	562 20.8 12.8	8 23	"n/a"	0.00
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies (1931) Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93]	NC N	Education Number Private School Enrollment ['93-'94] Number Home School Enrollment ['93-'94] Number Public School Enrollment ['93-'94]	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94] Percent Chapter Remedial Education ['93 - '94] Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security Number Out-Of-Home Placements ['94] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being Number Of Children In Poverty [94] Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior Percent Births To Single Teens [93] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions [93]* Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10:17) [93]*
COUNTY 1990			n/a n/a 519		"n/a"	32 76	0 0

8,170

2,334

163,027

173,531

21.6

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104

99

9

7.4

[Current Year]

STATE

21,433

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

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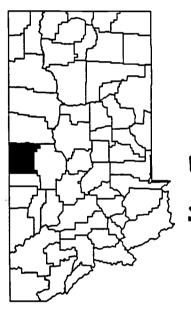
n/a

35,768

3,580

5,282





Key Facts

Montana 1993

100% 12.5%

11,362 1,419

9.5%

1,067

7.1%

808

26,398 14.9%

1993

15.3%

725

1990 Census Data	County 1990	, 1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index County 1993 Mont	County 1	993	Mon
Total Population	17,654		799,065	100.%	Resident live births	117 10	100% 1	11,362
Modian income of families married comple*	\$35,862		\$30,928		Births to mothers under age 20*	41 35	35.0%	1,419
Median income of families-male only*	\$20,179		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	36 30	30.8%	1,067
Median income of families-female only*	\$8,591		\$12,446		not married"		į	ì
Population under age 18	5,411	30.7%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	26 22	22.2%	<u>e</u>
Minority population under age 18	1,340	24.8%	26,660	12.0%	education less than grade 12			
Children under age 6 with both or only	206	53.6%	40,740	58.4%	,			
narent in labor force			•		Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	19	1992
Children under age 18 with both or only	3,380	65.1%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,3	27,319
parent in labor force			,		Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.	13.8%
Children in single parent families	1,230	22.7%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered			
Children under age 18 who are not living	512	9.5%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	<u>,</u> 6	9.4%
with a parent Women in labor force with youngest child	623	17.2%	30,165	17.6%	Sexually transmitted disease cases among children & vouth (0-19vrs)	n/a	6	905
under age 6 Women in labor force with youngest child	1,182	32.6%	44,134	25.8%	م) ا			~
ages 6–17 Children age 16–19 not in school and not	49	26.1%	2,279	28.9%				
in the labor force					# to	<u> </u>		



Sources:

Montana 1994

County 1992

36,389 22,223

> 1,088 1,092 265

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps

Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Income Support Participation

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

39,131 16,687

- Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana
 - AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana
- ▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana
 - ◆ Montana Health Care Authority



COUNTY [Current Year]	10.6	1 1 900	210	3,930 3,930 14,2	130	"n/a" 1,255	15.9 2.1 2.16	
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [93] Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) [93]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1-14) [193] Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) [193] Avg. Number Of Cases. For Child Medicaid [194]	Education Number: Private School Enrollment [193=194] Number: Home School Enrollment [193-194]	Number Public School Enrollment [1933-194] Total School Enrollment [1933-194] Percent Chapter 1 Remedial Education [1933-194] Percent Special Education [1933-194]	Security Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) [194]	Economic Well-Being Number Of Children In Poverty [94] Number Free And Reduced Meals [94]	Social Behavior Percent Births To Single Teens ['93] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] * Berrent livenile Crime (Age 10 17) [[93]*	(1990) (1990) (1990)
COUNTY 1990	8:	2 4 335	ή/a η/a	3,421 n/a 10.6 8.4	72	22.3	8 8	- C.

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

8,170 21.6 n/a 21,433 3,580 104 163,027 9 9.4 (Current Year) 35,768 173,531 5,282 2,334 729 11.3 7.4 8 20.1 n/a 151,105 3,456 9,529 5.8 49 6 29,473 11,029 218 n/a 1990 6

STATE

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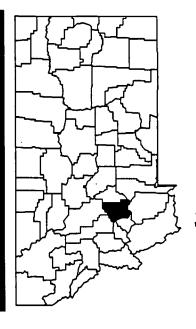
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Key Facts

1990 Census Data	Count	County 1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index County 1993 Montana 1993	County 1993	Monta	na 1993
Total Domilation	7 939		799.065	100.%	Resident live births	35 100%	11,362	100%
Total Topulation	¢41 563		\$30 928		Births to mothers under age 20 [♣]	11 31.4%	1,419	12.5%
Median income of families—mailieu coupie	000114		20,004		0:41-4	10 28 60		0 5%
Median income of families-male only*	\$22,917		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	0/0.07		9.5.6
Median income of families-female only*	\$15,000		\$12,446		not married	1	Ġ	ţ
Population under age 18	2,338	29.4%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	%0.0 <i>7</i> /	808	%1./
Minority population under age 18	, 79	3.4%	26,660	12.0%	education less than grade 12			
Children under see 6 with both or only	344	53.1%	40,740	58.4%				
parent in fabor force	•				Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
Children under age 18 with both or only	1,416	61.8%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
parent in labor force				;	Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families	302	12.9%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered			
Children under age 18 who are not living	101	4.3%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance*	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent Women in labor force with youngest child	303	17.4%	30,165	17.6%	Sexually transmitted disease cases	6/0	905	725
under age 6						3		1
Women in Jabor force with youngest child	483	27.7%	44,134	25.8%		æ	-	
ages 6-17	33	48 5%	2.279	28.9%	7	3		
in the labor force	7							





Montana 1994

County 1992

36,389 22,223

16,687 39,131

166 101 167

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps

Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Income Support Participation

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

- Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana
 - AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana
- ▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana
 - ♦ Montana Health Care Authority



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[Current Year] COUNTY

INDICATOR

	ون د			
6 7.4 104 66 66	8,170 2,334 163,027 173,531 11.3	3,580 5,282	n/a 35,768	9.4 729
5.8 9 49 56 56	n/a n/a 151;105: n/a 9:9	3,456 11,029	20.1 29,473	8. 218

9.4

Percent Chapter 1 Remedial Education (193-194)

6.3

n/a

Fotal School Enrollment ['93 - '94]

1,607

n/a

n/a

Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]

Security

39

0

Number Private School Enrollment [1933-194]

Education

Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94] Number Public School Enfollment [193 : 194]

Avg. Number Of Cases For Child Medicaid [94]

Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93]

0

6.7 Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193]

Health

COUNTY 1990 nfant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93] Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1-14) [1931]

0

1,847

1,900

	6.0		irces
AND	Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10/17) [193]	Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)	Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources
>	0,21	Percent of all oc	Source: 1995 A

No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] *

Percent Births To Single Teens [193]

3.8

0

Social Behavior

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Number Of Children In Roverty [194]

Economic Well-Being

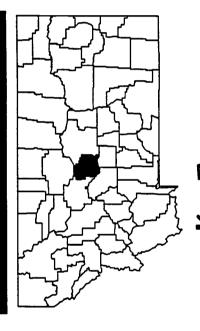
Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]

Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194]

Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]

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Judith Basin



Key Facts

Montana 1993

11,362 1,419

100% 12.5% 9.5%

1,067

7.1%

808

1990 Census Data	County	7 1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index County 1993 Mont	County 1	993	Mon
Total Population	2.282		799,065	100.%	Resident live births	9 10	100%	11,362
Modian income of families—married couple*	\$27,143		\$30,928		Births to mothers under age 20	0	%0	1,419
Median income of families—male only*	\$15,000		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	0	%0	1,067
Median income of families—female only*	\$15,417		\$12,446		not married*			
Population under age 18	581	25.5%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	0	%0	808
Minority population under age 18	S	0.9%	26,660	12.0%	education less than grade 1.2			
Children under age 6 with both or only	. 26	56.4%	40,740	58.4%			,	
parent in labor force					Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	-	1992
Children under age 18 with both or only	382	%9 :99	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,	27,319
parent in labor force				,	Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13	13.8%
Children in single parent families	28	10%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered			
Children under age 18 who are not living	21	3.6%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	6	9.4%
with a parent	(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	301.00	17.50/	Sexually transmitted disease cases			
Women in labor force with youngest child under age 6	£	14.7%	30,105	%O'./I	among children & youth (0–19yrs)▲	n/a		905
Women in labor force with youngest child	133	31.1%	44,134	25.8%	4/17			
ages 6-17						6		
Children age 16-19 not in school and not	S	38.5%	2,279	28.9%		<u></u>		
in the labor force								

26,398

1993

14.9%

15.3%

725

Sources:

Montana 1994

County 1992

36,389 22,223

11 29

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps

Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Income Support Participation

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

39,131 16,687

46

 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana

■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana

▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana ◆ Montana Health Care Authority

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COUNTY [Current Year]	0	0	36	00.00	470		S Samuel Control of the Control of t	"n/a" 115
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193]	Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93] Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1:14) ['93]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 · 19) ['93] Avg. Number Of Cases, For Child Medicaid ['94]	Education Number Private School Enrollment [193-194]	Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94] Number Public School Enrollment [[93 - '94]	Total School Enrollment (33 - 34) Percent Chapter Remedial Education (93 - 94) Percent Special Education (93 - 94)	Security Number Out-Of-Home Placements ['94] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being Number Of Children In Poverty ['94] Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]
COUNTY 1990	3	0	0	n/a	n/a 420	n/a 8 6.5	"n/a"	16.2 68

104

49

99

7.4

5.8

21,433

9,529

8,170

....n/a

163,027

151,105

2,334

173,531

21.6

6

n/a

11.3

3,580 5,282

3,456

11,029

[Current Year]

STATE

STATE

1990

BEST COPY AVAILABLE Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources



Kids Count

9.4

8

0

Percent Births To Single Teens (1931 No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] * Percent Juvenile Grime (Age 10-17) ['93]*

Social Behavior

Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

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0.2

0.46

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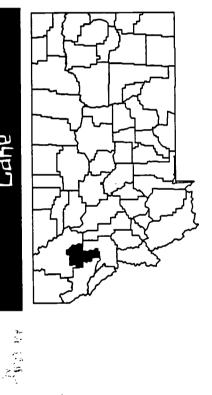
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35,768

29,473



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Key Facts

Aontana 1993

100% 12.5% 9.5%

,362 ,419 7.1%

808

/90/

24-C	County	, 1990	Montana 1990	1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993 Mont	3 Mont
Total Population	21,041	- 1	290'662	100.%	Resident live births	94 100%	= '
Median income of families-married couple*	\$28,254		\$30,928		Births to mothers under age 20	35 37.2%	7 1 7 7
Median income of families-male only*	\$10,938		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	29 30.97	,
Median income of families-female only*	\$10,855		\$12,446		not married	21 22.3%	808
Population under age 18	6,349	30.2%	222,104	27.8%	births to mouners under age 20 cm		
Minority population under age 18	1,892	29.8%	76,660	12.0%			
Children under age 6 with both or only	1,018	. 53.0%	40,740	58.4%	Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992
parent in labor force	3.992	%29	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319
Children under age 10 with control city					Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%
Children in single parent families	1,593	25.1%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered		
Children under age 18 who are not living	605	%5.6	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%
with a parent Women in labor force with youngest child	740	18%	30,165	17.6%	Sexually transmitted disease cases among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a	905
under age 6 Women in labor force with youngest child	1,206	29.4%	44,134	25.8%	_	(C)	
ages 6–17 Children age 16–19 not in school and not	132	39.1%	2,279	28.9%	יאי	3%	
in the labor force						• •	
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:	of Com-	_
		000		22 223	◆ Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce,		ווכורבי

26,398 14.9%

1993

15.3%

725

◆ Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana Sources:

■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana

36,389 22,223

39,131 16,687

1,583 1,239

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps 'Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana

◆ Montana Health Care Authority



BEST COPY AVAILABLE Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

プログ

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104

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6

26

99

7.4

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[Current Year]

STATE

STATE

1990

21,433

9,529

8,170

in/a

2,334

21.6

6

n/a

163,027

151,105

173,531

Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193] Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) [193] Number Of Child Deaths (Age 15 - 19) [193] Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) [193] Avgi Number Of Gases For Child Medicaid [194] Education Number Private School Enrollment [193 - 194] Number Home School Enrollment [193 - 194] Number Home School Enrollment [193 - 194] Total School Enrollment [193 - 194] Fercent Special Education [193 - 194] Percent Special Education [193 - 194]	5.6 9.8 3 2 1)1111 1,111 4,697 5,027 2,637
94].	3.8 1.11 1
941/	39 111 111 1027 697 697
94].	3.5 111. 3.9 6.97. 6.3.
94]	2 11.1 39 91 697 63
	39 7. 91 697 63
	697 697 663
94]	39 91 697 63
[64]	697 697 663
[64]	697 027 63
94]	027 63
94]	633 7
	7.
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	
	73
Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	185
-	
	"n/a"
	,832
-	
	11.8
93] *	22
Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10: 17): [193]*	4.4
	93]*

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

September 1 n/a 3,580 9.4 35,768 5,282 729 3,456 20.1 8 11,029 29,473

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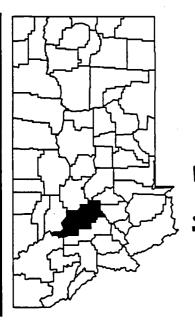
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Lewis and Clark

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Key Facts

1990 Census Data	County 1990	1990	Montana 1990	1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993		Montana 1993
	47 495		799.065	100.%	Resident live births	257 100%	6 11,362	100%
of families married counter	£36,580		\$30.928		Births to mothers under age 20*	64 24.9%	6 1,419	12.5%
	\$19,583		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	52 20.2%	, 1,067	9.5%
·	\$12,285		\$12,446		not married			1
•	13,144	27.7%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	33 12.8%	808 808	7.1%
er age 18	732	2.6%	76,660	12.0%	education less than grade 12			
Children under age 6 with both or only	2,876	%9 ′69	40,740	58.4%		7007	1001	1003
parent in labor force					Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1332	1993
Children under age 18 with both or only	9,630	75.3%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
parent in labor force					Perrent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families	2,816	21.4%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of percent not covered			
Children under age 18 who are not living	786	%0.9	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent	1			71	Sexually transmitted disease cases			
Women in labor force with youngest child	2,156	18.3%	30,165	%9./1	among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a	902	725
Under age o	3 000	%6 96	44.134	25.8%	-			
Women in labor loice with youngest clinic		2				ł		
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	150	29.8%	2,279	28.9%				
in the labor force								
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:			poptop
Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC)C	1,013	7	22,223	 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Confinence, State of Montana 			I.K.
Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps	d stamps		m	36,389	■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social &	tment of Social &		
Children under age 18 who received Medicaid		1,709	m	39,131	Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana	,		KIOS
A	ived⁴	969	_	16,687	▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana	nces, State of Mon		

- AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana
- ▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana

16,687





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A project of Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies – The Montana Coalition. Funded through a grant from the Annie E. Casey Foundation

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

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COUNTY [Current Year]	6.2 12.2 8 4 4	156 137 10148	12.4	217 "In/a"	57
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193] Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) [193] Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1114) [193] Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) [193]	Avg. Number Of Cases For Child Medicald 13*1. Education Number Private School Enrollment ['93"-94] Number Home School Enrollment ['93"-94] Number Public School Enrollment ['93"-94]	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94] Percent Chapter 1 Remedial Education ['93 - '94] Percent Special Education ['93 - '94] Security Nimber Out-Of-Home Placements ['94]	Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94] Economic Well-Being Number Of Children In Poverty ['94] Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior Percent Births To Single Teens [93] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93]* Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10 17) ['93]*
COUNTY 1990	63 (%)	638 n/a 9,249	n/a 5 12.1	827 827 15.5	13

Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990) Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources

n/a 9 104 Current Year 21.6 35,768 8,170 163,027 3,580 173,531 5,282 2,334 STATE 7.4 99 20.1 3,456 6. // n/a 49 5.8 151,105 9,529 11,029 29,473 n/a n/a 9.6 STATE 1990

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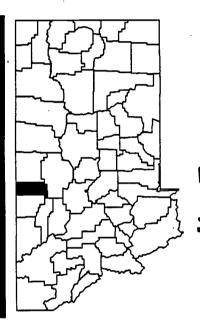
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Key Facts

		County 1990	Monta	Montana 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993		Montana 1993
1990 Census Data		255	20007	7000	Posident live highs	9 100%	11.362	100%
Total Population	7,795		c90'66/	NO.%			1 410	17 59/
Median income of families-married couple*	\$28,846		\$30,928		Births to mothers under age 20	0/7.77	1,419	0,57
Median income of families-male only*	\$18,750		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	1 11.1%	1,067	9.5%
Modian income of familie—female only*	\$12,083		\$12,446		not married	,	Ċ	į
Population under age 18	732	31.9%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	%I.II	808 808	% !:
Minority population under age 18	7	1%	26,660	12.0%	education less than grade 12			
Children under age 6 with both or only	84	43.3%	40,740	58.4%	20 mg J V VV 170 23 77 27 23 170	1001	1002	1003
parent in labor force					Uther State ney racts At A Giance	1661	7661	1333
Children under age 18 with both or only	342	26.6%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
parent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families	63	8.6%	43,005	19.4%	Parcent of persons not covered			i
Children under age 18 who are not living	109	14.9%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent	ç	72 1%	30 165	17.6%	Sexually transmitted disease cases			
Women in labor force with youngest child	?	0/ 1.77	20,00		among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a	905	722
under age b		74 70/	124	75 8%		8		
Women in labor force with youngest child	=	34.270	44,134					
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	18	64.3%	2,279	28.9%	י <i>ט</i> י	· P		
in the labor force					۰	•		•
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:			
Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC	.DC	8		22,223	 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana 	partment of Comme	_	
Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps	od stamps	19		36,389	■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social &	tment of Social &		
Children under age 18 who received Medicaid	_	20		39,131 16 687	Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana A Department of Health & Fryironmental Sciences. State of Montana	nces. State of Monta		KIOS

▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana ♦ Montana Health Care Authority

16,687



Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

Current Year

INDICATOR

Number Of Child Deaths (Age. 114) [93]

0.65

6.5

Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93]

Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93] Avg. Number Of Cases For Child Medicald [194]

Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193]

Health

COUNTY

1990

					<u> </u>
STATE [Current Year]	6 7.4 104 66 66	8,170 2,334 163,027 173,531 113,531	3,580 5,282	n/a 35,768	9.4 729 100
STATE 1990	5.8 9 49 56 56	n/a n/a 1511.105 n/a 9.9	3,456 11,029	29,473	218
COUNTY	3.9 0 0 0	0 15 558 573 18.5 7.7	1	53	3.8 0

Percent Ghapter I Remedial Education [93-94]

Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94]

Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]

4.7

Security

.2

Number Public School Enrollment [93 94]

Number Private School Enrollment [93 94] Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]

h/a

n/a

Education

Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194]

Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]

Number Of Children in Poverty [94]

16.4

Economic Well-Being

Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]

No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] *

Percent Births To Single, Teens (1931)

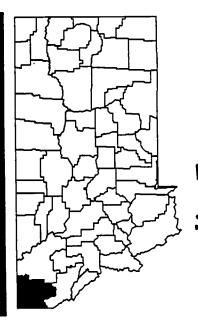
Social Behavior

Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10 - 17) [1931

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Key Facts

\$ 500 t	County 1990	, 1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993		Montana 1993
990 Census Data	17.401		700 065	100 %	Resident live births	77 100%	11,362	100%
Total Population	1/,481		000'66'	200	Birthe to mothers under age 204	21 27.3%	1.419	12.5%
Median income of families-married couple*	\$29,401		\$30,928		pints to moders under age 20 g.	16 20 8%		6 5%
Median income of families-male only*	\$18,125		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 ∝			2
Median income of families-female only*	\$6,822		\$12,446		not manned	17 15.6%	808	7 1%
medial medic of carried and 19	5 229	%6 60	222.104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &			2
Population under age 10	22,0	70.07	26,660	12.0%	education less than grade 1.2			
Minority population under age 18	2007	3.0%	20,000	12.070				
Children under age 6 with both or only	693	47.9%	40,740	58.4%	Other State Key Facts At A Clance	1991	1992	1993
parent in labor force					Office State ney Lacia At A Station			
Children under age 18 with both or only	2,952	58.9%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
parent in tahor force	•				Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
		17 7%	43.005	19.4%				
Children in single parent families	900	0/7./	10000	74.	Percent of persons not covered	,00	707	4 F 30/
Children under age 18 who are not living	262	2.0%	14,1//	0.4%	by health insurance*	17.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a narent				3	Sexually transmitted disease cases			
Women in labor force with youngest child	469	14.4%	30,165	17.6%	among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a	902	725
under age 6								
Women in labor force with volungest child	1.033	31.8%	44,134	25.8%	9/1-			
VVOIDELLINIADOLIDICE TITTE J'ETT GETT ETTE	•) (A		
ages 0–17	09	33 30/	2.279	28.9%		6		
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	8	07:70))		
in the labor force								
					<i> </i>			
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:	estment of Comme		montana
Children and 18 whose family received AFDC	AFDC	565		22,223	State of Montana			
Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps	food stamps	829	,	36,389	η, M	tment of Social &		
			•	,,,,	the state of the state of the state of the state of			

- State of Montana
- AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana
- ▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana

39,131 16,687

841 317

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

♦ Montana Health Care Authority



237

A project of Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies – The Montana Coalition. Funded through a grant from the Annie E. Casey Foundation ?

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COUNTY [Current Year]	9.1	33	16 152 3.981 4.149	391	107	1,054	29
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies ['93] Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93]	Number Of Child Deaths (Agel 114) [193] Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15-19) [193] Avg. Number Of Cases For Child Medicaid: [194]	Education Number Private School Enrollment [193-194] Number Home School Enrollment [193-194] Number Public School Enrollment [193-194]	Total School Enrollment (193 - 194) Percent Chapter (1 Remedial Education (193 - 194) Percent Special Education (193 - 194)	Security Number Out Of Home Placements [194] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) [194]	Economic Well-Being Number Of Ghildren In Poverty [94] Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior Percent Births To Single Teens [193] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions [193]* Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10 17) [193]*
COUNTY 1990		1 1 218		n/a 1111	71 291	173	8.85 1 0.91

* Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990) Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources

Control of the second n/a 21.6 3,580 21,433 104 8,170 163,027 [Current Year] 35,768 173,531 9 5,282 2,334 11.3 STATE 7.4 99 20.1 6n/a 9,529 151,105 5.8 3,456 49 11,029 29,473 n/a n/a 9.9 STATE 1990

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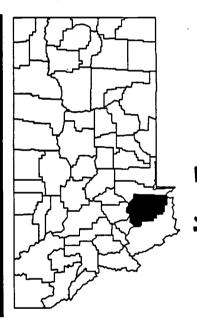
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Madison



Key Facts

1990 Census Data	County 1990	1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993		Montana 1993
Tetal Description	5 989		799.065	100.%	Resident live births	17 100%	11,362	100%
iotal robulation	00000		£30 928		Births to mothers under age 20	7 41.2%	1,419	12.5%
Median income of families-married couple	\$20,045		410,020		Dishe to mothers under any 10.8.	4 23 5%	1.067	%5 6
Median income of families-male only*	\$11,875		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 oc	8/C.C7 +	90'-	9
Median income of families-female only*	\$8,864		\$12,446			1 5 00/	aCa	7 18
Population under age 18	1,529	25.5%	222,104	27.8%	Birring to motiners under age 20 &	9.5.6	909	9/1/
Minority population under age 18	46	3.0%	26,660	12.0%	education less man grade 12			
Children under age 6 with both or only	285	68.5%	40,740	58.4%	Sound A 44 stord contraction	1001	1007	1003
parent in labor force					Offier State Ney Facts At A Giance	1561	726	1333
Children under age 18 with both or only	1,014	%0.69	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
parent in labor force	•				Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families	200	13.1%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered			
Children under age 18 who are not living	62	4.1%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent		٠			Severally transmitted disease cases			
Women in labor force with youngest child	225	18.5%	30,165	17.6%	among children & vouth (0–19vrs)	n/a	905	725
under age 6				,	9.			
Women in labor force with youngest child	325	26.7%	44,134	25.8%		æ		
ages 6–17					ブ	2		
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	4	10.5%	2,279	28.9%	2 1	9,		
in the labor force								
				, 66,		1		
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:	John Strain		montana



- Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana Sources:
 - AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana

36,389 22,223

39,131 16,687

118 113 6

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Income Support Participation

- Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana
 - ♦ Montana Health Care Authority



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COUNTY [Current Year]	9.4	15.6		99		<u> </u>	29	1,112	193	10	And the second of the second o	21	36			001		6.3	0	0.2
INDICATOR	Health	Percent Low, bir unweighte Bangs, 1321 1988 1988 Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 11-14) ['93]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15-19) ['93] Avg. Number Of Cases For Child Medicaid ['94]	Education	Number Private School Enrollment [193 - 194]	Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Number Public School Enrollment (33, 344)	Total School Efformation 25 - 24 Percent Chapter Remedia Education 193 - 194	Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security	Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194]	Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being	Number Of Children in Poverty [94]	Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior	Percent, Births To Single Teens [193]	No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93]	Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10, 17) [193]
COUNTY 1990		2.6	0		The state of the s	n/a	76.00	1,010	n/a 7.3	9.6		2	"n/a"		25.1	41			0	0.13

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources $242\,$ * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

3,580 104 8,170 21,433 163,027 21.6 [Current Year] 173,531 35,768 . n/a 5,282 2,334 11.3 7.4 3,456 20.1 6 n/a 151,105 49 9,529 5.8 11,029 29,473 STATE 1990 n/a 6

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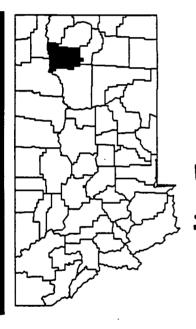
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Key Facts

1990 Census Data	County 1990	1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993	Montana 1993	a 1993
Total Population	2.276		799,065	100.%	Resident live births	8 100%	11,362	100%
of families-married couple*	\$25,610		\$30,928		Births to mothers under age 20*	3 37.5%	1,419	12.5%
	\$17,500		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	2 25.0%	1,067	9.5%
•	\$15,938		\$12,446		not married		Ġ	į
	657	28.9%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	%0 0	80g 80g	7.1%
Minority population under age 18	13	2.0%	26,660	12.0%	education less than grade 12			
Children under age 6 with both or only	88	48.1%	40,740	58.4%			,	,
parent in labor force					Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
Children under age 18 with both or only	428	66.2%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
parent in labor force				,	Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families	5 2	8.2%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of rescons not covered			
Children under age 18 who are not living	12	1.8%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent	5	14 60/	20 165	17.6%	Sexually transmitted disease cases	,	1	
Women in labor force with youngest child	<u>-</u>	6,0%	20,100	8 0: \-	among children & youth (0-19yrs)*	n/a	902	725
under age o Women in labor force with youngest child	148	35.3%	44,134	25.8%				
ages 6-17			6			6		
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	m	23.1%	2,279	78.9%		<u>ာ</u>		
in the labor force								
								•
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:			
Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC	 	1	7	22,223	 Census & Economic information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana 	anment of Commerc		E
Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps	d stamps	31	m	36,389	■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social &	tment of Social &	_	= { }
Children under age 18 who received Medicaid		24	m	39,131	Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana		×	SDI

- Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Comn State of Montana
 - AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana
- ▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana
 - ◆ Montana Health Care Authority

16,687

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Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Average number of children under age 5 who received.
WIC per month



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COUNTY [Current Year]		4	40	0	0	14 14			Contaction in the based in the second in the	361	364	30.8	15.2	A Committee of the Comm	C	7	Control of the Contro	"n/a"	35		8	0	0
INDICATOR	Health	Percent Low Birthweight Babies [93]	Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1) 14) [93]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93]	Avg. Number Of Cases For Child Medicaid [94]	Education	Number Private School Enrollment [935,94]	Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Number Public School Enrollment [93 94]	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Percent Chapter I Remedial Education [93: 94]	Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security		Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being	Number Of Children in Poverty [94]	Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior	Percent Births To Single Leens [93]	No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] *	Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10::17) [193]*
COUNTY 1990		111	0	0.	0	28		n/a	n/a	440	n/a	8.6	9.4			"n/a"		22.2	133		3.7	0	0.3

8,170

. n/a

2,334

163,027

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173,531

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[Current Year]

STATE

STATE 1990

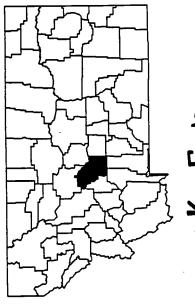
Source: 1995) Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources (2,2,2,3)

Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

Sall Marie 21.6 3,580 n/a 9.4 35,768 100 5,282 729 11.3 β..... 9 3,456 20.1 0.46 11,029 29,473 218 6.6

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Key Facts

	County 1990	, 1990	Montana 1990	1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993	Montai	Montana 1993
1990 Census Data	Coulity	2001	2000	7000	Decident live hirthe≜	9 100%	11,362	100%
Total Population	1,819		799,065	8.00	Risher to mother and 20*	1 11.1%		12.5%
Median income of families-married couple*	\$24,375		\$76,05\$		billis to motives and a decided	1 11 10%	1,067	%5 6
Median income of families—male only*	\$12,500		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	2	00/-	2
Azelian income of families—female only*	\$5,592		\$12,446		nist at the mathematical and 20 8.	%0	808	7.1%
Median income of tanning control of possibilities under see 18	484	26.6%	222,104	27.8%	birring to mounters under age 20 cm)	! !
Misority population under age 18	19	3.9%	26,660	12.0%	ברחרשונים וכיז וויים פרחרים			
Children under see 6 with both or only	79	%95	40,740	58.4%	cond A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	1001	1997	1993
Cilifornia de Cara Cara Cara Cara Cara Cara Cara Car					Other State Rey Facts At A Glarice		1776	
parent in tabol loice	282	65.6%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
Children under age 10 with both of 01117		! !	•		Doctor of portons in poverto*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
parent in labor lorce	8	11.0%	43.005	19.4%				
Children in single parent families		0.1.	14 177	6.4%	Percent of persons not covered	17.8%	4%	15.3%
Children under age 18 who are not living	/3	15.1%	\ \ '	2	by nealth insurance	7.0.7	2	
with a parent	í		20 165	17.6%	Sexually transmitted disease cases	7-	100	775
Women in labor force with youngest child	65	15.6%	201,00	2	among children & youth (U-1 9yrs)	п/а	506	3
under age 6	•	700	14 124	7E 80/		(*		
Women in labor force with youngest child	95	72.7%	44,134	0/0.67				
ages 6–17	i		07.1	78 O.		36		
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	10	35.7%	61717	7 () ()		-		
in the labor force						7		•

 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana Sources: Montana 1994 36,389 22,223 County 1992 47 54 25



♦ Montana Health Care Authority

A project of Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies - The Montana Coalition. Funded through a grant from the Annie E. Casey Foundation

■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana

> 39,131 16,687

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps

Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Income Support Participation

▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana

STATE

STATE

COUNTY Current Year	1 1 1 28	24 18 317 359	20.8 10.1 9	25	1 0:1
<u>0</u>	[93]		[194]		
INDICATOR	00) ['93] [93] 15 - 19)	Enrollment [193 - 194] Enrollment [193 - 194] Enrollment [193 - 194] Enrollment [193 - 194]	Percent Chapter I Remedial Education [193: 194] Percent Special Education [193 - 194] Security Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) [194]	-Being Poverty, ['94] Iced Meals ['94]	Teens [!93] [.satment Admissions ['93] [.63]*
∠ 1	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193] Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) [193] Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1: 14) [193] Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) Avg. Number Of Cases For Child Medicald [19	Education Number Private School Enfollment [93-94] Number Home School Enrollment [93 - 94] Number Public School Enrollment [93-94]	Percent Chapter (1 Remedial Education) Percent Special Education ['93 - '94] Security Number Out-Of-Home Placements ['94] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Con	Economic Well-Being Number Of Children In Poverty, ['94] Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Percent Births To Single Teens [193] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10: 17) [193]*
COUNTY 1990	0 0 0		n/a 11.33 6 6 "n/a"	19.6 75	0

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

STATE OF THE PARTY 9.4 21,433 21.6 163,027 3,580 104 "n/a 9 Current Year 35,768 8,170 173,531 2,334 5,282 729 11.3 7.4 99 20.1 8 3,456 151,105 n/a 49 9,529 6 11,029 29,473 218 n/a n/a 1990

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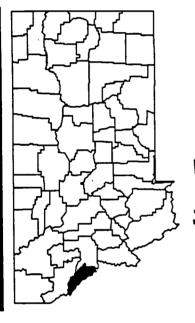
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Key Facts

	County 1990	1000	Montana 1990	1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993 Montana 1993	Montar	na 1993
1990 Census Data	Zomity	255	700 065	100 %	Resident live hirths	17 100%	11,362	100%
•	3,315		600,667	00.70	Rights to mothers under age 20	3 17.6%	1,419	12.5%
uple*	\$29,861 \$10,863		\$30,920		Births to mothers under age 20 &	2 11.8%	1,067	9.5%
^	\$10,093		\$12,021 \$12,446		not married			1
es-remale only	064-9¢	707.00	222,104	27 8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	2 11.8%	808	7.1%
Population under age 18	<u>8</u>	29.67 ₀	75,560	17.0%	education less than grade 12*			
Minority population under age 18	=	%7./	000'07	6,0,7				
Children under age 6 with both or only	96	40.3%	40,740	58.4%	Other State Key Farts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
parent in labor force	,		975	/00 33	סמוכן סשיב ויבל והבחיווי ביייי		27 240	300
Children under age 18 with both or only	20	26.5%	141,/60	0,7.00	Median income of households*	79,704	616,72	066'07
parent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single narent families	181	18.5%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of nersons not covered			
Cilifated at Single parent termines	8	8 4%	14.177	6.4%	by bealth incircance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
Children under age 10 wild ale 110t 11viii8	3	2			of meanin moderne			
with a parent	0.7	12 70/	30 165	17.6%	Sexually transmitted disease cases	7-	900	775
Women in labor torce with youngest child	ò	0/7.61	20,00		among children & youth (U-19yrs)	Ρ⁄Ι	506	77
under age 6			***) o	•			
Women in Jabor force with youngest child	50	30.3%	44,134	%9.67				
ages 6–17						ď		
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	9	27.3%	2,279	28.9%		<u>၅</u>		
in the labor force								
								•
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:	admost of Company		ontana
Citi		92	2	22,223	 Census & Economic information Center, Department of Commerce, Characof Montana 		_	
Children under age 10 whose farmly received in 50	stamps	151	E	36,389	■ AFDC. Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social &	tment of Social &		
Children under age 10 wildse lainiily received 1000.	2	154	•	39.131				V (1)
Children under age 18 who received medicald	•	-	, -	287	A Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana	nces, State of Monta		
Average number of children under age 5 who received	ved_	64		/00'01	A Mantena Lineleh Cara Authority			COUNT

▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana ♦ Montana Health Care Authority A project of Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies – The Montana Coalition. Funded through a grant from the Annie E. Casey Foundation

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month



Current Year

INDICATOR

COUNTY

STATE STATE 1990 [Current Year]	5.8	n/a 2,334 151,105 163,027 n/a 173,531 9.9 21.6	3,456 3,580 11,029 5,282	29,473 35,768
OUNTY rent Year]	2:5 0 0 0 106	39 14 916 969 28.9	23 115	11/a 224

~ 916 ~

39

106

Avg. Number Of Cases For Child Medicaid (1941)

Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93] Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1, 14) [93]

Percent Low Birthweight Babies [[93]

Health

COUNTY 1990 0

Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93]

		ز
* Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)	Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources	

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9.6

Percent Births To Single Teens [193]

Social Behavior

No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] * Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10 17) [93]

:: "n/a"

Number Of Children in Poverty, [94] Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]

25.9

162

Economic Well-Being

Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]

Number Out-Ot-Home Placements [194]

87

Percent Chabter | Remedial Education [93 - 94]

8:8

11.3

n/a

Fotal School Enrollment ['93 - '94]

Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]

Security

Number Public School Enrollment 1933-194

867

Number Private School Enrollment [93-94] Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]

n/a

Education

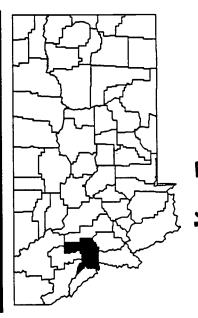
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Missoula



Key Facts

Itana 1993

100% 12.5% 9.5%

7.1%

	County	7 1990	Montana 1990	1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993 Mont	1993	Mont
1990 Census Data	70 607	- 1	799 065	100 %	Resident live births	505	100%	11,362
Total Population	/00'0/		420,000	2	Births to mothers under age 20	102 2	20.2%	1,419
Median income of families-married couple*	\$35,746		\$30,920		District another moder on 20 g.		14 5%	1 067
Median income of families—male only*	\$18,690		\$19,821		birns to morners under age 20 &	?	2	2
Median income of families-female only*	\$9,957		\$12,446		not married	43	% Z %	808
Population under age 18	20,233	25.7%	222,104	27.8%	birms to mouners under age 20 or		2	8
Adjustity population under age 18	1,312	6.5%	26,660	12.0%	education less than Black 12			
Children under age 6 with both or only	4,129	29.6%	40,740	58.4%		,		6
Cilidren under age o with both of city		· ·			Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991		1992
Children under age 18 with both or only	13.060	65.8%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264		27,319
Cilification of the second of					Dorcent of persons in poverty*	15.5%		13.8%
parent in tabol torce	1001	70/	43 005	19 4%	בפורפווו מו ליבוסמום ווו לסגבונל	2		
Children in single parent tamilies	4,397	0/.17	100/01	201.	Percent of persons not covered	,		3
Children under age 18 who are not living	1,022	5.1%	14,1//	0.4%	by health insurance*	12.8%		9.4%
with a parent				3	Sexually transmitted disease cases			
Women in labor force with youngest child	3,095	16.7%	30,165	1/.6%	among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a		905
under age 6			•	i		{		
Women in labor force with youngest child	4,016	21.7%	44,134	%8.67		P.		
ages 6–17					7	013		
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	117	19.5%	2,279	28.9%		9.		
in the labor force				-	<i>\(\tau^{\text{i}} \)</i>			
				7007		Ĺ		
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:) july 100 mg	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	

26,398

1993

14.9%

15.3%

725

 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana Sources:

> 22,223 36,389 39,131 16,687

3,359 3,460

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps 'Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Income Support Participation

▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana ■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana

♦ Montana Health Care Authority



Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month 256

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COUNTY [Current Year]	6.3	3	2,527	1,078	14,513	11.7	361 535	3,046	573 57
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193] ************************************	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1 14) [93] Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) [93]	Avg. Number Of Cases For Child Medicaid 1941	Number Private School Enrollment (1936-194) Number Home School Enrollment (193 - 194)	Number Public School Enrollment [193 - 194] Total School Enrollment [193 - 194]	Percent Chapter 1 Remedial Education [193_194]	Security Number Out Of Home Placements [194] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) [194]	Economic Well-Being Number Of Children in Poverty [194] Number Free And Reduced Meals [194]	Social Behavior Percent Births To Single Teens [[93] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions [93] * Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10: 17) [[93]*
COUNTY 1990	Z4 Z	2	11123	n/a	13.191 n/a	6.3	363 807	19.3	5.7 24 0.67

21,433

9,529

104

49

26

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[Current Year]

STATE

STATE

1990

8,170

n/a

2,334

163,027 173,531

151,105

STATE OF THE PARTY 21.6 3,580 n/a 35,768 9.4 5,282 11.3 729 9 3,456 6 20.1 11,029 29,473 0.46 218 9.9

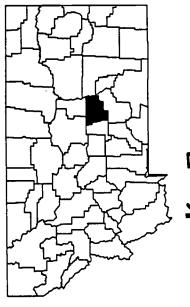
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Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

Musselshell

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Key Facts

1000 Concine Data	County 1990	1990	Montana 1990	1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993		Montana 1993
1930 Cellsus Data			700 065	100 %	Resident live hirths	19 100%	11,362	100%
Total Population	4,106		600,667	8.50	Biths to mothers under 200 204	6 31.6%	1.419	12.5%
Median income of families-married couple*	\$24,336		\$30,928		billis to mouners under age 20	76.3%	1.067	%5 0
Median income of families-male only*	\$12,250		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 α	0, 50.3 /8) -	5 5
Median income of families-female only*	\$5,547		\$12,446		Distrate mother modes and 20 &	3 15.8%	808	7 1%
Population under age 18	1,043	25.4%	222,104	27.8%	births to mouners under age 20 & odingston less than grade 12		8	:
Minority population under age 18	33	3.2%	26,660	12.0%				
Children under age 6 with both or only	166	67.5%	40,740	58.4%	Other State Key Facts At A Clance	1991	1992	1993
parent in labor force			1	,80	Ouiei state hey I acts At A Giante			
Children under age 18 with both or only	603	62.9%	141,760	%7.99	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
parent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families	128	12.3%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered			
Children under age 18 who are not living	77	7.4%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent			•		Sexually transmitted disease cases			
Women in labor force with youngest child	125	17.0%	30,165	17.6%	among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a	902	725
under age 6								
Women in Jabor force with youngest child	190	25.8%	44,134	25.8%	9/1-			
ages 6–17						É		
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	10	18.2%	2,279	28.9%		<u>ှ</u>		
in the labor force								
								•
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:			popular
A 19 whose family received AFDC	100	40	7	22,223	 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, Sorte of Montana 	Sarment of Comme		2 E
Children Under age 10 whose family received find stamps	od stamps	115	m	36,389	■ AFDC Food Stamp. Medicaid (1994), Department of Social &	tment of Social &		
Children under age 10 willose family received for		129	•	39,131	Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana			
Children under age 18 wno received medicalu	•	2		16,687	▲ Denartment of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana	nces, State of Monta		
Average number of children under age 5 who received	eived)(-	,00,0	A Montana Health Care Authority			count

♦ Montana Health Care Authority



Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps Children under age 18 who received Medicaid Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month 260



ERIC

COUNTY [Current Year]	67733	0	2	4	20 878	902 30.4 12.6	14	"ŋ/a"	12:2 4
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193]	Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93] Number Of Child Deaths (Aged 114) ['93]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93] Avg. Number Of Cases For Child Medicald ['94]	Education Number Private School Enrollment (1937-194)	Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94] Nümber Public School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94] Percent Chapter Remedial Education ['93 - '94] Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security Number Out Of Home Placements [194] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being Number Of Children in Poverty [194] Number Free And Reduced Meals [194]	Social Behavior Recent Births To Single Teens [193] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions [193]* Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10 17) [193]*
COUNTY 1990	2.4	24	0	n/a	n/a 834	n/a 12.7 12.5	16	2.8	2 2 0.39

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2,334

163,027

151,105

173,531

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[Current Year]

STATE

STATE 1990 21,433

9,529

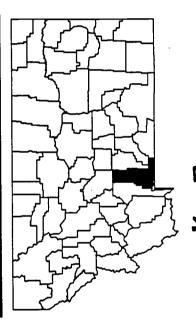
Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

一种 9.4 3,580 n/a 21.6 35,768 5,282 729 100 8.... 3,456 20.1 6 11,029 29,473 0.46 218

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Park



Key Facts

Total Population Total Population Median income of families-married couple Median income of families-male only Median income of families-female only S7,858 Population under age 18 Minority population under age 18 Children under age 6 with both or only 595	14,562 29,571 19,896 \$7,858 3,683 25.3% 158 4.3% 595 45.9% 2,053 58.4%	V 94 94 94 14	99,065 100.% 30,928 19,821	Resident live births* Riths to mothers under age 20*	78 100%	-	100%
				Right to mothers under age 20	•		200
% % %			28 21	Rithe to mothers under age ZU		•	201
			21		14.1%		0/C'71
, *\	•	~ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	17	Right to mothers under 30e 20 &	7 9.0%	1.067	9.5%
**		↔ ~	•	Diffus to morning aniact age to a			
,		2	46	HOLINATIES			7 10
· vluo		V	77.8%	Births to mothers under age ZU &	5 5.4%	808	21.7
, vino	•			education less than grade 12			
· vluo	•		60 12.0%				
	-, -,		40 58.4%				
	_,			Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
parent in taboli totte both or only		141.760	60 66.2%	Modian income of households*	26.264	27 319	26.398
Children under age 18 with both of Only				Mediali Ilicolile di libusciolus	107/07		2 2 2 2 2
parent in labor force				Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
CL:11-2		43,005	05 19.4%				
Culiquen in single parelle laitinics				Percent of persons not covered	300	7	,00
Children under age 18 who are not living 230	6.2%	14,1//	// 0.4%	by health insurance*	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a narent				Sexually transmitted dispase cases			
William Parce with volument child	16.0%	30,165	65 17.6%	concess children 8, worth (0-10vrs)	6/0	905	725
				alifolig cililatell & youri (0-1-7)13/	3)	}
)4 JC 00/		(
Women in labor force with youngest child 701	77.8%	44,134			S.		
apes 6–17				J	2		
	38 27.0%		2,279 28.9%	O	9		
				L	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		
in the labor force				C			
				^	r		•
Income Support Participation	Count	County 1992	Montana 1994	Sources:	r partment of Comme	_	ontono
Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC	2	269	22,223	Census & Economic minimation Center, Ochanine of Commisses, State of Montana			
cities and food formily received food stamp	_	474	36,389	■ AFDC Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social &	rtment of Social &		
Children under age 18 whose idiffilly received food staffings			20,121				7:7
Children under age 18 who received Medicaid	4	451	151,66	Netiabilitation Services, State of Montana	total feet of 140mi		75

- State of Montana
- AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana

39,131 16,687

139

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps
Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

- ▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana
 - ♦ Montana Health Care Authority



A project of Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies - The Montana Coalition. Funded through a grant from the Annie E. Casey Foundation

COUNTY [Current Year]	And the second s	2.5.3	5.3			248		240	108	2,476	2,824	19.9	13.1	All fully and the last of the	20.	126		11/a 11/a	530		E S		23
INDICATOR	Health	Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193]	Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 14) [93]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93]	Avg Number Of Cases For Child Medicald [194]	Education	Number Private School Enrollment [193-194]	Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Number, Public School Enfollment [193]: 194]	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Percent Chapter 1 Remedial Education [193-194]	Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security	Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194]	Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being	Number Of Children In Poverty [94]	Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior	Percent Births To Single Teen's [[93]	No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] *	Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10 - 17) [193]*
COUNTY 1990	والمراقبة والمراقبة والمتعاون والمتعاون والمتعاون والمتعاون والمتعاون والمتعاون والمتعاون والمتعاون والمتعاون	8.5	23		3	135		n/a	n/a	2,173	n/a	8.3	11.1		46	41		20.7	382		6.2	0	1.02

163,027

151,105

2,334

21.6

6

11.3

173,531

n/a

8,170

21,433

9,529

104

49.

5.8

Current Year

STATE

STATE

1990

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

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35,768

29,473

9.4

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3,580

3,456

5,282

11,029

267

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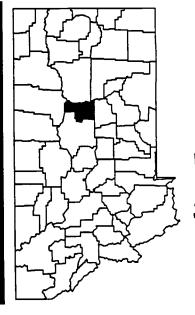
A project of Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies, The Montana Coalition. Funded through a grant from the Annie E. Casey Foundation

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Key Facts

		1000	Montana 1990	1000	Hioh Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993		Montana 1993
1990 Census Data	County 1330	1220	Montalia	2001	Designation binds	1 100%	11 362	100%
Total Population	519		799,065	100.%	Kesident live bittiis	100%		12.5%
Modian income of families_married couple*	\$24.500		\$30,928		Births to mothers under age 20	-		5.2.6
Median income of families—male only*	\$16,875		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	%0 0	, 1,067	9.5%
Median income of familiae famala only*	\$8 447		\$12,446		not married	ò		1
Median income of families remain only	141	77 7%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	%n n	909	0.1.7
Population under age 10	<u> </u>	0/7:/7	35,550	12.0%	education less than grade 12			
Minority population under age 18	0	% O	000,02	12.0%				
Children under age 6 with both or only	78	52.8%	40,740	58.4%	Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
parent in labor force	!		022.11	/oc 33	ממוכן משני ויכל ויכל ויכל ויכל ויכל ויכל ויכל ויכ	130 30	27.210	26 200
Children under age 18 with both or only	87	63.5%	141,/60	027.00	Median income of households*	79,704	616,12	066'07
parent in labor force				;	Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families	25	17.7%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered			
Cilifated in single parent termines	~	2 1%	14.177	6.4%	his boolet incurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
Children under age 18 wno are not living	7	8 1.7		<u>:</u>	Dy Health Insurance			
with a parent	•	700	20 165	17.6%	Sexually transmitted disease cases			776
Women in labor force with youngest child	<u>0</u>	0,01	20,100	20.	among children & youth (0-19yrs)	ιΛa	506	67/
under age 6								
Women in labor force with youngest child	28	28.0%	44,134	72.8%				
ages 6–17						(4:		
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	2	28.6%	2,279	28.9%		<u></u>		
in the labor force					10			
								•
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:	of Comme		nontana
Children age 18 whose family received AFDC	FDC	2	2	22,223	 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana 			
Cilifuleii under age 19 wilose family received food stamps	and stamps	0	ť	36,389	■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social &	rtment of Social &	•	
Chiggien under age 10 whose family received in		7	m	39,131	Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana			S DIX
Children under age 18 wno received medicalu	*		•	207	• Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana	nces. State of Mon		
Average number of children under age 5 who received	eceived.	9	_	/09/01	A Department of region of the control of the contro			count



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♦ Montana Health Care Authority

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

COUNTY [Current Year]	0	0	0	98 98 15:3	3	14	0
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193] Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) [193]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1: 14) [193] Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) [193] Ave Number Of Cases For Child Medicaid [194]	Education Number Private School Enrollment ['93: '94] Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Number Public School Enrollment [93 : 94] Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94] Percent Chapter 1 Remedial Education ['93 : '94] Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security Number Out Of Home Placements [194] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) [194] From Mic Well-Being	Number Of Children In Poverty [94] Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94] Social Behavior	Percent Births To Single Teens [193] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions [193] * Percent luvenile: Crime (Age 10, 17) [193] *
COUNTY 1990	0	0	n/a n/a	100 n/a 147 8.9	"n/a"	15	0

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

Sall Marie 3,580 n/a 21.6 Current Year 9.4 173,531 35,768 104 21,433 8,170 163,027 STATE 2,334 5,282 11.3 99 151,105 3,456 20.1 n/a 49 9,529 5.8 6 11,029 29,473 STATE n/a 1990 n/a

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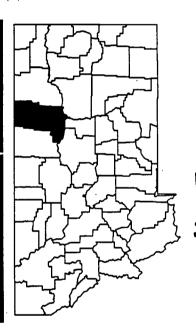
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A project of Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies, The Montana Coalition. Funded through a grant from the Annie E. Casey Foundation

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Key Facts

1990 Censiis Data	County 1990	1990	Montana 1990	1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993	3 Monta	Montana 1993
Total Desilation	5 163		799.065	100.%	Resident live births	24 100%	, 11,362	100%
lotal robulation	C21 C2E		¢30 928		Births to mothers under age 20*	5 20.8%	6 1,419	12.5%
Median income of families male only*	\$21,333 \$27,813		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	2 8.3%	, 1,067	9.5%
Median income of families—female only*	\$13.214		\$12,446		not married	1		,
Domitation under age 18	1,561	30.2%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	2 8.3%	80 08 08	7.1%
Minority population under age 18	158	10.1%	26,660	12.0%	education less than grade 1.2			
Children under age 6 with both or only	236	56.5%	40,740	58.4%		7007	6	•
narent in labor force					Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
Children under age 18 with both or only	971	%0.99	141,760		Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
parent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families	230	14.7%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered			
Children under age 18 who are not living	119	7.6%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent	÷	70 70	30.165	17 6%	Sexually transmitted disease cases			1
Women in labor force with youngest child	1/3	10.4%	20,102	0/0//	among children & youth (0-19yrs)*	n/a	902	725
under age o Women in labor force with voungest child	322	30.5%	44,134	25.8%		R.		
ages 6–17					ブ			
Children age 16-19 not in school and not	0	%0	2,279	28.9%	V)	9.	٠	
in the labor force						• }		٠
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:	9		
=	AFDC	59	2	22,223	 Lensus & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana 			E
	Caral Assessed	1,,,	Č	26 280		o letter by the second	•	

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC	59	22,223
Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps	122	36,389
Children under age 18 who received Medicaid	129	39,131
Cilipleii unuci age 10 wilo incoredi incoredia	74	16.687
Average number of children under age 3 wild received	•	
Wic per monu		

AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana

 [▲] Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana
 ◆ Montana Health Care Authority



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COUNTY [Current Year]	2.9	0	55, 11 1,065	1,131 29:4 8.9	14	"n/a" 214	2.2 2.2 0.3
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193] Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) [193]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15-19) [93] Avg. Number Of Cases For Child Medicald (194] Education	Number Private School Enrollment ['93-'94] Number Home School Enrollment ['93-'94] Nümber Püblic School Enrollment ['93-'94]	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94] Percent Chapter Remedial Education ['93 - '94] Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security Number Out Of Home Placements [194] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic vveil-beilig Number Of Children in Poverty [194] Number Free And Reduced Meals [194]	Percent Births To Single Teehs [193] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions [193]* Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10 17) [193]*
COUNTY 1990	0	1 1 37	n/a n/a 1:076	n/a 13 7.9	5	20	0.25

^{*} Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990) Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources

		7.5 		own of the state o
STATE [Current Year]	6 7.4 104 66 66	8,170 2,334 163,027 173,531 21.6	3,580 5,282	35,768 9.4 729
STATE 1990	5.8 9 49 56 56	n/a n/a 1511105 n/a 9.9	3,456 11,029 20:1	29,473 8 218 218

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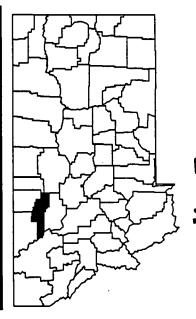


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Key Facts

1990 Census Data	Count	County 1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index
Total Population	6.433		290'662	100.%	Resident live births
Median income of families—married couple*	\$29,647		\$30,928		Births to mothers under age 20^{\bullet}
Median income of families-male only*	\$0		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &
Median income of families-female only*	\$10,739		\$12,446		not married
Population under age 18	1,973	30.7%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &
Minority nonulation under age 18	326	16.5%	76,660	12.0%	education less titali grade 12
Children under age 6 with both or only	373	%9'.29	40,740	58.4%	
narent in labor force					Other State Key Facts At A Glance
Children under age 18 with both or only	1,239	67.1%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*
parent in labor force				;	Percent of persons in poverty*
Children in single parent families	250	12.7%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered
Children under age 18 who are not living	242	12.3%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance
with a parent	321	26.1%	30,165	17.6%	Sexually transmitted disease cases
under age 6					among cimplen & youn (0-1.3yis)
Women in labor force with youngest child	346	28.1%	44,134	25.8%	9/10
ages 6–17			1		
Children age 16-19 not in school and not	17	26.7%	2,279	28.9%	
in the labor force					

isk Family Formation Index	Cour	ity 1993	County 1993 Montana 1993	na 1993
nt live births⁴	19	100%	11,362	100%
o mothers under age 20 ⁴	4	25.0%	1,419	12.5%
o mothers under age 20 & narried [▲]	e	18.8%	1,067	9.5%
o mothers under age 20 & ation less than grade 12	m	18.8%	808	7.1%
State Key Facts At A Glance	15	1991	1992	1993
income of households*	26,	26,264	27,319	26,398
of persons in poverty*	15	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
t of persons not covered salth insurance	12	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
y transmitted disease cases ng children & youth (0-19yrs)		n/a	905	725

Montana 1994 22,223 36,389 39,131 16,687

County 1992

308 287 65

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps
Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Income Support Participation

Sources:

Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce,

■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana

▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana

◆ Montana Health Care Authority



Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month 276

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COUNTY [Current Year]	5.8 0 0 0 0	25 25 1,537 1,614 2,622	22 48 11/a	2 2 014
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193] Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) [193] Number Off Child Deaths (Age 1, 14) [193] Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) [193] Avg. Number Of Cases For Child Medicaid [194]	Education Number Private School Enrollment ['93 - '94] Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94] Number Public School Enrollment ['93 - '94] Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94] Percent Ghapter // Remedial Education ['93 - '94]	Security Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94] Economic Well-Being Number Of Children In Poverty [194] Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior Percent Births To Single Teens [193] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions [193] * Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10 17) [193] *
COUNTY 1990	5.4 9 0 1	n/a n/a n/a n/a 9.5	21 21 18.2 432	5.4

Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990) Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources

163,027 Current Year n/a 104 21.6 9 8,170 9.4 100 173,531 35,768 3,580 2,334 5,282 11.3 729 99 3,456 // n/a 151,105 20.1 6 49 9,529 0.46 11,029 29,473 5.8 n/a 218 n/a 1990 6.6 26

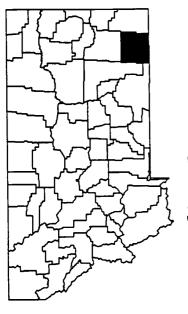
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Powder River

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Key Facts

1990 Census Data	County 1990	, 1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993 Montana 1993	Montar	la 1993
Total Pomilation	2,090		799,065	100.%	Resident live births	11 100%	11,362	100%
Median income of families-married couple*	\$28,365		\$30,928		Births to mothers under age 20	5 45 5%	1.067	9.5%
Median income of families-male only*	\$17,500		\$19,821		Birns to momers under age 20 cc			<u>:</u>
Median income of families-female only*	\$12,813		\$12,446	700	Births to mothers under age 20 &	2 18.2%	808	7.1%
Population under age 18	276	27.6%	222,104	%8./7	education less than grade 12			
Minority population under age 18	28	4.9%	26,660	12.0%				
Children under age 6 with both or only	122	64.9%	40,740	58.4%	Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
parent in labor torce	391	70 2%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
Children under age 16 With Dour of Olly		2			Dozona of porcons in povertive	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
parent in labor loice	4	11.1%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons in povered			
Children inder 30e 18 who are not living	<u> </u>	3.1%	14,177	6.4%	by health insúrance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent		. 701 10	30 165	17.6%	Sexually transmitted disease cases	4	305	725
Women in labor force with youngest child	93	%1.17	20,00		among children & youth (U-19yrs)	P/n	S.	3
under age b	66	22.4%	44,134	25.8%				
ages 6–17		į	7	/80 00		37		
Children age 16-19 not in school and not	0	%0	6/7'7	%6.07 %		7.9		
in the labor force						7		•
Location Council Desticipation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:			ontono
		<u>.</u>		22 223	 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, 		_	

 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana Sources:

■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana

36,389 39,131 16,687

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

22,223

Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana

◆ Montana Health Care Authority



Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month 280

COUNTY [Current Year]		6.1	0	0	0	12		0	4	389	393	42.7	15.7		3	4			. 34		15,2	2	0:1
INDICATOR	Health	Percent Low Birthweight Babies (193)	Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1:14) [93]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93]	Avg. Number Of Gases For Child Medicaid [94]	Education	Number, Private School Enrollment ['93-'94]	Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Number Public School Enrollment [93, 94]	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Percent Chapter Remedial Education [93-94]	Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security	Number Out Of Home Placements 1941	Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being	Number Of Children In Poverty, ['94]:	Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior	Percent Births To Single Teens ['93]	No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] *	Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10 - 17) [193]*
COUNTY 1990		4.5	45		0	4		n/a	n/a	408	n/a		8.3		2	"n/a"		25	40		4.5	0	0

163,027

151,105

n/a

2,334

173,531

n/a

8,170

n/a

104

49

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9,529

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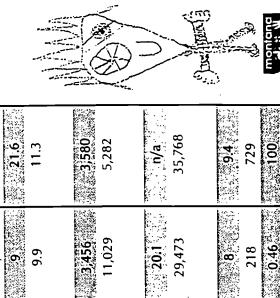
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Current Year

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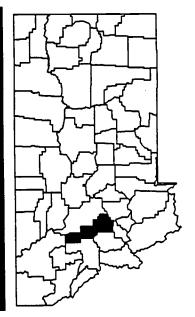
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Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

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Key Facts

		000	100U	1000	High Rick Family Formation Index	County 1993		Montana 1993
1990 Census Data	County 1990		MOIIIaiia	000	*		1	100%
Total Population	6,620		799,065	100.%	Resident live births	%0010 77	11,302	% 2.C.
	427 700		\$30.928		Births to mothers under age 20 ⁻	/ 75.9%	y 14,1	0,5.7
	427,700		¢19 821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	7 25.9%	1,067	9.2%
	\$10,944		412,021		not married [*]			
Median income of families-female only*	\$11,250		\$12,440	1	Riths to mothers under age 20 &	5 18.5%	808	7.1%
Population under age 18	1,486	22.4%	222,104	27.8%	education less than grade 12			
Minority population under age 18	99	4.4%	26,660	12.0%				
Children under age 6 with both or only	176	41.4%	40,740	58.4%	Out and Change At A Clance	1991	1997	1993
parent in labor force			1	•	Offier State hey racts At A Charice		200	
Children under age 18 with both or only	822	56.4%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
narent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in cinale narent families	234	15.7%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered			
	72	A 9%	14.177	6.4%	by hoolth incurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
Children under age 18 who are not living	7/	20.			Dy Health Histianice		!	!
with a parent	,	,	30.165	17 60/	Sexually transmitted disease cases	•		1
Women in labor force with youngest child	139	13.2%	20,102	9/0./1	among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a	905	57/
under age 6			;					
Women in labor force with youngest child	278	26.5%	44,134	72.8%				
ages 6–17						É		
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	19	48.7%	2,279	28.9%		<u></u>		
in the labor force								
,				7				
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:	nartment of Commer		ontana
Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC	20.	121	7	22,223	State of Montana			
Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps	od stamps	160	m	36,389	 AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & 	nument of Social &	r ,	
Children and 18 who received Medicaid	•	185	m	39,131	Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana	;		
Children under age 10 wild received incorporate to the received	Poivod	77	_	16,687	▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana	nces, State of Monta		Julio
Average number of children unuer age 3 with 15th	יכוגכת	•	•		A Montana Hoalth Care Authority		2	

♦ Montana Health Care Authority



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Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month



COUNTY [Current Year]	1.4	0	68	32	1,159 1,191	14.4	49 115	"n/a" 200	12.3
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193]	Infant Mortality Kate (Number Per 1000) [33] Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1-14) [93]	Avg Number Of Cases For Child Medicaid [94]	Number, Private School Enrollment [193194] Number Home School Enrollment [193194]	Number Public School Enrollment [193, 194] Total School Enrollment [193, 194]	Percent Chapter Remedial Education ['93 - '94] Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security Number Out Of Home, Placements [94] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being Number Of Children In Poverty [194] Number Free And Reduced Meals [194]	Social Behavior Percent Births To Single Teens ['93] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] * Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10 - 17) ['93] *
COUNTY 1990	5.1	2	19	n/a	1,088	7.5	43.	27.6 160	12.7

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

THE STATE OF THE S 104 163,027 ____n/a 9 21,433 3,580 [Current Year] 21.6 8,170 35,768 173,531 2,334 9.4 STATE 5,282 11.3 7.4 99 20.1 151,105 6 3,456 _____n/a___ 49,55 5.8 8 9,529 11,029 29,473 STATE 1990 n/a 9.9 99

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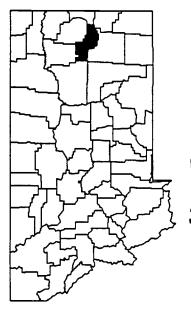




Prairie

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Key Facts

1990 Census Data	County 1990	06	Montana 1990	1990	High Risk Family Formation Index County 1993	County 1993		Montana 1993
Total Population	1.383		799,065	100.%	Resident live births	5 100%	11,362	100%
Median income of families-married couple*	\$26,625	•	\$30,928		Births to mothers under age 20*	1 20.0%	1,419	12.5%
Median income of families-male only*	\$23,750		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	1 20.0%	1,067	9.5%
Median income of families—female only*	\$13.750	•	\$12,446		not married*			:
Population under age 18		23,6%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	1 20.0%	808	7.1%
Minority population under age 18	16 4.	4.9%	26,660	12.0%	education less than grade 12			
Children age 6 with both or only	46 63.	63.0%	40,740	58.4%	Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
Children under age 18 with both or only	217 69.	69.8%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
parent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families	19 5.	2.8%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered	! !	2	
Children under age 18 who are not living	20 6.	6.1%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
Women in labor force with youngest child	39 14.	14.9%	30,165	17.6%	Sexually transmitted disease cases among children & youth (0–19yrs)*	n/a	905	725
Women in Jabor force with youngest child	87 33.	33.3%	44,134	25.8%		Res.		
ages 6-17 Children age 16-19 not in school and not	0	%0	2,279	28.9%	7 70	3 %		
in the labor force				<i>;</i>	€`	•		•
Income Support Participation	Cor	County 1992	Mont	Montana 1994	Sources:			onoloom

Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce,

22,223 36,389 39,131 16,687

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Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana State of Montana

Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana

♦ Montana Health Care Authority

A project of Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies - The Montana Coalition. Funded through a grant from the Annie E. Casey Foundation



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COUNTY [Current Year]		2.2	0	0	0	10		Q	2	246	248	18:3	=	CAN AND HE COLLEGE AND THE COL	0	0		"n/a"	35		7.7	O	Ō
INDICATOR	Health	Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193]	Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1-14) [93]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93]	Avg. Number Of Cases For Child Medicaid [94]	Education	Number Private School Enrollment [93: 94]	Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Number Public School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Percent Chapter 1 Remedial Education [93:-94]	Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security	Number Out-Of-Home Placements [94]	Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being	Number Of Children In Poverty [194]	Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior	Percent Births To Single Teens ['93]	No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] *	Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10 - 17) ['93]*
COUNTY 1990		10	0	0	0	4		h/a	п/а	275	n/a	3.9	8.5		0	"n/a"		13.7	29		0	-	0

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

[Current Year] 21.6 9.4 163,027 8,170 n/a 21,433 3,580 173,531 35,768 9 104 STATE 2,334 5,282 11.3 7.4 99 3,456 20.1 ...8 . n/a 151,105 9,529 6 11,029 29,473 STATE 5.8 49 n/a 1990

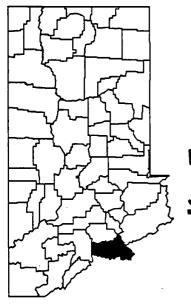
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Ravalli



Key Facts

1990 Census Data	Count	County 1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index County 1993 Montana 1993	County 199	3 Monta	na 1993
Teal Domilation	25.010		799.065	100.%	Resident live births	143 100%	6 11,362	100%
Total ropulation	\$30,0E4		¢30 928		Births to mothers under age 20	42 29.4%	6 1,419	12.5%
Median income of families-mailled couple	+C0'67¢		070,000		Pitchen and the contract of th	79 10 60		O 5%
Median income of families-male only*	\$15,568		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	70.61 07		9.5
Median income of families-female only*	\$10,099		\$12,446		not married			
Population under age 18	6,851	27.4%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	20 14.0%	808	7.1%
Minority population under age 18	300	4.4%	26,660	12.0%	education less than grade 12			
Children under see 6 with both or only	987	49 8%	40.740	58.4%				
Children under age 6 with both of only named in labor force	707	2000	2	 - - -	Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
Children under age 18 with both or only	3,838	58.3%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
parent in labor force				,	Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families	1,256	18.3%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered			
Children under age 18 who are not living	449	%9:9	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent Women in labor force with voungest child	695	15.0%	30,165	17.6%	Sexually transmitted disease cases	e/u	905	725
under age 6			,			3	}	:
Women in Jabor force with youngest child	1,286	27.7%	44,134	25.8%				
ages 6–17		;	6	2000		Ę		
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	78	27.1%	7,279	78.9%		<u></u>		
in the labor force								



Sources:

Montana 1994

County 1992

36,389 22,223

486 955

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Income Support Participation

925 421

16,687 39,131

- Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana
 - AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana
- ▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana
 - ♦ Montana Health Care Authority



Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps "Children under age 18 who received Medicaid "Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month 292

A project of Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies - The Montana Coalition. Funded through a grant from the Admig E. Casey Foundation

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COUNTY [Current Year]	5.1 5.1 5	3	315 62 5,861	6,238 2 6 11.4	61. 116	"n/a" 946	8.5 6 3.9
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193] Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) [193]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15-19) [93] Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15-19) [93] Avg. Number Of Cases For Child Medicald [94]	Education Number Private School Enrollment [193-194] Number Home School Enrollment [193-194]	Number Future 2018 - 194 Total School Enrollment [193 - 194] Percent Chapter Remedial Education [193 - 194] Percent Special Education [193 - 194]	Security Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being Number Of Children in Poverty [194] Number Free And Reduced Meals [194]	Social Behavior Percent Births To Single Teens [193] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions [193] * Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10: 17) [193] *
COUNTY 1990	4.2	1 283		π/880 π/a 12.77 10.2	72	23.5	511

* Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990) Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources

8,170 21,433 163,027 21.6 n/a 3,580 9.4 Current Year 35,768 173,531 2,334 5,282 104 STATE 9 7.4 99 20.1 3,456 6 9,529 n/a 49 5.8 151,105 29,473 11,029 n/a n/a 9.6 STATE 1990

295

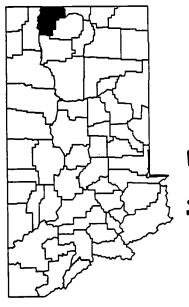
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729

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Richland



Key Facts

1000 Concile Data	County 1990	, 1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	Count	Montai	1993
Total Population	10,716		799,065	100.%	Resident live births Bight to mother under age 20	38 100% 13 34.2%	11,362	100% 12.5%
Median income of families-married couple* Median income of families-male only*	\$30,222 \$18,393		\$30,928 \$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	12 31.6%	•	9.5%
Median income of families-female only*	\$9,384 3,386	31.6%	\$ 12,446 222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 & education less than grade 12	8 21.1%	808	7.1%
Minority population under age 18 Children under age 6 with both or only	171	5.1% 64.0%	26,660 40,740	12.0% 58.4%	Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
parent in labor force	2.250	%9'29	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
Children under age 10 with 50th 51 cm.) parent in labor force			100	70	Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families Children under age 18 who are not living	478	14.1% 3.5%	43,005 14,177	6.4%	Percent of persons not covered by health insúrance*	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent Women in labor force with youngest child	440	21.5%	30,165	17.6%	Sexually transmitted disease cases among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a	905	725
under age 6 Women in labor force with youngest child	685	33.5%	44,134	25.8%				
ages 6–17 Children age 16–19 not in school and not	33	30.8%	2,279	28.9%	, <i>0</i> L	The state of the s		٠
in the labor force					C			

Department of Commerce,	0 1-1-07-1
SOUTCES: • Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana	
Sources: Census & Econon State of Montana	

Montana 1994

County 1992

36,389

288 308 272

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps

Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Income Support Participation

39,131

22,223

16,687

■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana

▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana ♦ Montana Health Care Authority A project of Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies - The Montana Coalition. Funded through a grant from the Angie 🖺 Casey Foundation



Current Year

INDICATOR

COUNTY

1990

COUNTY

STATE Current Year)	6 7.4 104 66 66	8,170 2,334 163,027
STATE 1990	5.8 9 49 56 56	n/a n/a

ورون الاراسة الاراسة الاراسة الاراسة			
173,531 173,531 11.3	3,580 5,282	35,768	9.4
n/a 1511105 n/a 9.9	3,456 11,029	29,473	8

20

Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]

Number Of Children In Poverty [94] Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]

167

342

Economic Well-Being

Number Out-Of-Home Placements 1941

Security

20

164

397

10,7

Percent Chapter 1 Remedial Education 193-94]

Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]

2,309 2,335

Avg Number Of Cases For Child Medicaid [194] Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 · 19) ['93] Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1-14) [193]

Percent Low Birthweight Babies [93]

Health

3.9

Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93]

Number Private School Enfollment [193-194]

Education

Number Public School Enrollment [193-194] Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]

Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94]

2,443

n/a

100

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Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10:17) [[93]

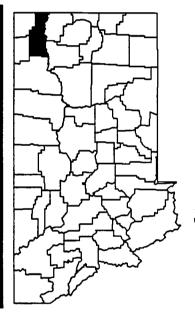
No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions

Percent Births To Single Leens [93]

6.3

Social Behavior

Roosevelt



Key Facts

1990 Census Data	Count	County 1990	Montar	Montana 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993 Montana 1993	3 Monta	na 1993
Total Population	10,999		290'662	100.%	Resident live births	77 100%	11,362	100%
Median income of families—married couple*	\$28.480		\$30,928		Births to mothers under age 20	43 55.8%	1,419	12.5%
Median income of families—male only*	\$10,417		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	36 46.8%	1,067	9.5%
Median income of families-female only*	\$8.597		\$12,446		not married			
Population under age 18	3,876	35.2%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	25 32.5%	808 808	7.1%
Minority population under age 18	2,356	%8.09	26,660	12.0%	education less than grade 12			
Children under age 6 with both or only	782	58.7%	40,740	58.4%		,		,
parent in labor force					Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
Children under age 18 with both or only	2,301	63.2%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
parent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families	1,189	30.7%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of rescons not covered))		
Children under age 18 who are not living	492	12.7%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent Women in labor force with youngest child	416	20.2%	30,165	17.6%	Sexually transmitted disease cases among children & vouth (0-19vrs)	n/a	902	725
under age 6 Women in Jahor force with volungest child	909	29.4%	44,134	25.8%				
ages 6–17								
Children age 16-19 not in school and not	09	46.2%	2,279	28.9%		<u></u>		
in the labor force								•
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:			Donland

22,223 36,389 39,131 16,687

> 1,180 1,152

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

- Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana
 - AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana
- ▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana



30



BEST CUPY AVAILABLE Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month 300

ERIC

COUNTY Current Year	4.9	0 0 4 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	18	2,901 46 14.3	117	1,600	19.4
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies ['93] Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1:14) [193] Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) [193] Avg. Number Of Gases For Child Medicald [194]	Education Number Private School Enrollment [193 - 194] Number Home School Enrollment [193 - 194]	Number Public School Enrollment [1935-1941] Total School Enrollment [193 - 194] Percent Chapter 1 Remedial Education [1935-194] Percent Special Education [193 - 194]	Security Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) [194]	Economic Well-Being Number Of Children in Poverty [94] Number Free And Reduced Meals [94]	Social Behavior Percent Births To Single Teens ['93] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] * Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10: 17) ['93]*
COUNTY 1990	3.4	1 1 224	n/a n/a	2,683 n/a [2,4 8.4	99	35.7. 1,202	18.1

^{*} Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990) Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources

STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P 21.6 8,170 163,027 21,433 9 n/a Current Year 104 9.4 35,768 173,531 3,580 5,282 2,334 STATE 11.3 7.4 99 3,456 20.1 6 49 151,105 5.8 9,529 n/a 11,029 29,473 n/a n/a 9.6 STATE 1990 26

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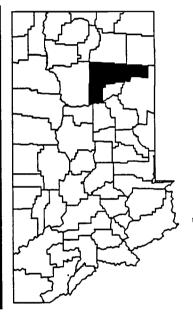
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Rosebud



Key Facts

				0	High Birl Frankly Franchism Index	County 1002		Montana 1993
1990 Census Data	County 1990	1990	Montana 1990	1990	LIGH KISK FAITHLY FULLIANDIN HINCH	Coulity 1999	- [200
	10.505		799.065	100.%	Resident live births	63 100%	11,362	100%
	20,00		420,000		Right to mothers under age 20	23 36.5%	1,419	12.5%
ple	\$38,402		\$50,920		District mother and 20 &		1,067	9.5%
	\$14,00		\$19,821		bittis to mouners under age 20 cm			2
*	\$13,859		\$12,446		District and property of the party of the pa	15 23 8%	ROR	7 19%
Population under age 18	3,835	36.5%	222,104	27.8%	Birrins to mothers under age 20 \text{ \text{\text{a}}}		3	?
Minority population under age 18	1,436	37.4%	26,660	12.0%	education less man glade 12			
Children under age 6 with both or only	220	48.7%	40,740	58.4%	Other State Ven Earle At A Clance	1991	1997	1993
parent in labor force				,	Offier State hey racts At A Glattice		776	255
Children under age 18 with both or only	2,279	61.6%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
narent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in cingle narent families	898	22.6%	43,005	19.4%	Porcent of persons not covered			
Children in angle parent tarmed	334	8.7%	14,177	6.4%	hy health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
Children under age 10 wild are 150 miles		!			County transmitted disease rases			
Willia palein Women in Jahor force with voungest child	437	21.9%	30,165	17.6%	among children & vouth (0-19vrs)	n/a	902	725
inder age 6					- / /			
Women in Jahor force with voungest child	647	32.4%	44,134	25.8%		R.		
ages 6–17					7			
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	55	41.0%	2,279	28.9%	21	9.		
in the labor force					۷			
						L		•
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:		•	
Children and 18 whose family received AFDC	1 20	453	2	22,223	 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana 			
Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps	d stamps	1 763	m	36,389	■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social &	rtment of Social &		
Children under age 10 whose commy received #		584	c	39,131	Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana			Spi
Children under age 10 wild leceived incured	◆ Position	0.4		16,687	▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana	nces, State of Montai		
Average number of children under age 5 wno received	na.	t			A Mantaga Double Case Authority			OULL

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

♦ Montana Health Care Authority



ERIC Provided by ERIC

COUNTY [Current Year]	4.4	1 1 1 25	410	3,148 3,148 39.3	40	"n/a" 916	131
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193] Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) [193]	Number Of Ghild Deaths (Age. 1.14) [93] Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age. 15 - 19) ['93] Avg. Number Of Cases For Child Medicald ['94]	Education Number Private School Enrollment [1933-194]	Number Public School Enrollment [193.: 194] Total School Enrollment [193.: 194] Recent Chapter I Remedial Education [193.: 194] Percent Special Education [193.: 194]	Security Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) [194]	Economic Well-Being Number Of Children In Povery [94] Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior Percent Births To Single Teens [93] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] * Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10:-17) [[93]*
COUNTY 1990	3.8	3.		11/4 2,643 n/a 10.9	26	25.4	7 7 7 037

21,433

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Current Year

STATE

STATE 1990 8,170

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2,334

163,027

151,105

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173,531

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

Charles Control n/a 21.6 3,580 89.4 35,768 5,282 729 11.3 20.1 8 6 3,456 11,029 29,473 218 9.9

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Sanders

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Key Facts

1990 Census Data	County 1990	, 1990	Montana 1990	1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993		Montana 1993
Total Domilation	8,669		799.065	100.%	Resident live births	23 100%	11,362	100%
of families-married comple*	\$25,203		\$30,928		Births to mothers under age 20	6 26.1%	1,419	12.5%
	\$15,250		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	4 17.4%	1,067	9.5%
*	\$12,656		\$12,446		not married	1		; ;
	2,484	28.7%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	2 8.7%	808 808	7.1%
Minority population under age 18	231	9.3%	26,660	12.0%	education less than grade 12			
Children under age 6 with both or only	334	45.4%	40,740	58.4%	Other State Key Farts At A Clance	1991	1997	1993
parent in labor force				700 77	Ciliei State hey Lacis At A Gialice	1001	1775	200
Children under age 18 with both or only	1,225	51.2%	141,760	%7.99	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
parent in labor force				,	Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families	344	13.8%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of percons not covered			
Children under age 18 who are not living	139	2.6%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent				11 (0)	Sexually transmitted disease cases			
Women in labor force with youngest child	232	16.5%	30,165	.0.71	among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a	905	725
nuder age b			70,77	70.00				
Women in labor force with youngest child	379	27.0%	44,134	%8.c7	*			
ages b-1/	;		0,000	90 00		6		
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	33	30.0%	6/7/7	07.6.07		.		
in the labor force								
								•
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:			o o o o o
Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC	. 20	247	2	22,223	 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana 	sarment of Comme		
Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps	d stamps	366	ñ	36,389	■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social &	tment of Social &		
Children under age 18 who received Medicaid		381	m	39,131	Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana			Kids
Annual of abildon made and who received	Pived	194	_	16.687	▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana	nces, State of Monta		

- AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana
- ▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana
 - ◆ Montana Health Care Authority

16,687

366 381 194



Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month 303

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- 44	
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COUNTY [Current Year]	6.8 22.7	0	188	0 42	2,041	8.3	53	639	6.8	6	
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [[93]	Infant Mortality Kate (Number Fer 1000) 1301 Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1114) [93]	Avg Number Of Cases For Child Medicaid [194]	Number Private School Enrollment [93 94]	Number Public School Enrollment [193 - 194] Total School Enrollment [193 - 194]	Percent Chapter 1. Remedial Education [9394] Percent Special Education [93 - 94]	Security Number Out Of Home Placements ['94] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being Number Of Children In Poverty [194] Number Free And Reduced Meals [194]	Social Behavior	Percent birms localities rectis [152] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions [193]*	Recent luvenie Crime (A86.10 % 17) (1791) Walter Wa
COUNTY		36	2 105	n/a	1744	113 6.6	30	23/9		2	0.28

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

STATE OF THE PARTY a/u 21.6 3,580 104 21,433 Current Year 163,027 35,768 8,170 173,531 9. 5,282 2,334 11.3 STATE 7.4 99 20.1 6 3,456n/a 49 9,529 5.8 151,105 11,029 29,473 n/a n/a 9.9 STATE 1990

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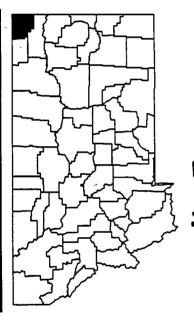
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A project of Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies, The Montana Coalition. Funded through a grant from the Annie E. Casey Foundation

Sheridan



Key Facts

1990 Concile Data	County 1990	, 1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993 Montana 1993	Monta	1993
1990 Cellsus Data	4 737		799.065	100.%	Resident live births	17 100%	11,362	100%
foral Population	70 / 104		£20,028		Births to mothers under age 20	1 5.9%	1,419	12.5%
Median income of families—married couple	6/7'/7\$		\$30,320			1 5 00/	1 067	0 50%
Median income of families-male only*	\$15,625		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	0.3%)00'I	9.5.6
Modian income of families-female only*	\$12,500		\$12,446		not married	\odo	0	8
Population under age 18	1.248	26.4%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	0.3%	909	%I./
Minority population under age 18	45	3.6%	26,660	12.0%	equcation less than grade 12			
Children under age 6 with both or only	200	61.0%	40,740	58.4%		1001	1000	1003
narent in labor force					Other State Key Facts At A Giance	1991	1324	1993
Children under age 18 with both or only	806	66.3%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
parent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families	170	13.6%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered			
Children under age 18 who are not living	53	4.2%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent	,	30	30100	17 60/	Sexually transmitted disease cases		ı	!
Women in labor force with youngest child	133	16.0%	30,165	%0./1	among children & youth (0–19yrs)*	ı√a	902	725
under age 6	,		70,77	70 00/		•		
Women in labor force with youngest child	263	31.7%	44,134	%0.67		R.		
ages 6-17			•	30	7			
Children age 16-19 not in school and not	4	23.5%	2,279	78.9%		P.		
in the labor force					_			
					^	1		•
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:	artment of Comme		ontono
		23		22 223	Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce,			

Sources:

22,223 36,389 39,131 16,687

23 53 59 27

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps
Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

- Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana
 - AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana
- ▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana
 - ◆ Montana Health Care Authority



163,027

151,105

\$925

n/a

2,334

173,531

n/a

28.3

Percent Chapter | Remedial Education 193-941

10.8

Fotal School Enrollment ['93 - '94]

Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]

Security

Number Public School Enrollment [93.94]

1,002

Number Private School Enrollment [93: 94]

Education

Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]

8,170

....n/a

21,433

9,529

104

49

0.25

Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1:14)[193]

Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93]

Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193]

4.3

Health

COUNTY 1990 Avg. Number Of Cases For Child Medicald [94]

Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93]

99

7.4

5.8

5.4

Current Year

STATE

STATE

1990

Current Year COUNTY

INDICATOR

میروند میروند در میروند میرون نیون			
11.3	3,580 5,282	n/a 35,768	9.4 729
9.9	456 ,029	9,473	.8 218 0.46

"n/a"

20

Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194]

Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]

68

Numberi Of Children in Poverty [94] Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]

22.1

Economic Well-Being

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Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources

Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

0.3

No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] *

Percent Births To Single Teens [93]

0

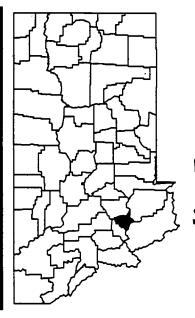
Social Behavior

Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10 - 17) [193].

A project of Fire 19ty Mothers, Healthy Babies, The Montana Coalition. Funded through a grant from the Annie E. Casey Foundation

Silver Bom

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Key Facts

Montana 1993

100% 12.5%

11,362 1,419

9.5%

7.1%

808

1990 Census Data	Count	County 1990	Montana 1990	и 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993
Total Domitation	33 941		799.065	100.%	Resident live births	181 100%
Total reputation	426 121		¢30 028		Births to mothers under age 20	50 27.6%
Median income of lamilles-illamed couple	1000		410,020		District to market and 20 P.	
Median income of families-male only*	\$10,066		\$19,821		Birrins to mothers under age 20 oc	
Median income of families-female only*	\$6,864		\$12,446		not married	
Population under age 18	8.438	24.9%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	28 15.5%
Minority population under age 18	524	6.2%	26,660	12.0%	education less than grade 1.2	
Children under age 6 with both or only	1 648	58 7%	40.740	58.4%		
parent in labor force	-				Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991
Children under age 18 with both or only	5,431	66.4%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264
parent in labor force			2	,	Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%
Children in single parent families	1,743	20.7%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered	
Children under age 18 who are not living	420	2%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%
with a parent	,	•		30	Sexually transmitted disease cases	
Women in labor force with youngest child	1,316	19.1%	30,165	17.6%	among children & vouth (0–19vrs)	υ⁄a
under age 6			,	;	(-1)	•
Women in labor force with youngest child	1,592	23.1%	44,134	25.8%	4/1-	
ages 6–17						6
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	165	43.1%	2,279	28.9%		(e)
in the labor force					#(
					ババン	
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:	
			ľ	200	 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commer- 	artment of Comme

26,398

1993

1992 27,319 14.9%

13.8%

15.3%

9.4%

725

905

Sources:

36,389 22,223

39,131 16,687

629′ 1,542 1,132

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

- ◆ Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana
 - AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana
- ▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana ◆ Montana Health Care Authority



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COUNTY Current Year	63	3	256	635 48	5.836 6,519	13.9	146	"n/a" 1,267	39 63
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 15 - 193) [193]	Avg Number Of Cases, For Child Medicald [194] Faucation	Number Private School Enrollment [193-194] Number Home School Enrollment [193-194]	Number Public School Enfollment [193-194]	Percent Chapter Remedial Education [93-94] Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security Number Out-Of-Home: Placements [194] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being Number Of Children in Poverty [194] Number Free And Reduced Meals [194]	Social Behavior Percent Births To Single Teens [193] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions [193] Percent Juvenile Grime (Age 10: 17) [193]
COUNTY 1990	2.6	6	650	n/a	5,584	1/a 5:9 14.6	736	1917	10.8 2 0.91

8,170

n/a

21,433

9,529

99

5.8:

6

7.4

104

49

Current Year

STATE 1990

STATE

163,027

151,105

n/a

2,334

173,531

n/a

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources

では、 n/a 21.6 9.4 3,580 35,768 5,282 729 11.3 3,456 20.1 8 6 0.46 11,029 29,473 218 6.6

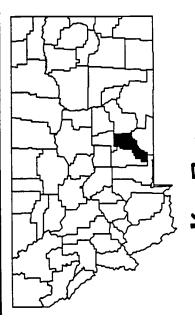
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* Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

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Key Facts

	. (•	,	9	List Disk Esmily Exmantion Index	County 1993		Montana 1993
1990 Census Data	County 1990	1990	Montana 1990	1990	Tigh Kisk Fallilly Formation mock	Sect Villa	- 1	7000
	6 536		799.065	100.%	Resident live births	29 100%	_	100%
Iotal Population	0000		£30,000		Births to mothers under age 20▲	8 27.6%	1,419	12.5%
Median income of families-married couple.	\$33,920		\$30,320		Riths to mothers under 30 &	7 24.1%	1,067	9.5%
Median income of families-male only*	\$22,344		\$19,821		not married] 		
Median income of families-female only*	\$12,321		\$12,446	;	District of mothers under 300 20 &	4 13.8%	808	7.1%
Population under age 18	1,823	27.9%	222,104	27.8%	oducation less than grade 12) !	
Minority nonliation under age 18	9/	4.2%	26,660	12.0%				
Children under age 6 with both or only	418	%9''	40,740	58.4%	Other Chats You Earle At A Clance	1991	1992	1993
narent in labor force					Offier State hey racts At A Granice			
Children under age 18 with both or only	1,268	72.2%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
narent in labor force	•				Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in cingle narent families	247	13.5%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of percent not covered			
Children in single parent tarring	71	3.9%	14,177	6.4%	by health instirance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
Children Under age 10 wild ale 110t 11viii6	•	2			Complete transmitted dispuse cases			
With a parent with voungest child	302	22.3%	30,165	17.6%	sexually transmitted disease cases among children & vouth (0-19vrs)	n/a	905	725
Wolliell III Iabol Tolice with Jourgest Time								
Under age o	355	%2.96	44,134	25.8%		Œ		
Women in labor lorce will youngest chind		? ! !	•			Q Q		
dges o-17	•	0 1%	2,279	28.9%	<i>v</i>	\$		
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	ŧ	9.1.6	· i / i)))	Λ.			
in the labor force					C	2		
noiteniaimed transfer		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:			
Income Support Farticipation				22.22	 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, 	partment of Commer		
Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC	FDC.		7 (22,223	State of Montana		_	
Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps	ood stamps		*, (36,389	■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social &	riment of Social &		
Children under age 18 who received Medicaid				39,131	Kenabilitation Services, State of Montaina	Chate of Monta		
Average number of children under age 5 who received	eceived [*]	72	_	16,687	▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, state of Montains ★ Managed Lightly Case Authority	rces, state of monte		count

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

◆ Montana Health Care Authority



ERIC

COUNTY [Current Year]	119	0	0.	0			0	22	1,537	1,559	16.1	14.1		25	72		"n/a" .	194		8.1	3	0
INDICATOR	Health	Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 12.14) [93]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93]	Avg. Number Of Cases For Child Medicaid [194]	Education	Number Private School Enrollment [93-94]	Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Number Public School Enrollment [193 - 194]	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Percent Chapter 1 Remedial Education [193194]	Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security	Number Out Of Home Placements [194]	Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being	Number Of Children in Poyerty [194]	Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior	Percent Births To Single Teens [193]	No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] *	Percent luvenile Crime (Age.10 %17) [193]:
COUNTY 1990		0	0	The state of the s	47		h/a	n/a	.1,424	n./a	8	13.3		20	09		11.9	142		7.54	2	0

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

21,433 Current Year ...104 8,170 163,027 173,531 2,334 STATE 7.4 99 , , n/a, _ 151,105 9,529 49 5.8 STATE n/a n/a 1990

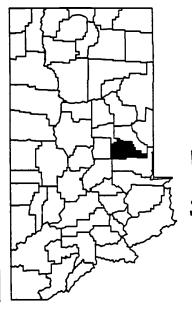
Company of the Compan 9.4 21.6 . n/a 3,580 35,768 100 5,282 729 11.3 3,456 8 6 20.1 0.46 11,029 29,473



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ဥ္သည္သည္က A project of Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies, The Montana Coalition. Funded through a grant rom the Annie E. Casey Foundation

Sweet Grass



Key Facts

1990 Census Data	Count	County 1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index County 1993 Montana 1993	County 1993	Montar	1993
	2 154		799 065	100 %	Resident live births	17 100%	11,362	100%
lotal Population	1010		¢30 028		Rirths to mothers under age 20 [♣]	6 35.3%	1,419	12.5%
Median income of families—married couple:	700'07		020,004			7 11 80/		O 5%
Median income of families-male only*	\$16,667		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	0/0:11 7		9.5.6
Madian income of families female only*	415 000		\$12,446		not married	,		1
Medial Income of Jamines Temale of J	000	/07 JC	222 104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	1 5.9%	808 808	7.1%
Population under age 18	838	0,0.07	+01,222	0/0.75	education less than grade 12			
Minority population under age 18	16	1.9%	76,660	12.0%	0			
Children under see 6 with both or only	224	83%	40,740	58.4%	•	,		•
complete direct age of will occur of only		<u>.</u>			Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
parent in table force	638	%b 92	141,760	66.2%	Madian income of householdet	26.264	27 319	36 398
Children under age 10 willi both of billy	200))		Median income of mousemonds	107/07	() () ()	20,00
parent in labor force				;	Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single narent families	8	9.5%	43,005	19.4%	Porcent of persons not covered			
Children and 18 who are not living	20	2.4%	14.177	6.4%	by health included	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
Children under age 10 who are not hand	1	? •			Dy licalul modalice	201	?	
with a parent	157	24.5%	30,165	17.6%	Sexually transmitted disease cases	4	300	775
Women III Iabol Tolice with youngest clind	3	2	•		among children & youth (0-13yts)	9	5	77
under age o	611	72 40/	44 134	25.8%				
Women in Jabor torce with youngest child	000	73.4%	11,15	20.53				
ages 6-17			i d	700		É		
Children age 16-19 not in school and not	2	12.5%	5,279	78.9%		<u>၅</u>		
in the labor force		,						



Sources:

Montana 1994

County 1992

36,389 22,223

29 50 72 38

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Income Support Participation

16,687 39,131

- Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana
 - AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana
- ▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana
 - ◆ Montana Health Care Authority



Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

ERIC

COUNTY [Current Year]	5,6 0 0 0	10 5 602 617 533	13 29 "n/a"	8.3
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [93] Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) [93] Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1:14) [93] Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) [93] Avg Number Of Cases For Child Medicaid [94]	Education Number Private School Enfollment [93 94] Number Home School Enrollment [93 94] Number Public School Enrollment [93 94] Total School Enrollment [93 94] Percent Chapter 1: Remedial Education [93 94]	Security Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94] Economic Well-Being Nümber Of Children in Poverty ['94] Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior Percent Births To Single Teens [193] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions [193] Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10, 37) [193]
COUNTY 1990	6.3 0 0 0 0	n/a n/a 589 n/a 8.9	57 11.7 76	6;3 0 0

8,170

, n/a

n/a

2,334

163,027

151,105

173,531

n/a

104

49

26

99

21,433

9,529

9

5.8

7.4

6

[Current Year]

STATE

STATE

1990

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

Spring of the second 100 n/a % 3,580 21.6 35,768 9.4 5,282 11.3 729 3,456 0:46: 20.1 . 8 6 11,029 29,473 218

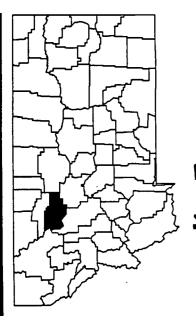


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Key Facts

Montana 1993

100% 12.5% 9.5%

11,362 1,419 7.1%

808

1,067

1000 Concile Data	County	, 1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index County 1993 Mont	County 199	3 Mont
Total Population	6,271		290'662	100.%	Resident live births	25 100%	, 11,362
Median income of families-married couple*	\$28,068		\$30,928		Births to mothers under age 20	5 12.07	·
Median income of families-male only*	\$8,750		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	1 4.0%) 0,1 0,0 0,1
Modian income of families—female univ*	\$11,354		\$12,446		not married	ć	
Population under age 18	1,824	29.1%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	%n n	909
Minority nonulation under age 18	. 24	3%	26,660	12.0%	education less than grade 12		
Children under age 6 with both or only	304	61.3%	40,740	58.4%		1001	1007
narent in labor force					Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1221	1334
Children under age 18 with both or only	1,082	66.1%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319
parent in labor force			1	•	Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%
Children in single parent families	171	9.4%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered		
Children under age 18 who are not living	180	%6.6	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance*	12.8%	9.4%
with a parent Women in labor force with youngest child	187	16.0%	30,165	17.6%	Sexually transmitted disease cases among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a	905
under age 6	,		76,77) O O O			
Women in Jabor force with youngest child	365	31.3%	44,134	0/0°C7		Ç.	
ages 6-1/ Children age 16-19 not in school and not	7	8.0%	2,279	28.9%	ን የ	590	
in the labor force					Č		

26,398

1993

14.9%

15.3%

725



 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana Sources:

Montana 1994

County 1992

22,223 36,389 39,131 16,687

■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana

▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana

◆ Montana Health Care Authority



329

Average number of children under age 5 who received.
WIC per month

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108 73

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps 'Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Income Support Participation

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A project of Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies - The Montana Coalition. Funded through a grant from the Annie E. Casey Foundation

Current Year COUNTY

INDICATOR

Health

COUNTY 1990

STATE (Current Year)	9	7.4	99	21,433	8,170	2,334	173,531
STATE 1990	2:8	9 49	56	9,529	n/a	n/a 151/105	n/a

Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193] Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) [193] Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1: [14] [193]) Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) [Avg.: Number Of Gases For Child Medicaid [194] Education Number Home School Enrollment [193 - 194] Number Home School Enrollment [193 - 194] Number Home School Enrollment [193 - 194] Percent Special Education [193 - 194] Percent Special Education [193 - 194] Security Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) Economic Well-Being Number Of Children In Poverty [194] Number Free And Reduced Meals [194] Social Behavior	7.5	3] (7.56 (7.		ge 15 - 19) ['93] 0 edicald ['94] 79	93[94]	93 - '94] 18 93 - '94] 1,406	1,435 on [935 94]	[94]	1] "in/a" [194] 242	1.3
Annual today from a day thereta tracedo today tracedo		Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193]	Number of Child Deaths (Age 1: 14) [93]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) Avg.: Number Of Gases For Ghild Medicaid [19]	Education Number Private School Enrollment [93]	Number Home School Enrollment ('93 - '94) Number Public School Enrollment (193 - 194)	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94] Percent Chapter (I Remedial Education ['93 - '94] Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) [194]	Economic Well-Being Number Of Children In Poverty ['94] Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94	Social Behavior Percent Births To Single Teens [93]

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

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n/a 35,768

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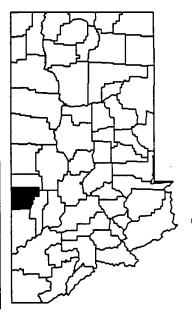
11,029

11.3

5,282

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Key Facts

Montana 1993

100% 12.5%

11,362 1,419 1,067

9.5%

7.1%

808

26,398 14.9%

1992 27,319

13.8%

1993

15.3%

9.4%

725

905

1990 Census Data	Count	County 1990	Montan	Montana 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993
Total Population	5,046		590'662	100.%	Resident live births	
Median income of families-married couple*	\$33,922		\$30,928		Births to mothers under age 20	8 33.3%
Median income of families-male only*	\$18,929		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	7 29.2%
Median income of families—female only*	\$12.045		\$12,446		not married	
Doculation under see 18	1 477	29.3%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	3 12.5%
Adjacetive population under age 18	74	5.0%	26,660	12.0%	education less than grade 1.2	
Children under see 6 with both or only	250	65.4%	40,740	58.4%		
cillidiei dildei age o wiei com o cili,		2	•		Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991
Children under age 18 with both or only	1,099	79.9%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264
parent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%
Children in single parent families	236	16%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered	
Children under age 18 who are not living	139	9.4%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%
with a parent	216	20.4%	30,165	17.6%	Sexually transmitted disease cases	· e/u
under age 6	ı		•	;	dilloig ciliudeil & you'll (0-1-7/13)	3
Women in labor force with youngest child	280	26.5%	44,134	25.8%	9/10	
ages 6–17		;	010	90		
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	14	31.8%	6/7'7	76.97		<u>۾</u>
in the labor force					10	
٠				,	<i>VIII</i> . 17	
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:	

- Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana
 - AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana

22,223 36,389

39,131 16,687

47 89 103 46

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

- ▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana
 - ◆ Montana Health Care Authority



A project of Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies - The Montana Coalition. Funded through a grant from the Annie E. Casey Foundation 233 ([Current Year]

STATE

STATE

1990

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COUNTY [Current Year]	6.7	0	82	8	1151	22.9 10.8	20	"n/a" 165	93
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193] Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) [193]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 11.14) [93] Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) [93]	Avg Number Of Cases For Child Medicaid [94] Education	Number Private School Enrollment [93–94] Number Home School Enrollment [93 - 94]	Number Public School Enrollment [193 - 194]	Percent Chapter Remedial Education [93 94] Percent Special Education [93 94]	Security Number Out Of Home Placements ['94] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being Number Of Children In Poverty [194] Number Free And Reduced Meals [194]	Social Behavior Percent Births To Single Teens [[93] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] * Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10: 17) [[93]*
COUNTY 1990	5.8	0	41	n/a	1,042	n/a 17.1	"n/a"	17.7	43

8,170

in/a

2,334

163,027

151,105

n/a

173,531

n/a

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

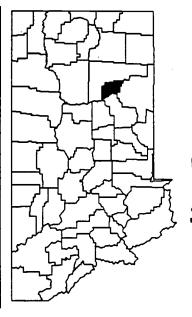
Sall Marie 9.4 3,580 21.6 n/a 35,768 100 5,282 729 8 3,456 6 20.1 11,029 29,473 0.46 218

335

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Key Facts

1990 Census Data Cc	County 1990	1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993 Montana 1993	Montai	la 1993
	874		799.065	100.%	Resident live births	4 100%	11,362	100%
of families_married counte* \$25	. 9		\$30.928		Births to mothers under age 20	2 50.0%	1,419	12.5%
•	\$5,000		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	2 50.0%	1,067	9.5%
*	\$6,882		\$12,446		not married			;
	245	28.0%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	%0 0	808	7.1%
er age 18	6	3.7%	76,660	12.0%	education less than grade 12			
Children under age 6 with both or only	49	75.4%	40,740	58.4%		,	9	6
parent in labor force					Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
with both or only	164	%2'99	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
parent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*		13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families	14	5.7%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered			
Children under age 18 who are not living	٣	1.2%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent	;	30	171 00	17.00	Sexually transmitted disease cases			
Women in labor force with youngest child	53	%8./1	30,165	0.7.7	among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a	902	725
under age b	ţ		,	700				
Women in labor force with youngest child	46	28.2%	44,134	%8.57				
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	0	%0	2,279	28.9%	טיט	· P		
in the labor force					L.			
Income Connect Darticipation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:	1		
Income Support Faircipation					 Census & Economic Information Center. Department of Commerce. 	partment of Commerc		pulana
Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC		7	7	22,223	State of Montana		-	
Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps	amps 🖥	21	(F)	36,389	■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social &	tment of Social &	۲.	
Children under age 18 who received Medicaid	•	13	Ε,	39,131	Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana	•		
▼	4₹	7		16 687	 ▶ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences. State of Montana 	nces. State of Montar		

36,389 39,131 16,687

21 13 15

▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana ◆ Montana Health Care Authority



33% A project of Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies – The Mortana Coalition. Funded through a grant from the Annie E. Casey Foundation

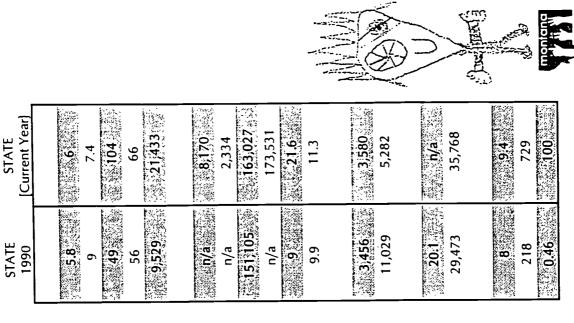
336

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

- 6		
	-	
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87.7		
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7		
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COUNTY [Current Year]	0	8	0 6 187	196 10 <u>.2</u> 9.6		"n/a" 52	28.6 0
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193] Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) [193] Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1: 14) [193]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93] Avg. Number Of Gases For Child Medicaid ['94] Education	Number Private School Enfollment [193-194] Number Home School Enrollment [193-194] Nimitat Pihlic School Enrollment [193-194]	Number rubing section in principles of the Total School Enrollment (193 - 194) Percent Chapter 1 Remedial Education (193 - 194) Percent Special Education (193 - 194)	Security Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) [194]	Economic Well-Being Number Of Children in Poverty ['94] Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior Percent Births To Single Teens [93]
COUNTY 1990	0	0	η/a η/a	η/a η/a 11	"n/a"	35	27.3

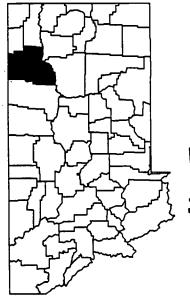
Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)



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Key Facts

Montana 1993

100% 12.5%

11,362 1,419

9.5%

7.1%

808

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4000 Concile Data	County	v 1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index County 1993	County 1993	Mon
1990 Celisus Data			700 005	100 %	Recident live hirths	42 100%	11,362
Total Population	8,239		000'66/	e		707 10	1 41
*olution boisson softimes to a second of the	€29 512		\$30.928		Births to mothers under age 20 ⁻	0/ //00	7,4
Median income of lamilles—manned couple	210,024		***		Right to mothers under 300 20 &	12 28.6%	1.067
Median income of families-male only*	\$10,875		178'61\$		Diffus to mounds and age 20 cm		
which is a second of familiar formals and	\$11 538		\$12,446		not married	, ,	č
Median Income of Janinies-Ternare only	0000	700	101	77 00/	Births to mothers under age 20 &	5 11.9%	ã X
Population under age 18	2,249	%5'/7	401,222	0/ 0. /7	education less than grade 12		
Minority population under age 18	347	15.4%	26,660	12.0%			
Millouty population middings 18	200	/0C UZ	VO 740	58 4%			
Children under age 6 with both or only	. 393	00.7%	2,0		Other Ctate Key Earle At A Clance	1991	1992
narent in labor force					Offier State hey Lacts At A Glance		
The second secon	1 522	%6 09	141 760	66.2%	Modian income of householde*	26.264	27.319
Children under age 18 with both of only	776')) 		Medial alcolle of households		700
parent in labor force				•	Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%
CL: 14.2. in single parent families	381	16.9%	43,005	19.4%	posottos ton successor to transport		
Children III shighe palent farming		, ,	11177	7017	refrein of persons not covered	,00°C+	67 C
Children under age 18 who are not living	117	2.7%	14,1//	0.4%	by health insutance	۱۷.8%	9.4%
with a parent		;		30, 11	Sexually transmitted disease cases		
Women in labor force with youngest child	254	15.2%	30,165	1/.b%	among children & vouth (0–19yrs)	n/a	902
under age 6							
Women in Jahor force with voungest child	495	29.6%	44,134	25.8%	9/10		
ages 6–17						6	
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	14	14.0%	2,279	28.9%		၅	
in the labor lorce							

15.3%

725

26,398

1993

14.9%



Sources:

Montana 1994

22,223 36,389

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps

Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Income Support Participation

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

16,687 39,131

- Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, State of Montana
 - AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana
- ▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana
 - ♦ Montana Health Care Authority





ar}					olipjuom)
STATE Current Year	6 7.4 104 66 66	2,334 2,334 163,027 173,531 211.5	5,282	35,768	9.4 729 100
STATE 1990	5.8 9 49 56 56	n/a n/a 151105 n/a 9.9	3.456	20(1 29,473	8 218 0.46
COUNTY rrent Year	2.6 0 0 0 0	21 1,631 1,694 243 10.2	28	"h/a" 388	12.2 9 0.9

Percent Chapter I Remedial Education (933-94)

n/a

Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]

Security

42

Number Private School Enrollment [193-194]

n/a

Education

Number Home School Enroliment ['93 - '94]

Number Public School Enrollment 193

1.697

n/a

Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94]

176

Avg. Number Of Gases For Child Medicaid. [94]

0.00

Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93]

0

Number Of Child Deaths (Age 11:14) ['93]

Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193] Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) ['93]

Health

COUNTY

1990

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** "n/a"

Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]

Number Of Children In Poverty [94]

22.1

356

Economic Well-Being

Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]

Number Out-Of-Home, Placements | [94]

. 19

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources ' Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

Percent Juyenile Crime (Age 10-17) [193]*

0.49

No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93] *

Percent Births To Single Teens [1931

9.3

Social Behavior

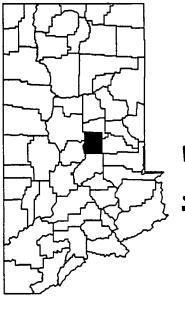
Current Year

INDICATOR

:2.6

COUNTY

Wheatland



Key Facts

1000 Concile Data	Count	County 1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index County 1993 Montana 1993	County 1993	Montar	na 1993
1990 Cellsus Data	2 246	7	799 065	100 %	Resident live births	13 100%	11,362	100%
Total Population	2,240		420,000	3	Right to mothers under 309 20	2 15.4%	1.419	12.5%
Median income of families-married couple	\$22,917		\$30,920			7 1 40	1 067	6 0 0
Median income of families-male only*	\$13,750		\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	74.0)00' -	9.7%
Median income of families-female only*	\$11,000		\$12,446		not married	67	000	1
Population under age 18	609	27.1%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	7.4%	909	۳۱./
Minority population under age 18	16	2.6%	26,660	12.0%	education less tilait glade 12			
Children under age 6 with both or only	89	64%	40,740	58.4%			6	•
narent in labor force					Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
Children under age 18 with both or only	371	73.0%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
narent in labor force					Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families	87	14.3%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of percons not covered			
Children under age 18 who are not living	127	20.9%	14,177	6.4%	by health insúrance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent	į	,		11.00	Sexually transmitted disease cases			
Women in labor force with youngest child	29	13.9%	30,165	17.5%	among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a	902	725
under age 6				,00		{		
Women in labor force with youngest child	98	23.1%	44,134	%8.67		(C)		
ages 6-17					7	3		
Children age 16-19 not in school and not	2	8.7%	2,279	28.9%		9.		
in the labor force					_			

)	Sources: Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce,
`^	rmation Center, Dep
	& Economic Info
	Sources: Census 8

Montana 1994

County 1992

22,223 36,389 39,131

42 42 20 20

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps

Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Income Support Participation

16,687

■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana

State of Montana

▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana





COUNTY [Current Year]	611	0	['93] 0 4] 43		43	0	459	502		13.1			['94] 43		"n/a"	72		6.1	3] * 4	The state of the s
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age 1: 14) [93]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) ['93 Avg. Number Of Gases For Child Medicaid ['94]	Education	Number Private School Enrollment [193-194]	Number Home School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Number Public School Enrollment [93 : 94]	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Percent Chapter 1 Remedial Education (193-194	Percent Special Education ['93 - '94]	Security	Number Out-Of-Home Placements [194]	Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being	Number Of Children In Poverty [194]	Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior	Percent Births To Single Teens [[93]	No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93	
COUNTY 1990	Health 3.6 Percent L	RENZ TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PR	Numb	Edu	n/a Numb	n/a Numb	435 Numb	n/a Total 9	10.4 Percei	8 Percer	Secı	9 Pinmp	37 Numb	Eco	Numb	Numb	Soci	Pelcel	0 No. A	Andready to see the second sec

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

THE STATE OF THE S 164 8,170 3,580 n/a*21,433 Current Year 21.6 35,768 9.4 163,027 173,531 2,334 5,282 STATE 11.3 7.4 99 20.1 8 9,529 n/a 3,456 49 . 151,105 5.8 6 11,029 29,473 STATE 1990 n/a n/a 56 6

729 100

218

0.46

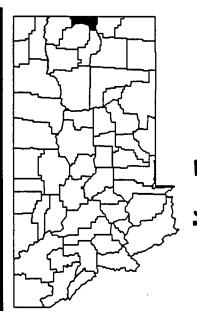
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Wibaux

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Key Facts

1990 Census Data	County 1990	1990	Montana 1990	a 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993 Montana 1993	Montar	la 1993
	1.191		799.065	100.%	Resident live births	3 100%	11,362	100%
of families_married comple* \$2	063		\$30.928		Births to mothers under age 20*	%0 0	1,419	12.5%
	750	•	\$19,821		Births to mothers under age 20 &	%0 0	1,067	9.5%
•	625		\$12,446		not married		•	
•	330	27.7%	222,104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	%0 0	808	7.1%
er age 18	-	0.3%	26,660	12.0%	education less than grade 1.2			
Children under age 6 with both or only	4	53.3%	40,740	58.4%		7	6	•
parent in labor force				-	Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
with both or only	203	65.1%	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,398
parent in labor force			1	;	Percent of persons in poverty*		13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families	46	13.9%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of percent not covered	! !		
Children under age 18 who are not living	16	4.8%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent				1	Sexually transmitted disease cases			
Women in labor force with youngest child	74	11.3%	30,165	N.O./ I	among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a	905	725
under age o Women in Jahor force with volingest child	78	36.6%	44,134	25.8%				
ages 6–17)					1		
Children age 16–19 not in school and not	4	%2'99	2,279	28.9%				
in the labor force						•		
								•
Income Support Participation		County 1992		Montana 1994	Sources:			pologo
Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC		8	7	22,223	 Lensus & Economic Information Center, Department of Continerce, State of Montana 	arment of Confiden		
Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps	■ sdwi	21	e.	36,389	■ AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social &	tment of Social &	₹,	
Children under age 18 who received Medicaid		17	m	39,131	Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana			V. 0
	4	16		16 687	▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences. State of Montana	ces. State of Monta		

36,389 39,131 16,687

21 17 16

▲ Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana

◆ Montana Health Care Authority



Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

STATE



COUNTY [Current Year]	0	93] 0 0	0	226	16.4	94]	"ŋ/ā" 47	
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Bables [193] Infant Mortality Rate (Number Per 1000) [193]	Number Of Ghild Deaths (Age 1: 14) [193] Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) [193 Avg Number Of Gases For Ghild Medicaid [194]	Education Number Private School Enrollment [93-94]	Number Home School Emollment [93 - 94] Number Public School Enrollment [93 - 94] Total School Enrollment [93 - 94]	Percent Chapter Remedial Education [1933-194] Percent Special Education [193 - 194]	Security Number Out Of Home Placements [194] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) [194]	Economic Well-Being Number Of Children in Poverty [94]	Social Behavior Percent Births To Single Teens [193] No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions [193]
COUNTY 1990	H 0	0 0 01		n/a N 247 N n/a Tc		S	194 N	88.3 O

Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources * Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990)

THE STATE OF THE S 21,433 163,027 104 ... n/a Current Year 3,580 8,170 173,531 35,768 9.4 2,334 5,282 11.3 9 729 7.4 99 n/a ...9,529 151,105 9.85 3,456 49 0.46 20.1 11,029 29,473 STATE 5.8 n/a 218 1990 n/a 6.6 56 6



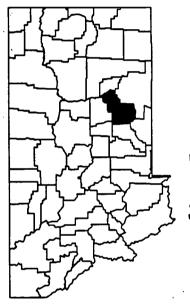


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Yellowstone

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Key Facts

1990 Census Data	Count	County 1990	Monta	Montana 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index	County 1993		Montana 199
Total Population	113,419		799,065	100.%	Resident live births		_	
Media income of families married comple*	£36,141		\$30.928		Births to mothers under age 20*	164 23.5%	5% 1,419	
Median income of families—mails only.*	418 878		\$19.821	•	Births to mothers under age 20 &	130 18.	18.7% 1,067	7 9.5%
Median income of families—finale of iny	410,070		612 446		not married [♠]			
Median income of families-temale only*	\$12,253		317,440		Right to mothers under see 20 &	6 59	93%	808 7.1%
Population under age 18	30,873	27.2%	222,104	27.8%	odination less than grade 12			
Minority population under age 18	3,059	6.6%	26,660	12.0%	concation to a main brace is			
Children under age 6 with both or only	5,963	60.5%	40,740	58.4%		,	000	1
parent in labor force					Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991	1992	1993
Children under age 18 with both or only	20,556	%0.69	141,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	27,319	26,39
parent in labor force	•				Percent of nersons in poverty*	15.5%	13.8%	14.9%
Children in single parent families	6,528	21.1%	43,005	19.4%	Percent of persons not covered			
Children under age 18 who are not living	1,718	2.6%	14,177	6.4%	by health insurance	12.8%	9.4%	15.3%
with a parent			•		Sexually transmitted disease cases			
Women in labor force with youngest child	4,521	16.6%	30,165	17.6%	among children & youth (0–19yrs)	n/a	905	725
under age 6					,			
Women in labor force with youngest child	6,504	24.0%	44,134	25.8%		(C)		
ages 6-17					7	3		
Children age 16-19 not in school and not	334	28.0%	2,279	28.9%	21	P		
in the labor force					_			
						7		•
Income Support Participation		County 19	1992 Mo	Montana 1994	Sources:			
				22.22	 Census & Economic Information Center, Department of Commerce, 		merce,	

ontani	ontana 1990	High Risk Family Formation Index County 1993 Montana 1993	County 1	1993	Montar	าล 1993
285	100%	Resident live births	697	100%	11,362	100%
928		Births to mothers under age 20 ⁴	164 23	23.5%	1,419	12.5%
821		Births to mothers under age 20 &		18.7%	1,067	9.5%
,446 .104	27.8%	Births to mothers under age 20 &	62 6	9.3%	808	7.1%
099	12.0%	education less than grade 12				
,740	58.4%	Other State Key Facts At A Glance	1991		1992	1993
,760	66.2%	Median income of households*	26,264	'	27,319	26,398
1	3	Percent of persons in poverty*	15.5%		13.8%	14.9%
,005 ,177	19.4% 6.4%	Percent of persons not covered by health insurance	12.8%		9.4%	15.3%
,165	17.6%	Sexually transmitted disease cases among children & youth (0-19yrs)	n/a		905	725
,134	25.8%		æ			
,279	28.9%	٥٧٧	390			
Mon	Montana 1004	\ \	,			
	Idila 1774	Sources:	ortmont of Co	mmerce		onlong
C	27 773	Census & Economic information Center, Department of Commerce,				

 Census & Economic Information Cent 	State of Montana	
ခ <u>ီ</u>	State	

22,223 36,389 39,131 16,687

2,612 4,045

Children under age 18 whose family received food stamps

Children under age 18 who received Medicaid

Children under age 18 whose family received AFDC

Average number of children under age 5 who received WIC per month

C 13 C

4,201



A project of Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies - The Montana Coalition. Funded through a grant from the Annie E. Casey Foundation

[■] AFDC, Food Stamp, Medicaid (1994), Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services, State of Montana

[▲] Department of Health & Environmental Sciences, State of Montana

[♦] Montana Health Care Authority

104

....49

26

5.8

Current Year

STATE

STATE

1990

21,433

9,529

8,170

n/a

163,027

151,105

n/a

2,334

COUNTY [Current Year]	6.7	811	3)234	1/497	263	23,994	1 6. 7	517	"n/a" 4,085	* Y 8	81 81 14:5
INDICATOR	Health Percent Low Birthweight Babies [193]	Number Of Child Deaths (Age. 1:14) [193]	Number Of Teen Violent Deaths (Age 15 - 19) [93] Avg. Number Of Cases For Child Medicaid [94]	Education Nümber Private School Enfollment 193-194	Number Home School Enrollment [93 - 94]	Total School Enrollment ['93 - '94]	Percent Chapter Remedia Education [93 - 94] Percent Special Education [93 - '94]	Security Number Out-Of-Home Placements ['94] Number Child-Abuse And Neglect (Confirmed) ['94]	Economic Well-Being Number Of Children in Poverty [94] Number Free And Reduced Meals ['94]	Social Behavior	Percent birds 10 311 Berteens 1,331 No. Alcohol & Drug Treatment Admissions ['93]* Percent Juvenile Crime (Age 10 - 17) ['93]*
COUNTY 1990	2.6	4	7 1/408	n/a	n/a	n/a	7.87	553	3,679		26 0.6

* Percent of all occurrences in the state (not comparable to 1990) Source: 1995 Montana KIDS COUNT Data Book - Data Notes and Sources

100 n/a 9.4 21.6 3)580 173,531 35,768 5,282 11.3 729 6 20.1 3,456 11,029 0.46 29,473 218

355

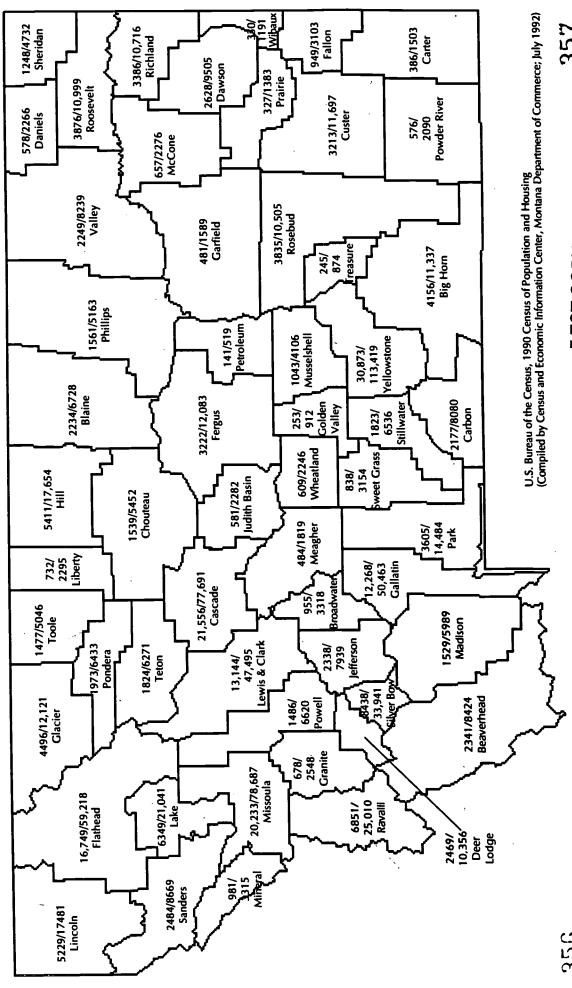
County Youth Population

...'

ERIC.

Youths (0-17)/Total Population for Montana Counties, 1990

State total=222,104/799,065





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